

2025

Nykredit Bank Annual Report

Nykredit

Nykredit Bank A/S

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Management Commentary



Financial review

Income

DKK 10,649 million

(2024: DKK 7,890 million)

Costs

DKK 5,938 million

(2024: DKK 3,578 million)

Profit before tax

DKK 4,711 million

(2024: DKK 4,585 million)

| Nykredit Bank Group | DKK million | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | H2 2025 | H1 2025 | H2 2024 |
| INCOME STATEMENT | | | | | | | | |
| Net interest income | 5,652 | 3,608 | 3,915 | 2,508 | 1,774 | 2,825 | 2,827 | 1,760 |
| Net fee income | 981 | 749 | 735 | 624 | 680 | 485 | 496 | 355 |
| Wealth management income | 2,795 | 2,678 | 2,368 | 2,279 | 2,324 | 1,442 | 1,353 | 1,336 |
| Net interest from capitalisation | 594 | 921 | 632 | (152) | (41) | 273 | 321 | 488 |
| Net income relating to customer benefits programmes ¹ | (36) | (58) | (96) | (140) | (72) | (6) | (30) | (33) |
| Trading, investment portfolio and other income | 664 | (8) | 295 | 973 | 1,246 | 672 | 88 | (17) |
| Income | 10,649 | 7,890 | 7,849 | 6,091 | 5,912 | 5,594 | 5,055 | 3,890 |
| Costs | 5,938 | 3,578 | 3,362 | 3,123 | 2,927 | 2,810 | 3,128 | 1,839 |
| Profit before impairment charges and legacy derivatives | 4,711 | 4,312 | 4,487 | 2,968 | 2,985 | 2,784 | 1,927 | 2,050 |
| Impairment charges for loans and advances | 111 | (175) | 62 | 396 | (120) | (164) | 275 | (63) |
| Legacy derivatives | 111 | 98 | 59 | 931 | 432 | 59 | 52 | (29) |
| Profit before tax for the period | 4,711 | 4,585 | 4,484 | 3,504 | 3,537 | 3,008 | 1,703 | 2,084 |
| Tax | 1,151 | 1,127 | 1,116 | 758 | 733 | 748 | 403 | 509 |
| Profit for the period | 3,560 | 3,457 | 3,367 | 2,746 | 2,804 | 2,259 | 1,301 | 1,574 |
| Minority interest | 216 | 111 | 65 | 61 | 45 | 121 | 95 | 74 |

¹ "Net income relating to customer benefits programmes" has been specified under "Alternative performance measures" on page 27.

Summary balance sheet

Profit as % of average equity (RoE)

8.0%

(2024: 8.7%)

Cost/income ratio

55.8%

(2024: 45.3%)

People (FTE)

1,171

(2024: 1,029)

DKK million

SUMMARY BALANCE SHEET

| Assets | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cash balances and receivables from credit institutions and central banks | 39,109 | 32,831 | 40,276 | 39,473 | 27,134 |
| Reverse repurchase lending | 54,655 | 44,026 | 33,965 | 37,970 | 50,900 |
| Loans, advances and other receivables at amortised cost | 112,824 | 103,279 | 94,375 | 86,735 | 74,513 |
| Bonds and equities etc | 32,655 | 44,308 | 49,499 | 57,818 | 40,029 |
| Remaining assets | 22,267 | 21,667 | 18,452 | 15,133 | 22,814 |
| Total assets | 261,510 | 246,110 | 236,568 | 237,129 | 215,390 |
| Liabilities and equity | | | | | |
| Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 33,907 | 40,183 | 44,960 | 50,660 | 52,833 |
| Repo deposits | 12,320 | 3,109 | 5,618 | 6,266 | 7,379 |
| Deposits and other payables | 135,104 | 121,812 | 114,333 | 107,426 | 92,895 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | 5,876 | 13,759 | 8,050 | 11,670 | 4,415 |
| Other non-derivative financial liabilities at fair value | 9,774 | 9,407 | 11,033 | 12,738 | 13,613 |
| Remaining liabilities | 19,640 | 16,697 | 14,870 | 14,087 | 10,711 |
| Provisions | 935 | 891 | 896 | 764 | 687 |
| Equity | 43,954 | 40,253 | 36,808 | 33,518 | 30,856 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 261,510 | 246,110 | 236,568 | 237,129 | 215,390 |
| FINANCIAL RATIOS¹ | | | | | |
| Profit for the period as % pa of average equity | 8.0 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 8.5 | 10.0 |
| Cost/income ratio (C/I), % | 55.8 | 45.3 | 42.8 | 51.3 | 49.5 |
| Total provisions for loan impairment and guarantees | 3,471 | 3,360 | 3,536 | 3,472 | 3,086 |
| Impairment charges for the period, % | 0.06 | (0.10) | 0.04 | 0.26 | (0.08) |
| Total capital ratio, % | 33.7 | 27.8 | 27.4 | 24.4 | 23.5 |
| Tier 1 capital ratio, % | 33.7 | 27.8 | 27.4 | 24.0 | 23.0 |
| Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio, % | 33.7 | 27.7 | 27.4 | 23.9 | 23.0 |
| Average number of staff, full-time equivalent | 1,171 | 1,029 | 1,022 | 1,021 | 974 |

Business overview

Nykredit Bank has two main business areas; Banking and Wealth Management.

Banking consists of Retail and Corporates & Institutions.

Retail offers banking services aimed at Nykredit's personal customers and SMEs, including agricultural customers. Retail also includes leasing activities.

Corporates & Institutions serves Nykredit's corporate and institutional clients, the public housing segment and large housing cooperatives. The division is also responsible for Nykredit Markets.

Wealth Management is responsible for the Group's asset management propositions and activities as well as portfolio administration services to institutional clients, foundations, municipalities, businesses and high-net-worth clients.

Previously, Nykredit Realkredit was the entity distributing mortgage loans. This role has now been taken over by Nykredit Bank.

The change resulted in a significant increase in Nykredit Bank's income and costs, as well as a significant increase in employees with full effect from 2026. However, this will have no earnings impact on the Nykredit Realkredit Group.

Nykredit Bank

Nykredit Bank holds a strong position in the Danish banking market and continued to enjoy positive momentum in 2025. Thanks to Nykredit's mutual ownership structure, we can offer our customers attractive terms, whilst also ensuring robust earnings.

Spar Nord

In May 2025, the Nykredit Group completed the acquisition of Spar Nord. However, the formal merger between Spar Nord and Nykredit Bank is scheduled for a later date in Q2 2026. The integration of Spar Nord signifies a strategically important step for the Nykredit Group. Overall, we are set to becoming Denmark's third-largest bank by lending volume. Spar Nord will further reinforce the Group's banking business with its local presence, deep relational skills and customer-centric advisory culture. The integration will be carried out with respect for the values and strengths that both banks bring to the table. As part of the Nykredit Group's overall merger plan, the wholly owned subsidiary Nykredit Leasing A/S will be merged into Nykredit Bank A/S on 23 February.

Banking

The overarching ambition of the Banking area is to provide our personal and business customers with financial security.

The acquisition of Spar Nord paves the way for continued growth, economies of scale and new opportunities for our customers. Building on the strengths of both banks, we aim to create Denmark's customer-owned relationship bank – with two strong brands on the outside and one efficient bank on the inside.

To achieve our goals, we must realise our strategic ambition to:

- be the customers' preferred bank across the personal and business segments
- provide the market's best value propositions to Danish homeowners and private banking clients
- attract more young customers – the future homeowners
- focus on large corporates – locally and nationally – and with Spar Nord, have a renewed focus on SMEs
- prioritise selected specialised business segments
- provide high quality advisory and financing solutions to the energy and infrastructure sector

Over time, Nykredit has transformed from a mortgage bank offering banking products to a banking-centric organisation, where mortgage products form an integrated part of broad-based, consolidated value creation. As a result of this transformation, the Bank is increasingly responsible for and manages primary customer relationships, enabling more efficient distribution of mortgage loans through the banking platform. To support the adjusted business model, Nykredit changed its distribution model in 2025, whereby employees of Nykredit Bank assumed responsibility for the distribution of mortgage loans. As a result, the primary employer of a large number of employees changed from Nykredit Realkredit to Nykredit Bank. This also made it possible for Nykredit Bank to use the same systems as the other To-talkredit partner banks, which was a key prerequisite for the successful integration of Spar Nord into Nykredit.

This strategic change has not only strengthened Nykredit's position as a leading market participant, but has also reduced process complexity and accelerated development through closer integration with shared infrastructure. This has enhanced customer experience and enabled a more efficient resource consumption.

Wealth Management

Wealth Management delivers products, concepts and advisory services to all Nykredit's customers within the areas of wealth planning such as investment and pension services. As a strategic priority, the business area aims to play an increasingly significant role in driving the Group's income.

Scalability, simplification and efficiency form the foundation for our strategic ambition.

To succeed in this ambition, efforts are focused on:

- better mobile and online investment solutions for personal customers, with improved market monitoring
- advisory services, products and concepts, giving customers even more and better opportunities to invest sustainably
- customer benefits in the form of a savings discount
- wider use of alternative investments.

These focus areas reflect our dedication to deliver innovative, sustainable and customer focused solutions. For example through the Sparinvest partnership, we are collaborating with a number of banks on investment products, and we distribute pension products in partnership with Nærpension – in both cases, our ambition is to offer attractive solutions within a strong partnership.

In 2025, Wealth Management was characterised by overall satisfactory growth despite market volatility. The increase in assets under management was primarily driven by positive investment returns. Wealth Management launched a number of initiatives in 2025 consolidating the Group's solid position in wealth and investment. Among other things, we launched a new investment fund Sparindex INDEX Europa Forsvar focusing on investments in the European defence industry. The goal was to offer our customers and our partner banks' customers an opportunity to invest

in a socially responsible agenda, which is increasingly gaining attention in the media and in customer dialogues. Additionally, we have further enhanced our value proposition for the next generation of affluent clients through different initiatives, highlighting our role as a relationship bank that connects generations. Looking ahead, we are on track to complete a comprehensive upgrade of our asset management platform by 2027. As part of this journey, we launched a new and enhanced investment universe in our online and mobile banking services at the beginning of 2025, ensuring a more seamless and efficient experience for our customers.

Making sustainable choices easier

We offer corporate clients advice on how to take a more systematic approach to sustainability with a view to increasing their positive impact, strengthening their resilience and risk mitigation while at the same time achieving improved ESG ratings. The Danish agricultural sector has set ambitious climate targets and a political agreement has been reached on the transformation of Danish agriculture. Our advisory services and financing are designed to promote the sustainable development of individual farms, and we offer all agricultural customers free access to the climate tool ESGreenTool if they prepare a climate action plan.

Customer benefits

Being a mutual financial provider, Nykredit has a unique opportunity to share its success with customers. To this end, Nykredit Bank's customer benefits programme includes a customer discount, a savings discount, a discount on bank home loans and a number of green benefits. The customer discount is offered to full-service customers as a discount on some of the charges paid during the year, and in proportion to their business with Nykredit. We offer a savings discount to full-service customers who invest through one of our wealth management proposition. The savings discount is 25% of the customer's direct investment management fee.

Financial performance

Nykredit Bank delivered a very satisfactory financial performance in 2025. Profit before impairment charges and legacy derivatives came to DKK 4,711 million (2024: DKK 4,312 million). Profit after tax for the year was DKK 3,560 million, which was marginally above guidance for 2025 (2024: DKK 3,457 million) compared with 2024 guidance of DKK 3.0-3.5 billion.

Results were positively impacted by the change of distributing entity regarding mortgage loans and growth in the balance sheet as opposed to the negative impact of lower interest rates and individual impairment provisions. In addition, extraordinary charges for provisions relating to the acquisition of Spar Nord Bank were recorded.

Nykredit Bank recorded lending and customer growth in 2025, loans and advances were up by DKK 9.6 billion to DKK 112.8 billion, and deposits excluding repo deposits rose by DKK 13.3 billion to DKK 135.1 billion.

Income

Income was DKK 10,649 million in 2025 (2024: DKK 7,890 million).

Net interest income amounted to DKK 5,652 million (2024: DKK 3,608 million). The development in net interest income was affected by higher bank lending and customer growth, yet declining margins in 2025. The net interest income was positively affected by the change of mortgage loan distributing entity.

Net fee income increased to DKK 981 million (2024: DKK 749 million), as a result of the change of distributing entity.

Wealth management income increased to DKK 2,795 million (2024: DKK 2,678 million), driven by asset management and performance.

Net interest from capitalisation, which comprises internal liquidity interest and interest on subordinated capital, was a gain of DKK 594 million (2024: gain of DKK 921 million). This was particularly driven by a lower interest rate level.

Trading, investment portfolio and other income, including value adjustments of swaps, amounted to DKK 664 million (2024: DKK a reversal of 8 million). The increase was mainly driven by the change of distributing entity as well as positive value adjustments of swaps.

Costs

Total costs amounted to DKK 5,938 million (2024: DKK 3,578 million). Comparability of the costs for the year and the prior year is limited due to the implementation of a new distribution model within the Group.

Setting aside this change of practice, the increase was mainly due to transaction and integration costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of Spar Nord. Costs also grew due to pay

raises and bonuses as well as inflation-driven pay raises across the Nykredit Bank Group.

The period also saw increased investments in digitisation and IT, which eg implies strategic investments in Nykredit's IT infrastructure and Wealth Management platform. The higher costs for pay raises etc were partially mitigated through streamlining, cost discipline as well as the discontinuance of nearly all contributions to the Danish Resolution Fund scheme.

The average number of full-time equivalent staff totalled 1,171 (2024: 1,029). The change in headcount is mainly due to transfer of employees from Nykredit Realkredit in connection with the new distribution model referred to earlier.

Results for H2 2025 relative to H1 2025

Profit after tax was DKK 2,259 million (H1 2025: DKK 1,301 million), corresponding to an increase of DKK 958 million. Profit before impairment charges and legacy derivatives came to DKK 2,784 million in H2 2025 (H1 2025: DKK 1,927 million).

Costs amounted to DKK 2,810 million (H1 2025: DKK 3,128 million).

Impairment charges for loans and advances were a reversal of DKK 164 million (H1 2025: DKK 275 million).

Value adjustment of legacy derivatives amounted to DKK 59 million in H2 2025 (H1 2025: DKK 52 million).

Loan impairments

Impairment charges for loans and advances represented 0.06% of lending in 2025 (2024: a reversal of 0.10%). Impairment charges for loans and advances came to DKK 111 million (2024: a reversal of DKK 175 million) owing to the continued strong performance of the Danish economy and customers' good credit quality but with individual impairment provisions for a limited number of customers. The individual impairment provisions were not indicative of an economic downturn or sector-specific trends but rather caused by customer-specific circumstances.

Legacy derivatives

Income from legacy derivatives was DKK 111 million in 2025 (2024: DKK 98 million). Legacy derivatives are derivatives that Nykredit no longer offers to customers. These value adjustments are not included in Profit before impairment charges and legacy derivatives.

Tax

Tax on profit for the year has been calculated at DKK 1,151 million (2024: DKK 1,127 million).

Dividend

It will be recommended for approval by the Annual General Meeting that no dividend be distributed for the financial year 2025.



Balance sheet

The balance sheet stood at DKK 261.5 billion in 2025 (end of 2024: DKK 246.1 billion).

Receivables from credit institutions and cash balances etc increased to DKK 39.1 billion (end of 2024: DKK 32.8 billion), and reverse repurchase lending increased by DKK 10.7 billion to DKK 54.7 billion (end of 2024: DKK 44.0 billion).

Lending at amortised cost (excluding reverse repurchase lending) rose by DKK 9.5 billion in 2025 to DKK 112.8 billion (end of 2024: DKK 103.3 billion).

Bond and equity portfolios totalled DKK 32.6 billion (end of 2024: DKK 44.3 billion). The bond portfolio may fluctuate significantly from one reporting year to another, which should be seen in the context of the Bank's repo activities, trading positions and general liquidity management. The same applies to balances with credit institutions.

Remaining assets were DKK 22.2 billion (end of 2024: DKK 21.7 billion).

In 2025, DKK 4.4 billion was attributable to positive market values of derivatives (end of 2024: DKK 6.2 billion). The positive market values related to customer activities in derivatives and positions for hedging own risk. The Bank's interest rate risk is widely hedged through offsetting interest rate swaps.

Payables to credit institutions and central banks decreased to DKK 33.9 billion (end of 2024: DKK 40.2 billion), while repo deposits increased by DKK 9.2 billion to DKK 12.3 billion (end of 2024: DKK 3.1 billion).

Deposits and other payables (excluding repo deposits) went up to DKK 135.1 billion (end of 2024: DKK 121.8 billion).

Bonds in issue totalled DKK 5.8 billion (end of 2024: DKK 13.8 billion). Nykredit Bank receives funding from its Parent, Nykredit Realkredit, by way of long-term intercompany loans. Nykredit

Realkredit funds such loans through the issuance of debt instruments. Other non-derivative financial liabilities at fair value, which include negative bond portfolios, for which the Bank has a repurchase obligation, came to DKK 9.8 billion (end of 2024: DKK 9.4 billion).

Remaining liabilities and provisions amounted to DKK 20.6 billion (end of 2024: DKK 17.7 billion). The item mainly consisted of interest and commission payable and negative market values of derivative financial instruments.

Outlook and guidance for 2026

Following the merger in 2026 with Spar Nord Bank, the Nykredit Bank Group is guiding for a profit after tax in the range of DKK 5.25-5.75 billion.

Guidance is based on the following assumptions:

- Increasing profit due to the effects of Spar Nord
- Ordinary costs are expected to increase due to general pay and price rises
- Impairments are expected to be higher than the exceptionally low levels of the past few year.

The main uncertainties applying to our 2026 guidance are related to geopolitical uncertainty as well as impairment charges for loans and advances.

Special accounting circumstances

Change of intercompany settlement model between Nykredit Realkredit A/S and Nykredit Bank A/S

The intercompany settlement model used by Nykredit Realkredit A/S and Nykredit Bank A/S has been changed as from 2025. Settlement is now based on a distribution agreement rather than a profit split principle. As a result of the change, the related income and costs have been transferred from Nykredit Realkredit A/S to the Nykredit Bank Group. This had an earnings impact of approximately DKK 150-200 million before tax per quarter for the Nykredit Bank Group and no impact on the earnings of the Nykredit Group. The change of intercompany settlement model is a result of the change of distributing entity regarding mortgage loans.

Other

Changes to the Executive Board

The most recent change was on 24 June 2025 when Carsten Levring Jakobsen, Managing Director, and Martin Kudsk Rasmussen, Managing Director, joined the Executive Board of Nykredit Bank A/S.

Material risks

Nykredit Bank's risk profile mainly relates to loans and credit facilities provided to personal and business customers. The Bank's business activities and investment portfolio management involve credit, market, liquidity and operational risks, including IT and compliance risks.

Nykredit Bank uses the internal ratings-based (IRB) model in its credit risk management and for the determination of the capital requirement for credit risk for the greater part of the loan portfolio. The determination of credit risk is based on three key parameters: Probability of Default (PD), Loss Given Default (LGD) and Exposure at Default (EAD). Please refer to "Impairments and lending" on page 14.

Nykredit Bank assumes various market risks through its business activities. Market risk is the risk of loss as a result of movements in financial markets and includes interest rate, yield spread, foreign exchange rates, equity price, and volatility risks. Market risk in Nykredit Bank consists of positions in trading and banking books, depending on the purpose of the relevant position. Portfolios with positions held for trading are placed in the trading book and mainly consist of covered bonds. Positions forming part of Nykredit Bank's lending activities are placed in the banking book.

Credit, market and operational risks are mitigated by having adequate capital. Liquidity risk is mitigated by holding a sufficient stock of liquid assets.

Nykredit Bank's risks are described in more detail in note 47, "Risk management" in Nykredit Bank's Annual Report 2024.

Uncertainty as to recognition and measurement

Measurement of certain assets and liabilities is based on accounting estimates made by Management.

Equity carried for accounting purposes totalled DKK 43,954 billion at the end of 2025 in the Nykredit Bank Group (end of 2024: DKK 40.2 billion)

Equity and own funds

Nykredit has its own capital policy and capital management to ensure the Nykredit Realkredit Group's flexibility and responsiveness, capital resources are primarily concentrated in the Parent, Nykredit Realkredit A/S.

The areas in which assumptions and estimates significant to the financial statements have been made include provisions for loan and receivable impairment and unlisted financial instruments see notes 1, accounting policies, and 3, accounting estimates, to which reference is made.

Events since the balance sheet date

No events have occurred in the period up to the presentation of the Annual Report for 2025 which materially affect Nykredit Bank's financial position on the balance sheet date.

After the balance sheet date, a merger plan relating to the merger between Nykredit Bank A/S and the wholly owned subsidiary Nykredit Leasing A/S was approved. The merger will be finally adopted on 23 February, with Nykredit Bank A/S as the continuing company.

In addition, the approval process relating to the merger between Nykredit Bank A/S and Spar Nord Bank A/S has been initiated. The merger will be finally adopted on 2 April with Nykredit Bank A/S as the continuing company. According to our accounting policies, intercompany mergers are carried out using the uniting-of-interests method and with accounting effect from 1 January 2026.

These events have no impact on the assessment of the Annual Report for 2025.

Capital

CET1 capital ratio

33.7%

(2024: 27.7%)

Total capital ratio

33.7%

(2024: 27.8%)

Internal capital adequacy requirement

10.7%

(2024: 10.7%)

Capital

The Nykredit Bank Group's own funds consist of CET1 capital. No AT1 capital and Tier 2 capital have been issued at this time.

In 2025, the Nykredit Bank Group's risk exposure amount (REA) totalled DKK 123.0 billion (end of 2024: DKK 136.9 billion). With own funds at DKK 41.5 billion, this corresponds to a total capital ratio of 33.7% (end of 2024: 27.8%). The CET1 capital ratio was 33.7% (end of 2024: 27.7%).

CRR3 entered into force on 1 January 2025, and as of this date the Nykredit Bank Group's capital requirements will be calculated under the new rules. These particularly impacted the calculation of credit risk, where REA declined to DKK 96.2 billion (end of 2024: DKK 110.9 billion).

Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital is the most important capital concept in the determination of capital, as this is the type of capital required to comply with most of the regulatory capital requirements. The Bank's CET1 capital amounted to DKK 41.5 billion (end of 2024: DKK 38.0 billion).

Pursuant to the Danish Financial Business Act, it is the responsibility of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board to ensure that Nykredit Bank has the required own funds. The required own funds are the minimum capital required, in Management's judgement, to cover all significant risks. This is estimated as 10.7% of the Nykredit Bank Group's risk exposure amount at the end of 2025.

Credit ratings

Nykredit Realkredit and Nykredit Bank have rating relationships with the international credit rating agencies S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings regarding the credit ratings of the companies and their funding. Note that Nykredit Bank is not issuer of listed securities as of 2025.

| | DKK million | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Nykredit Bank Group | | |
| | 31.12.2025 | 31.12.2024 |
| Capital and capital adequacy | | |
| Equity | 43,954 | 40,253 |
| Intangible assets and deferred tax assets | (1,840) | (1,827) |
| Other regulatory adjustments | (618) | (377) |
| Common Equity Tier 1 capital | 41,496 | 38,049 |
| Minority interests | 13 | 12 |
| Tier 1 capital | 41,509 | 38,060 |
| Minority interest | 18 | 15 |
| Own funds | 41,527 | 38,076 |
| CET1 capital ratio, % | 33.7 | 27.7 |
| Tier 1 capital ratio, % | 33.7 | 27.8 |
| Total capital ratio, % | 33.7 | 27.8 |
| Internal capital adequacy requirement (Pillar I and Pillar II), % | 10.7 | 10.7 |
| Credit risk | 96,248 | 110,925 |
| Market risk | 10,901 | 12,688 |
| Operational risk | 15,855 | 13,284 |
| Total risk exposure amount | 123,004 | 136,897 |

ESG ratings

ESG (Environmental, Social and Governance) ratings are a tool used by investors and other stakeholders to assess a company's position relative to sustainability, corporate responsibility and governance. Nykredit focuses its efforts on ESG rating agencies MSCI and Sustainalytics, which consider all ESG factors, and on CDP (formerly Carbon Disclosure Project), which focuses on environmental impact.

| ESG rating agency | Nykredit's rating |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| MSCI | AAA |
| Sustainalytics | Low risk |
| CDP | B |

Supervisory Diamond for banks

The Supervisory Diamond uses four key benchmarks to measure if a bank is operating at an elevated risk.

Nykredit Bank complied with all benchmark limits of the Supervisory Diamond model for banks at 31 December 2025.

| Nykredit Bank A/S Supervisory Diamond | 2025 | 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Large exposures (limit value <175%) | 114.1% | 120.6% |
| Lending growth (limit value <20%) | 9.6% | 9.8% |
| Property exposure (limit value <25%) | 8.4% | 10.1% |
| Liquidity benchmark (limit value >100%) | 194.5% | 246.8% |

| Issuer | S&P Global Ratings | | | Fitch Ratings | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------|---------|---------------|------------|---------|
| | Long-term | Short-term | Outlook | Long-term | Short-term | Outlook |
| Nykredit Bank A/S | | | | | | |
| Resolution Counterparty Rating | AA- | A-1+ | | | | |
| Issuer Credit Rating | A+ | A-1 | Stable | A+ | F1 | Stable |
| Senior preferred debt | A+ | A-1 | | | F1+ | |



Impairments and lending

Impairment charges for loans and advances were DKK 111 million in 2025 (2024: a reversal of DKK 175 million) owing to the continued strong performance of the Danish economy and customers' good credit quality but with large individual impairment provisions for a few business customers due to customer-specific circumstances.

Macroeconomic uncertainty

Geopolitical conditions and global economies have been challenged in recent years, with 2025 seeing renewed macroeconomic uncertainty sparked by US import tariffs and the prospect of trade wars, as well as increasing geopolitical tensions. These conditions are expected to affect the credit quality of some customers owing to weaker economic growth and consequential impact on the macroeconomic situation. Provisions related to macroeconomic uncertainty and trade wars are taken using stress test calculations, with stress simulations performed on stage 1 and stage 2 business customers. Certain business customers in the construction, retail, wholesale, rental, production and manufacturing sectors are expected to be affected by trade wars and the slowdown in economic growth. We have taken provisions of DKK 460 million for exposed sectors.

Similarly, forward-looking factors are incorporated into the staging process where customers' current credit quality is adjusted to reflect expectations regarding macroeconomic developments. Due to increased geopolitical and macroeconomic uncertainty in 2025, the macroeconomic scenarios applied have become less favourable and this has increased the number of customers in stage 2. The provisions, which are attributable to macroeconomic expectations of the impairment models, rose by DKK 22 million in 2025.

ESG

ESG entails transitory risks, which increase the risk of loss. Transitory risks cover among other things the risk associated with regulation in the form of carbon taxes and the Building Directive because the costs affect economic results and thereby the future rating of such sectors. Therefore a total of DKK 106 million has been reserved to manage this risk.

Expectations for macroeconomic models

Nykredit's impairment model calculations include forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios. The scenarios describe the expected development in economic indicators over a three-year period and reflect the uncertainty related to economic trends and include both improved and deteriorating outlooks. The scenarios were updated at end-2025 to reflect updated macroeconomic conditions and other resulting market conditions that are expected to impact, or have already to some extent impacted, the economy.

The main scenario carries a 60% weighting. The main scenario used for the impairment models implies expected GDP growth of 2.0% and house price rises of 3.6% in 2026.

The adverse scenario was included in the models with a weighting of 20%. This scenario implies expected GDP decline of 1.8% and house price decreases of 6.2% in 2026. The elevated geopolitical- and macroeconomic uncertainty led to more negative main and adverse scenarios in 2025 compared with 2024.

The improved scenario carries a 20% weighting and is based on the macroeconomic conditions observed at the date of this report. This scenario uses realised levels of interest rates, GDP, house prices and unemployment.

Post-model adjustments

Corrections and changes to assumptions in the impairment models are based on management judgement. In 2025, such post-model adjustments totalled DKK 547 million. The underlying reasons, eg economic trends and legal and process-related circumstances in the real estate sector may generally affect credit risk beyond the outcome derived on the basis of model-based impairments.

Local geographical conditions, internal process risk and ongoing monitoring of the loan portfolio may also reflect conditions which macroeconomic projections cannot capture. The estimates are adjusted and evaluated on a regular basis, and it is decided on an individual basis whether to phase out or incorporate an estimate into the models, if necessary. The chart outlines the post-model adjustments made.

Total post-model adjustments have seen a slight increase in levels during 2025. At the end of 2025, another DKK 460 million was added to the impairment models as in-model adjustments (IMA), where ex-posed sectors are stressed due to geopolitical tensions and trade war, resulting in a change of stage.

| | DKK million | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Nykredit Bank Group | 31.12.2025 | 31.12.2024 |
| Specific macroeconomic risks and process-related circumstances | | |
| Agriculture | 2 | 16 |
| Geopolitical tensions ¹ | 16 | 17 |
| Concentration risks in loan portfolios | 180 | 119 |
| Total macroeconomic risks | 198 | 152 |
| Process-related | 6 | 39 |
| Model changes | - | - |
| ESG | 106 | 81 |
| Haircuts | 33 | 26 |
| Other (results of controlling, haircuts etc) | 204 | 196 |
| Total process-related circumstances | 349 | 342 |
| Total post-model adjustments | 547 | 494 |

Nykredit Bank Group – In-model adjustments

| | DKK million | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Nykredit Bank Group | 31.12.2025 | 31.12.2024 |
| Specific macroeconomic risks | | |
| Geopolitical tensions and trade war | 460 | 569 |
| Total in-model adjustments | 460 | 569 |



Total provisions

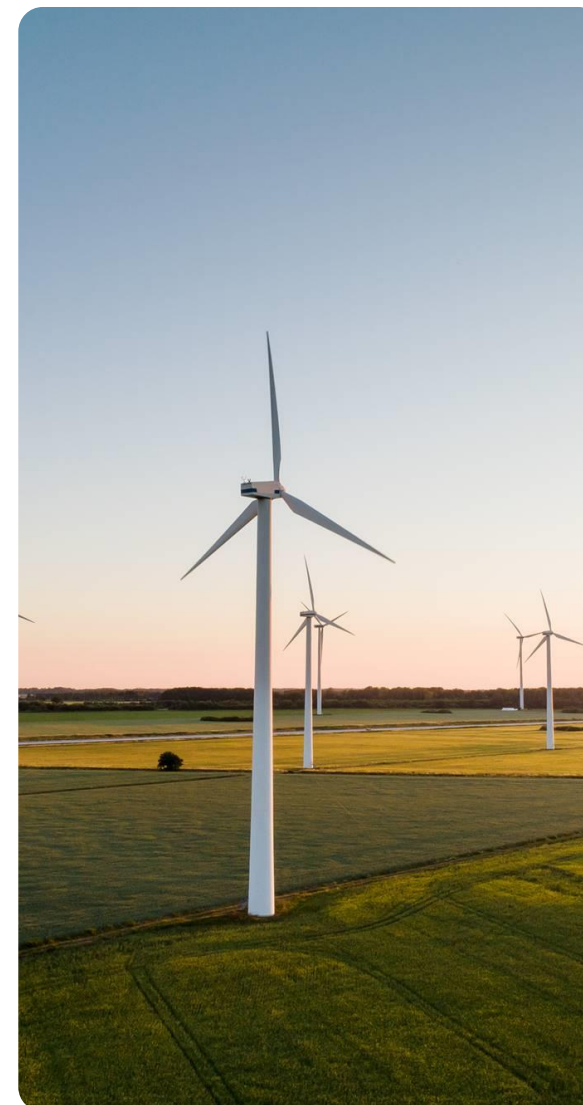
Total provisions increased to DKK 3,473 million in 2025 (end of 2024: DKK 3,361 million).

Provisions for guarantees and loan commitments amounted to DKK 248 million (end of 2024: DKK 302 million).

Earnings impact

Impairment charges for loans and advances amounted to DKK 111 million in 2025 (2024: a reversal of DKK 175 million). Of this amount, provisions for guarantees and loan commitments were a reversal of DKK 54 million (2024: reversal of DKK 26 million), and recoveries on loans and advances previously written off were DKK 20 million (2024: DKK 40 million).

| | DKK million | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 |
| Nykredit Bank Group | | |
| Provisions for loan impairment and guarantees | | |
| Impairment provisions, beginning of year | 3,059 | 3,208 |
| Impairment provisions and reversals | 166 | (149) |
| Impairment provisions, year-end | 3,225 | 3,059 |
| - of which impairment provisions for loans and advances etc | 3,224 | 3,058 |
| - of which impairment provisions for loans and advances to banks | 1 | 1 |
| Provisions for guarantees and loan commitments | | |
| Provisions, beginning of year | 302 | 328 |
| Provisions, year-end | 248 | 302 |
| Total provisions | 3,473 | 3,361 |
| Earnings impact | | |
| New impairment provisions and write-offs for the year, net | 185 | (109) |
| Recoveries on loans and advances previously written off | 20 | 40 |
| Total | 165 | (149) |
| Provisions for guarantees and loan commitments | (54) | (26) |
| Total earnings impact | 111 | (175) |



Loans, advances and guarantees by sector

The carrying amount of loans, advances and guarantees was DKK 196 billion (end of 2024: DKK 174.0 billion).

Finance and insurance remained the largest single sector exposure at DKK 62 billion (end of 2024: DKK 50.4 billion). The exposure comprised reverse repurchase lending with bonds serving as security.

Total lending for business customers increased by DKK 14.5 billion to DKK 160.2 billion (end of 2024: DKK 145.8 billion).

Total lending for personal customers increased by DKK 7.9 billion to DKK 35.6 billion (end of 2024: DKK 27.8 billion).

Nykredit Bank Group

Credit exposures in terms of bank lending, reverse repurchase lending and guarantees by sector¹

DKK million

| | 31.12.2025 | | | 31.12.2024 | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| | Lending, year-end | Total impairment provisions | Earnings impact | Lending, year-end | Total impairment provisions | Earnings impact |
| Public sector | 214 | 2 | 1 | 506 | 0 | 0 |
| Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing | 4,522 | 171 | 19 | 4,563 | 165 | (57) |
| Manufacturing, mining and quarrying | 23,198 | 614 | -266 | 20,043 | 871 | 110 |
| Energy supply | 11,044 | 278 | 198 | 6,722 | 28 | 5 |
| Construction | 2,330 | 127 | 33 | 3,223 | 127 | (21) |
| Trade | 15,203 | 908 | 61 | 16,362 | 886 | 28 |
| Transport, accommodation and food service activities | 6,946 | 288 | -36 | 8,344 | 325 | 66 |
| Information and communication | 5,515 | 68 | 16 | 6,825 | 54 | (5) |
| Finance and insurance | 62,038 | 48 | -4 | 50,351 | 60 | (4) |
| Real estate | 16,337 | 262 | -53 | 17,131 | 302 | (19) |
| Other | 13,135 | 386 | 141 | 12,194 | 201 | (30) |
| Total business customers | 160,267 | 3,149 | 108 | 145,763 | 3,019 | 75 |
| Personal customers | 35,639 | 321 | 1 | 27,773 | 340 | (250) |
| Total (excl credit institutions) | 196,120 | 3,471 | 110 | 174,042 | 3,360 | (175) |
| - of which intercompany guarantees | 14,593 | | | 14,279 | | |
| - of which provisions for losses under guarantees | | 248 | 54 | | 302 | 26 |
| Impairment provisions for credit institutions | | 1 | 0 | | 1 | 0 |
| Total Impairment | | 3,473 | 111 | | 3,361 | (175) |

¹As the breakdown is based on public sector statistics, it is not directly comparable with the Bank's business areas.

Organisation and management

The Board of Directors of Nykredit Bank is responsible for delimiting and monitoring Nykredit Bank's risks as well as approving the delegation of responsibilities and overall instructions. The Board of Directors has laid down guidelines and specific limits for the types of risk the Company may assume. These risk limits have been delegated within the organisation.

Nykredit Bank is subject to the Nykredit Group's coordinated risk management. Nykredit's organisational structure ensures that the risk management function is segregated from all risk-taking units and thus independent in relation to business-related decisions. Nykredit's risk management function performs Group-wide controls, monitors Group risks and prepares independent reports for Executive Boards and Boards of Directors on all risk areas. For further information please refer to nykredit.com/riskandcapitalmanagement

Organisation and responsibilities

Board Committees

The Board of Directors of Nykredit Realkredit A/S has appointed a Board Audit Committee, a Board Risk Committee, a Board Nomination Committee and a Board Remuneration Committee. These Committees advise the Board of Directors on particular matters and prepare cases for review by the entire Board of Directors, each within their field of responsibility.

Nykredit Bank A/S has not appointed similar committees, but the Board Committees appointed by Nykredit Realkredit A/S handle matters of relevance to the Group, including Nykredit Bank A/S.

Board Audit Committee

The Nykredit Group Board Audit Committee only reviews audit and accounting matters in Nykredit Realkredit A/S and Nykredit A/S. However, these matters are generally also of importance to the presentation of Nykredit Bank's Financial Statements.

The principal tasks of the Board Audit Committee are to inform the Board of Directors of the results of the statutory audit, to oversee the financial reporting process and the effectiveness of Nykredit's internal control systems, internal audit and risk management, to oversee the statutory audit of the financial statements, to monitor and verify the independence of the auditors, and to be responsible for the procedure for selecting and submitting a recommendation for the appointment of auditors.

The Board Audit Committee consists of Jørgen Høholt, former Banking Executive (Chair), Per W. Hallgren, CEO, Michael Demsitz, former CEO, and Preben Sunke, Director, who are all members of the Boards of Directors of Nykredit A/S and Nykredit Realkredit A/S elected by the General Meeting.

The Board Audit Committee held 8 meetings in 2025.

Board Risk Committee

The function of the Board Risk Committee is to oversee Nykredit's overall risk profile and strategy, including to assess the long-term capital requirement and the capital policy. It also assesses risks related to products, business model, remuneration structure and incentives as well as risk models and methodological basis. The Board Risk Committee assists the Board of Directors in overseeing that the risk appetite defined by the Board of Directors is implemented correctly in the organisation.

The Board Risk Committee consists of Per W. Hallgren, CEO (Chair), Vibeke Krag, former CEO, Jørgen Høholt, former Banking Executive, Torsten Hagen Jørgensen, Chief Executive Officer, and Lasse Nyby, former CEO, who are all members of the Boards of Directors of Nykredit A/S and Nykredit Realkredit A/S elected by the General Meeting.

The Board Risk Committee held 8 meetings in 2025.

Board Nomination Committee

The Board Nomination Committee is principally tasked with making recommendations to the Board of Directors of Nykredit Realkredit A/S on the nomination of candidates for its Board of Directors and Executive Board. The Board Nomination Committee consists of Merete Eldrup, former CEO (Chair), Michael Demsitz, former CEO, Per W. Hallgren, CEO, Preben Sunke, Director, and Lasse Nyby, former CEO, who are all members of the Boards of Directors of Nykredit A/S and Nykredit Realkredit A/S elected by the General Meeting.

The Board Nomination Committee held 5 meetings in 2025.

Board Remuneration Committee

The principal tasks of the Board Remuneration Committee are to qualify proposals for remuneration prior to consideration by the Board of Directors of Nykredit Realkredit A/S and to make recommendations in respect of Nykredit's remuneration policy, including guidelines on incentive pay, for the approval of the Board of Directors, as well as to assist in ensuring that these are observed.

The Board Remuneration Committee consists of Merete Eldrup, former CEO (Chair), Per W. Hallgren, CEO, Preben Sunke, Director, and Lasse Nyby, former CEO, who are all members of the Boards of Directors of Nykredit A/S and Nykredit Realkredit A/S elected by the General Meeting, as well as Inge Sand, who is staff-elected member of the Board of Directors of both companies.

The Board Remuneration Committee held 4 meetings in 2025.

Details on bonuses to risk takers, remuneration policy and practices are available at nykredit.com/remuneration

Non-Board committees

The Executive Boards of Nykredit Realkredit A/S and Nykredit Bank A/S have set up a number of non-Board committees, which perform specific tasks within selected fields. Each committee must report to the Executive Board, and the individual members may at any time request the Executive Board to decide on a case.

The Bank Credit Committee is charged with ensuring adequate credit risk management and approving credit applications and loan impairments, as well as overseeing the management of credit risks in the Nykredit Bank Group. At the Nykredit Realkredit Group level, the Group's Credit Committee, Executive Board and Board of Directors have an option to veto significant credit applications approved by the bank.

Any refusals will always be motivated by general Group risk management considerations. The Committee manages the Group's loan portfolio and submits recommendations on credit policies to the individual Executive Boards and Boards of Directors. The Committee lays down business procedures for the granting of credits within the limits of the guidelines laid down by the Group Executive Board and the Board of Directors. The Committee's remit covers Nykredit Realkredit A/S, Nykredit Bank A/S and Nykredit Leasing A/S.

The Asset/Liability Committee (ALCO) undertakes the day-to-day responsibilities and tasks of the Executive Board in the areas of capital, funding, liquidity and market risk according to guidelines approved by the Boards of Directors. The Committee has a governance mandate in these areas at Group as well as at company level. The Committee's remit covers Nykredit Realkredit A/S, Totalkredit A/S, Nykredit Bank A/S and Spar Nord Bank A/S.

The Group Risk Committee is charged with overseeing the Nykredit Group's overall risk profile and capital requirements in order to assist the individual Executive Boards and Boards of Directors of the Nykredit Group in ensuring compliance with current legislation and practice. The Committee's remit covers Nykredit Realkredit A/S, Totalkredit A/S, Nykredit Bank A/S, Spar Nord Bank A/S, Nykredit Portefølje Administration A/S and Nykredit Leasing A/S.

The Contingency Committee has the overall responsibility for compliance with IT security policy rules in relation to contingencies (major accidents and catastrophes) and the Group's entire spectrum of contingency plans covering IT as well as business aspects. The Committee's remit covers Nykredit A/S, Nykredit Realkredit A/S, Totalkredit A/S, Nykredit Bank A/S, Nykredit Portefølje Administration A/S, Nykredit Leasing A/S and Nykredit Mægler A/S.

The Products Committee's overarching objective is to ensure that the Nykredit Group's products meet applicable business and regulatory requirements. The Committee must ensure that any launch of new or changes to existing products and services, involving material risks for the Group, the individual companies, counterparties or customers, are in alignment with the business models of the individual companies and comply with the current product policy and the Executive Boards' guidelines for development and approval of new products and services. Further, the Committee must regularly monitor and evaluate the existing products and assess any need for changing or adjusting individual products or an entire product range. The Committee's remit covers the following entities: Nykredit Realkredit A/S, Totalkredit A/S, Nykredit Bank A/S, Nykredit Portefølje Administration A/S and Nykredit Leasing A/S as a combined Group Committee.

Nykredit Bank is represented on all Committees by a Managing Director of Nykredit Bank, and such Managing Director must actively approve resolutions in order for these to take effect with respect to Nykredit Bank.

Key intangible resources

Nykredit has a number of key intangible resources that are essential to our strategy of delivering competitive products to customers throughout Denmark. These resources are interconnected and crucial to Nykredit's success. They represent the unique benefits we bring to the market and that we will continue to develop.

- Our ownership structure provides us with a stable platform that promotes long-term thinking and strategic decision-making. This makes it possible to provide our customers with a number of benefits in the form of discounts and other advantages and ensures that our customers' interests are always at the centre of our efforts.

Our ownership structure also provides us with a financial foundation that enables us to offer customers services and products supporting their green initiatives.

- The Totalkredit partnership is key to our business model. Combined with our IT infrastructure, this enables Nykredit and its business partners to offer competitive housing financing solutions and strengthens our relationships with customers all over Denmark.
- Employees are our most valuable asset. Their expertise and commitment are crucial to providing the service and advice that characterise companies in the Nykredit Group, including Nykredit Bank.

Corporate Responsibility

Nykredit Bank is not an issuer of listed securities, and for 2025 it has chosen not to publish sustainability reporting as part of its Management Commentary in accordance with the exemption provision of section 156(8) etc of the Danish Executive Order on Financial Reports for Credit Institutions and Investment Firms, etc, which allows subsidiaries to omit sustainability information if the parent company, Nykredit Realkredit, Copenhagen, meets

the disclosure requirements in its consolidated management commentary for the entire Group.

The sustainability reporting of Nykredit Realkredit Group and the independent auditor's statement thereon have today been published as part of Nykredit Realkredit's Annual Report, which is available at www.nykredit.com

Nykredit Bank complies with the Nykredit Group's policy and objectives in this area.

- Communication on Progress to the UN Global Compact, which we signed in 2008.
- Report on the UN Principles for Responsible Banking launched and signed by us in 2019.
- Report on corporate responsibility in accordance with section 156 of the Danish Executive Order on Financial Reports for Credit Institutions and Investment Firms, etc.
- Report on the gender composition of management in accordance with section 152 of the Danish Executive Order on Financial Reports for Credit Institutions and Investment Firms, etc.
- Report on the Company's data ethics policy, see section 154 of the Danish Executive Order on Financial Reports for Credit Institutions and Investment Firms, etc.

Nykredit has endorsed the UN Principles for Responsible Banking (PRB), which are a set of global guiding principles for responsible banking. Banks worldwide undertake to respect the principles when developing strategies as well as in their day-to-day operations. Banks which endorse the PRB are also obliged to report and set goals for their impact on society in a number of key areas. The endorsement aligns with Nykredit's pledge to society and the customer-ownership structure as well as our sustainability commitment.

Corporate governance

Nykredit Bank complies with the Nykredit Group's objectives in this area. Information on Nykredit's organisation and corporate governance is available at nykredit.com/corporategovernance

Remuneration

Material risk takers

At end-2025 the Nykredit Bank Group had identified a total of 156 material risk takers in addition to the members of the Bank's Executive Board and Board of Directors, who are risk takers exclusively by virtue of their directorships and executive positions. Of the 156 material risk takers, 8 are Managing Directors of financial subsidiaries and 148 are other material risk takers. Of the 148 other material risk takers, 69 are on the payroll of Nykredit Bank, 22 are on the payroll of the Bank's subsidiaries, and 57 are on the payroll of Nykredit Realkredit A/S and Totalkredit A/S. The latter perform tasks across the Group companies.

Material risk takers are identified in compliance with EU regulation in this area.

Remuneration of material risk takers

Pursuant to the Danish Financial Business Act, material risk takers are subject to special restrictions, chiefly in relation to variable remuneration. Some of these restrictions are deferral of payout over a several-year period, partial payout through financial instruments subject to selling restrictions instead of cash payment and the possibility that Nykredit Bank A/S may retain the deferred amount under special circumstances.

The 2025 bonus provisions in respect of the Bank's Executive Board and other risk takers amounted to DKK 53 million (2024: DKK 50 million). The 2025 bonus provisions corresponded to 22% of their fixed salaries.

The total remuneration of risk-takers subject to variable remuneration appears from note 14.

Details on bonuses to risk takers, remuneration policy and practices are available at nykredit.com/remuneration

Bonus programmes

A general bonus programme applies to Nykredit's executives who report directly to the Group Executive Board.

This bonus programme also applies to the Bank's Executive Board. It is discretionary, which means that executives are not guaranteed a bonus. The bonus limit applying to an executive is fixed individually, but is subject to a maximum of six months' salary. Of the bonus amount, the payout of at least 40% is deferred over five years, and a considerable part of the bonus is paid out as remuneration bonds.

Special individual bonus programmes apply to some of our colleagues in Markets, Asset Management, Investments and Group Treasury who have major earnings responsibility, in line with market standards for such positions. The remuneration of these colleagues is based on their job performance. The 2025 bonus provisions in respect of these colleagues (excluding risk takers) amounted to DKK 57 million (2024: DKK 42 million). The 2025 bonus provisions corresponded to 37% of their fixed salaries.

Furthermore, programmes are used for executives and specialists responsible for the largest and most professional business customers and high-net-worth personal clients. The 2024 bonus provisions in respect of these colleagues (excluding risk takers) amounted to DKK 67 million (2024: DKK 64 million).

The 2025 bonus provisions corresponded to 27% of their combined fixed salaries.

Bonus programmes under which the variable remuneration component may reach up to 100% of the base salary apply to other members of management and a small number of colleagues in high-level positions or tasked with special projects.

The 2025 bonus provisions in respect of these colleagues (excluding risk takers) amounted to DKK 5 million (2024: DKK 3 million). The bonus provisions for 2025 corresponded to 15% of their fixed salaries.

The bonus programmes do not apply to other managers or colleagues, but they may receive individual one-off awards. For 2025 provisions of DKK 20 million had been made for one-off awards (2024: DKK 6 million). The 2025 provisions for one-off awards corresponded to 1% of the relevant group's fixed salaries.

Total provisions for bonuses and one-off awards for 2025 came to DKK 209 million (2024: DKK 167 million). The total provisions for bonuses and one-off awards for 2025 corresponded to 10% of total fixed salaries.

Internal controls and risk management systems

Nykredit's internal controls and risk management relating to the financial reporting process have been designed to efficiently manage and minimise the risk of errors and omissions in connection with financial reporting.

Financial reporting process

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have the overall responsibility for the financial reporting process and for compliance with relevant accounting legislation and any other regulation of financial reporting.

The financial reporting process is based on internal control and risk management systems, which together ensure that all relevant financial transactions are correctly reflected for accounting purposes and in financial statements. Nykredit Bank regularly reviews items in respect of which estimates may have a material impact on the value of assets and liabilities. The process is based on a number of fixed routines, including the planning process, which are prepared together with material business units, management support functions and the Executive Board.

Group Finance & Investments undertakes the Group's overall financial reporting and is responsible for ensuring that the Group's financial reporting complies with policies laid down and current legislation. Group Finance & Investments is also responsible for the day-to-day internal reporting in the Treasury and Markets areas.

Group Finance & Investments prepares monthly internal reports and performs budget control, which includes accounting for the monthly, quarterly and annual results. Further, Group Finance & Investments is responsible for the Group's external annual and interim financial reporting.

Control environment

Business procedures have been laid down and controls implemented for all material areas and high-risk areas, and overall principles and requirements for the preparation of business procedures and a process for the approval of business procedures in material risk areas have been established at Group level.

The Executive Board is responsible for risk delineation, management and monitoring.

In addition to this, the Board Audit Committee oversees the effectiveness of Nykredit's internal control systems, financial reporting, internal audit, and risk management (see page 17).

Risk assessment

The risk management of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board relating to the financial reporting process may generally be summarised as follows:

- Periodical review of risk and financial reporting, including IT systems, general procedures, and business procedures
- Review of the areas which include assumptions and estimates material to the financial statements, including unlisted financial instruments, and impairment charges for loans and advances
- Review of the business and financial development
- Review and approval of budgets and forecasts
- Review of annual and interim reports and other financial data
- Review of internal risk reports etc.
- Annual assessment of the risk of fraud.

Controls

The purpose of Nykredit's controls is to ensure that policies and guidelines laid down by the Executive Board and board of directors are observed, and to ensure timely prevention, detection and correction of any errors, deviations or omissions.

Business procedures have been laid down and controls implemented for all material and high-risk areas, and overall principles and requirements for the preparation of business procedures and a process for the approval of business procedures in material risk areas have been established at Nykredit Group level. The controls comprise manual and physical controls as well as general IT controls and automatic controls in the IT systems applied.

In connection with the preparation of financial statements, a number of fixed procedures and internal controls are performed. These procedures and controls include fixed analysis and reconciliation routines and compliance with fixed business procedures as well as ongoing dialogue with Nykredit's business units and management support functions for the purpose of obtaining a business assessment of the information in the financial statements.

Communication and information

The Board of Directors has adopted an overall communications policy, stating that Nykredit is committed to a transparent and credible business conduct – in compliance with legislation and the Stock Exchange Code of Ethics. The communications policy is reviewed once a year by the Board of Directors and was last revised in December 2025.

For further information on the Nykredit Group's risk and capital management, please refer to the publication Risk and Capital Management 2025, available at nykredit.com/riskandcapital-management.

Company details

Nykredit Bank A/S
Sundkrogsgade 25
DK-2150 Nordhavn

Tel: +45 44 55 18 00
CVR no: 10 51 96 08

Financial year: 1 January – 31 December

Municipality of registered office: Copenhagen

Website: nykredit.com

Date of approval of Financial Statements

These Financial Statements were approved on 4 February 2026.

External auditors

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
Dirch Passers Alle 36
2000 Frederiksberg
Denmark

Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on 23 February 2025.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Michael Rasmussen, Chair
Anders Jensen, Deputy Chair
Tonny Thierry Andersen
Kathrin Hattens*
David Hellemann
Susanne Møller Nielsen*
Pernille Sindby

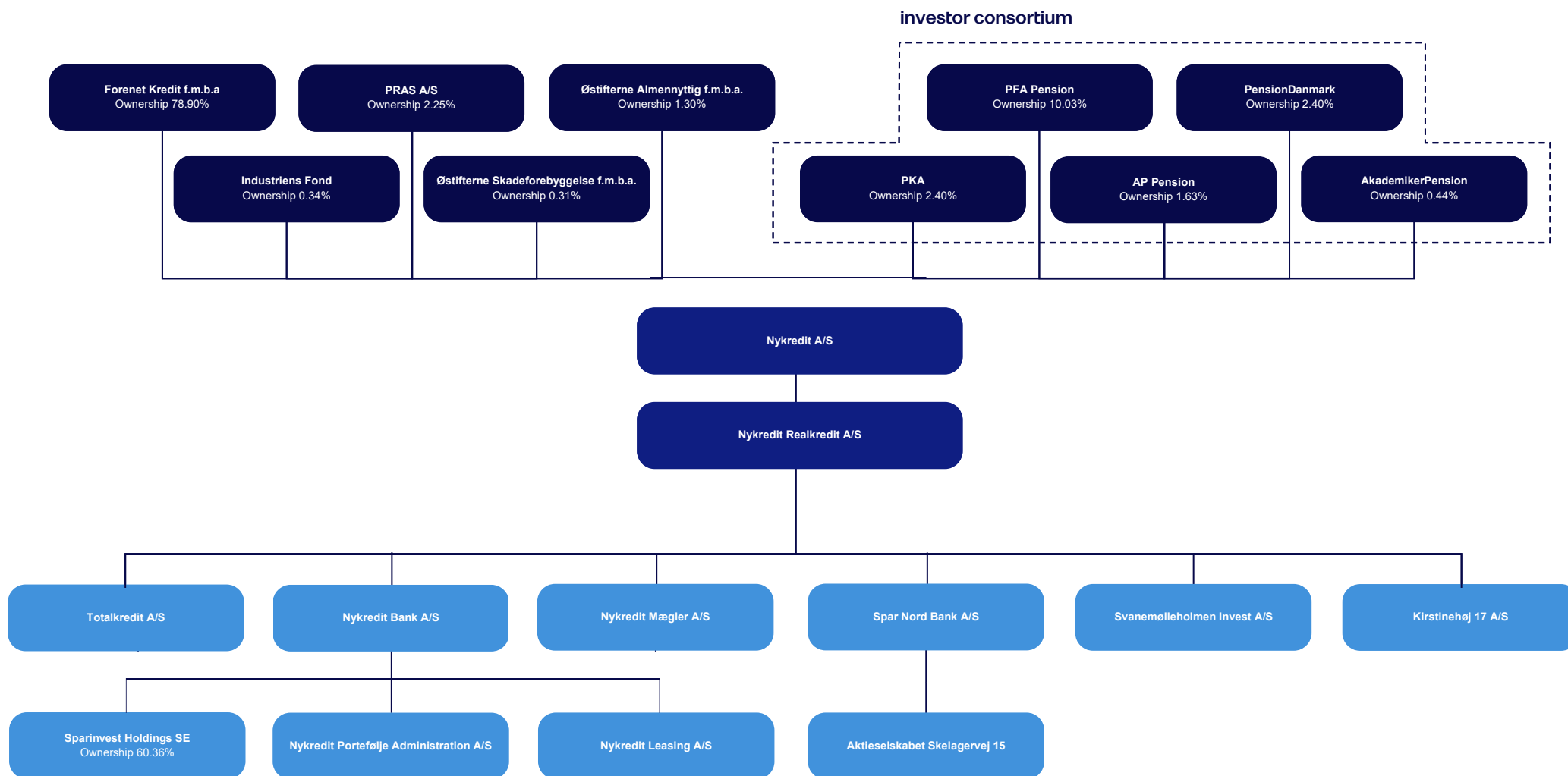
* Staff-elected member

EXECUTIVE BOARD

Søren Kviesgaard
Dan Sørensen
Carsten Levring Jakobsen
Martin Kudsk Rasmussen

See page 129 and 130 for directorships and executive positions of the members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Group structure



Alternative performance measures

In Management's opinion, the Management Commentary should be based on the internal management and business division reporting, which also forms part of Nykredit's financial governance. This will provide readers of the financial reports with information that is relevant to their assessment of Nykredit's financial performance.

The reclassification in note 4 shows the reconciliation between the presentation in the financial highlights table of the Management Commentary and the presentation in the Consolidated Financial Statements prepared according to the IFRS and includes:

"Net interest income" comprising interest income from bank lending and deposits. The corresponding item in the income statement includes all interest.

"Net fee income" comprising income from bank lending, service fees, provision of guarantees and leasing business etc.

"Wealth management income" comprising asset management and administration fees etc. This item pertains to business with customers conducted through the Group's entities Nykredit Markets, Nykredit Asset Management, Nykredit Portefølje Administration A/S and Sparinvest but where income is ascribed to the business divisions serving the customers.

"Net interest from capitalisation" comprising the risk-free interest attributable to equity and net interest from subordinated debt.

"Trading, investment portfolio and other income" comprising income from swaps and derivatives transactions currently offered. Nykredit Markets activities, repo deposits and lending, debt capital markets activities as well as other income and expenses not allocated to the business divisions.

"Net income relating to customer benefits programmes" comprising discounts etc such as mutual benefits granted to the customers, The amount includes contributions received.

"Costs" includes the following income statement items "Staff and administrative expenses", "Depreciation, amortisation and impairment charges for property, plant and equipment as well as intangible assets" and "Other operating expenses".

Supplementary financial ratios etc

In relation to the internal presentation of income, a number of supplementary financial ratios are included in the Management Commentary.

Profit (loss) for the year as % pa of average equity, Average equity is calculated on the basis of the value at the beginning of the year and at the end of all quarters of the year.

Costs/income ratio is calculated as the ratio of "Costs" to "Income".

Impairment charges for the year, %, Impairment charges are calculated based on impairment charges for loans and advances relative to loans and advances.

Management statement

Statement by Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today reviewed and approved the Annual Report for 1 January – 31 December 2025 of Nykredit Bank A/S and the Nykredit Bank Group.

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as adopted by the EU. The Financial Statements for Nykredit Bank A/S and the Management Commentary have been prepared in accordance with statutory requirements, including the Danish Financial Business Act.

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's assets, liabilities, equity and financial position at 31 December 2025 and of the results of the Group's and the Parent's operations and the Group's cash flows for the financial period 1 January – 31 December 2025.

Further, in our opinion, the Management Commentary gives a fair review of the development in the operations and financial circumstances of the Group and the Parent as well as a description of the material risk and uncertainty factors which may affect the Group and the Parent.

Copenhagen, 4 February 2026

Executive Board

Søren Kviesgaard

Dan Sørensen

Carsten Levring Jakobsen

Martin Kudsk Rasmussen

Board of Directors

Michael Rasmussen
Chair

Anders Jensen
Deputy Chair

Tonny Thierry Andersen

Pernille Sindby

David Hellemann

Susanne Møller Nielsen*

Kathrin Hattens*

* Staff-elected members

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Nykredit Bank A/S

Report on the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements and Parent Company Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements of Nykredit Bank A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2025, which comprise income statements, statements of comprehensive income, balance sheets, statement of changes in equity and notes, including material accounting policy information, for the Group and the Parent Company and a consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as adopted by the EU, and the parent company financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group at 31 December 2025 and of the results of the Group's operations and cash flows for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2025 in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as adopted by the EU.

Further, in our opinion the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Parent Company at 31 December 2025 and of the results of the Parent Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2025 in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act.

Our opinion is consistent with our long-form audit report to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements" (hereinafter collectively referred to as "the financial statements") section of our report. We

believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), as applicable to audits of financial statements of public interest entities, and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, to audits of financial statements of public interest entities. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

To the best of our knowledge, we have not provided any prohibited non-audit services as described in article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) no. 537/2014.

Appointment of auditor

We were initially appointed as auditor of Nykredit Bank A/S on 25 March 2021 for the financial year 2021. We have been reappointed annually by resolution of the general meeting for a total consecutive period of 5 years up until the financial year 2025.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year 2025. These matters were addressed during our audit of the financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon. We do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section, including in relation to the key audit matters below. Our audit included the design and performance of procedures to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

| Key audit matters | How our audit addressed the key audit matter |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>Measurement of loans and guarantees</p> <p>A significant part of the Group's assets consists of loans which entail a risk of loss in case of the customer's inability to pay. Also, the Group offers guarantees and other financial products also implying a risk of loss.</p> <p>The Group's total loans amounted to DKK 167,480 million at 31 December 2025, and total provisions for expected credit losses amounted to DKK 3,473 million at 31 December 2025.</p> <p>We consider the measurement of impairment provisions on loans and provisions for losses on guarantees, etc. (together "exposures") a key audit matter as the measurement implies significant amounts and management estimates. This concerns in particular the assessment of probability of default, staging and the assessment of indication of credit impairment, realisable value of collateral received as well as the customer's ability to pay in case of default.</p> <p>Significant exposures with high risk are assessed individually, whereas all other loans and loans with lower risk are assessed on the basis of models for expected credit losses where methods and assumptions used to assess the expected credit loss are based on assumptions and management estimates.</p> <p>The Group recognises additional impairment provisions based on management estimates in situations where the model-calculated and individually assessed impairment losses are not yet considered to reflect a specific loss risk ("in-model-adjustments" and "post-model-adjustments").</p> <p>Reference is made to the accounting policies and note 1 to the consolidated financial statements for a description of the Group's credit risks and a description of uncertainties and estimates where matters that may affect the statement of expected credit losses are described.</p> | <p>Based on our risk assessment and knowledge of the industry, we performed the following audit procedures regarding measurement of loans and guarantees:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Assessment of the Group's methods for measuring provisions for expected credit losses and whether methods applied for modelbased and individual measurement of expected credit losses are in accordance with IFRS 9. ■ Test of the Group's procedures and internal controls, including monitoring of exposures, stage allocation of exposures, recording of indications of credit impairment and recording and valuation of collateral. ■ Sample test of the largest and most risky exposures, including credit-impaired exposures. ■ For model-based impairments, we tested completeness and accuracy of input data, model assumptions, accuracy of calculations and the Group's validation of models and methods. ■ For management additions to individual and model-based impairments, we assessed whether the methods applied are relevant and appropriate. In addition, we assessed and tested the Group's basis for the assumptions used, including whether they are reasonable and well-founded compared to relevant bases of comparison. <p>We also assessed whether disclosures relating to exposures, impairment losses and credit risks meet the relevant accounting rules and tested the amounts therein (note 16, 17 and 47).</p> |

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on our procedures performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as adopted by the EU and for the preparation of parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act.

Moreover, Management is responsible for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Parent Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Parent Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained,

whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Parent Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements and the parent company financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance

in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

Copenhagen, 4 February 2026
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Lars Rhod Søndergaard
State Authorised
Public Accountant
mne28632

Rasmus Berntsen
State Authorised
Public Accountant
mne35461

STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | DKK million | | | |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| | | 2024 | 2025 | Note | Nykredit Bank Group 2025 |
| INCOME STATEMENTS | | | | | |
| 7,915 | 6,098 | Interest income based on the effective interest method | 8 | 6,299 | 8,178 |
| 782 | 288 | Other interest income | 8 | 306 | 812 |
| 4,680 | 2,581 | Interest expenses | 9 | 2,634 | 4,757 |
| 4,018 | 3,805 | Net interest income | | 3,971 | 4,233 |
| 4 | 1 | Dividend on equities etc | 10 | 2 | 5 |
| 2,246 | 4,372 | Fee and commission income | 11 | 6,058 | 3,817 |
| 1,035 | 671 | Fee and commission expenses | 12 | 810 | 1,175 |
| 5,233 | 7,507 | Net interest and fee income | | 9,221 | 6,880 |
| 834 | 1,090 | Value adjustments | 13 | 1,093 | 835 |
| 279 | 451 | Other operating income | | 441 | 268 |
| 2,875 | 5,252 | Staff and administrative expenses | 14 | 5,894 | 3,498 |
| - | - | Depreciation, amortisation and impairment charges for property, plant and equipment as well as intangible assets | 15 | 45 | 41 |
| 31 | 1 | Other operating expenses | | (0) | 39 |
| (228) | 113 | Impairment charges for loans, advances and receivables etc | 16, 17 | 111 | (175) |
| 578 | 545 | Profit from investments in associates and Group enterprises | 18 | 6 | 5 |
| 4,247 | 4,227 | Profit before tax | | 4,711 | 4,585 |
| 901 | 881 | Tax | 19 | 1,151 | 1,127 |
| 3,346 | 3,346 | Profit for the year | | 3,560 | 3,457 |
| Proposal for the distribution of profit | | | | | |
| 578 | 545 | Statutory reserves | | - | - |
| - | - | Minority interests calculated | | 215 | 111 |
| 2,768 | 2,801 | Retained earnings | | 3,346 | 3,346 |
| 3,346 | 3,346 | Profit for the year | | 3,560 | 3,457 |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | | | | | |
| 3,346 | 3,346 | Profit for the year | | 3,560 | 3,457 |
| - | - | Other comprehensive income | | - | - |
| 3,346 | 3,346 | Comprehensive income for the year | | 3,560 | 3,457 |
| Distribution of comprehensive income | | | | | |
| 3,346 | 3,346 | Nykredit Bank | | 3,346 | 3,346 |
| - | - | Minority interests calculated | | 215 | 111 |
| 3,346 | 3,346 | Comprehensive income for the year | | 3,560 | 3,457 |

BALANCE SHEETS

DKK million

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|
| 2024 | 2025 | | Note | 2025 | 2024 |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| 27,842 | 26,751 | Cash balances and demand deposits with central banks | 22 | 26,751 | 27,842 |
| 4,926 | 12,287 | Receivables from credit institutions and central banks | 23 | 12,358 | 4,989 |
| 143,315 | 163,443 | Loans, advances and other receivables at amortised cost | 24 | 167,480 | 147,305 |
| 43,438 | 31,790 | Bonds at fair value | 25 | 32,549 | 44,232 |
| 60 | 89 | Equities etc | 26 | 106 | 75 |
| 18 | 23 | Investments in associates | 27 | 23 | 18 |
| 2,691 | 2,695 | Investments in Group enterprises | 27 | - | - |
| 9,123 | 11,416 | Assets in pooled schemes | 28 | 11,416 | 9,123 |
| 1,770 | 1,770 | Intangible assets | 29 | 1,862 | 1,850 |
| LAND AND BUILDINGS | | | | | |
| - | - | Leased properties | 30 | 13 | 16 |
| - | - | Total leased properties | | 13 | 16 |
| - | - | Equipment | 30 | 1 | 1 |
| 23 | 0 | Current tax assets | 36 | 22 | 63 |
| 165 | 170 | Deferred tax assets | 37 | 170 | 166 |
| 10,170 | 8,366 | Other assets | 31 | 8,548 | 10,331 |
| 76 | 185 | Prepayments | | 212 | 99 |
| 243,616 | 258,984 | Total assets | | 261,510 | 246,110 |

BALANCE SHEETS

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | DKK million | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|
| 2024 | 2025 | | Note | 2025 | 2024 |
| | | LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | | |
| 40,183 | 33,907 | Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 32 | 33,907 | 40,183 |
| 125,596 | 148,186 | Deposits and other payables | 33 | 147,424 | 124,921 |
| 9,123 | 11,416 | Deposits in pooled schemes | | 11,416 | 9,123 |
| 11,634 | 3,751 | Bonds in issue at amortised cost | 34 | 5,876 | 13,759 |
| 9,410 | 9,777 | Other non-derivative financial liabilities at fair value | 35 | 9,774 | 9,407 |
| - | 0 | Current tax liabilities | 36 | 47 | 54 |
| 7,009 | 7,695 | Other liabilities | 38 | 8,172 | 7,515 |
| 0 | 0 | Deferred income | | 5 | 4 |
| 202,955 | 214,732 | Total payables | | 216,622 | 204,966 |
| | | Provisions | | | |
| - | - | Provisions for deferred tax | 37 | 337 | 317 |
| 302 | 248 | Provisions for losses under guarantees | 39 | 248 | 302 |
| 270 | 345 | Other provisions | 39 | 350 | 271 |
| 572 | 593 | Total provisions | | 935 | 891 |
| | | Equity | | | |
| 12,045 | 12,045 | Share capital | | 12,045 | 12,045 |
| | | Other reserves | | | |
| 1,951 | 1,988 | - statutory reserves | | - | - |
| 26,093 | 29,626 | - retained earnings | | 31,614 | 28,045 |
| 40,090 | 43,659 | Shareholder of Nykredit Bank A/S | | 43,659 | 40,090 |
| - | - | Minority interests | | 295 | 163 |
| 40,090 | 43,659 | Total equity | | 43,954 | 40,253 |
| 243,616 | 258,984 | Total liabilities and equity | | 261,510 | 246,110 |
| | | OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS | 40 | | |
| 26,731 | 28,633 | Contingent liabilities | | 28,640 | 26,738 |
| 10,879 | 13,448 | Other commitments | | 14,477 | 11,736 |
| 37,609 | 42,081 | Total | | 43,117 | 38,474 |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

| | Share capital ¹ | Retained earnings | Nykredit Bank Group's equity | Minority interests | Total equity |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| 2025 | | | | | |
| Equity, 1 January | 12,045 | 28,045 | 40,090 | 163 | 40,253 |
| Profit for the year | - | 3,346 | 3,346 | 215 | 3,560 |
| Total comprehensive income | - | 3,346 | 3,346 | 215 | 3,560 |
| Premium paid on acquisition of shares | - | 224 | 224 | - | 224 |
| Distributed dividend and adjustments | - | - | - | (84) | (84) |
| Total changes in equity | - | 3,570 | 3,570 | 132 | 3,701 |
| Equity, 31 December | 12,045 | 31,614 | 43,659 | 295 | 43,954 |
| 2024 | | | | | |
| Equity, 1 January | 12,045 | 24,651 | 36,696 | 112 | 36,808 |
| Profit for the year | - | 3,346 | 3,346 | 111 | 3,457 |
| Total comprehensive income | - | 3,346 | 3,346 | 111 | 3,457 |
| Premium paid on acquisition of shares | - | 47 | 47 | - | 47 |
| Distributed dividend and adjustments | - | - | - | (60) | (60) |
| Total changes in equity | - | 3,393 | 3,393 | 51 | 3,444 |
| Equity, 31 December | 12,045 | 28,045 | 40,090 | 163 | 40,253 |

¹ The share capital breaks down into shares in multiples of DKK 5 million. The share capital is wholly owned by Nykredit Realkredit A/S, Copenhagen, Denmark. Nykredit Bank is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of this company and the Consolidated Financial Statements of the association Forenet Kredit, Sundkrogsvej 25, DK-2150 Nordhavn, which owns 78.9% of Nykredit Realkredit A/S. The Financial Statements (in Danish) of Forenet Kredit f.m.b.a. may be obtained from the association.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

DKK million

Nykredit Bank A/S

| | Share capital ¹ | Statutory reserves | Retained earnings | Total equity |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 2025 | | | | |
| Equity, 1 January | 12,045 | 1,951 | 26,093 | 40,090 |
| Profit for the year | - | 545 | 2,801 | 3,346 |
| Total comprehensive income | - | 545 | 2,801 | 3,346 |
| Premium paid on acquisition of shares in subsidiary | - | - | 224 | 224 |
| Dividend received from subsidiaries | - | (502) | 502 | - |
| Other adjustments | - | (6) | 6 | - |
| Total changes in equity | - | 37 | 3,533 | 3,570 |
| Equity, 31 December | 12,045 | 1,988 | 29,626 | 43,659 |
| 2024 | | | | |
| Equity, 1 January | 12,045 | 1,849 | 22,801 | 36,696 |
| Profit for the year | - | 578 | 2,768 | 3,346 |
| Total comprehensive income | - | 578 | 2,768 | 3,346 |
| Premium paid on acquisition of shares in subsidiary | - | - | 47 | 47 |
| Dividend received from subsidiaries | - | (477) | 477 | - |
| Total changes in equity | - | 101 | 3,292 | 3,393 |
| Equity, 31 December | 12,045 | 1,951 | 26,093 | 40,090 |

¹ The share capital breaks down into shares in multiples of DKK 5 million. The share capital is wholly owned by Nykredit Realkredit A/S, Copenhagen, Denmark. Nykredit Bank is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of this company and the Consolidated Financial Statements of the association Forenet Kredit, Sundkrogsgade 25, DK-2150 Nordhavn, which owns 78.9% of Nykredit Realkredit A/S. The Financial Statements (in Danish) of Forenet Kredit f.m.b.a. may be obtained from the association.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

DKK million

| Nykredit Bank Group | 2025 | 2024 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| PROFIT FOR THE YEAR | 3,560 | 3,457 |
| Adjustments | | |
| Net interest income | (3,971) | (4,233) |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment charges for property, plant and equipment as well as intangible assets | 45 | 41 |
| Profit from investments in associates | (6) | (5) |
| Prepayments/deferred income, net | 131 | (135) |
| Impairment charges for loans, advances and receivables etc | (113) | (10) |
| Tax on profit for the year | 1,151 | 1,127 |
| Other adjustments | (116) | (165) |
| Total | 682 | 77 |
| Change in operating capital | | |
| Loans, advances and other receivables | (20,306) | (18,830) |
| Deposits and payables to credit institutions | 16,227 | 193 |
| Other operating capital | 2,807 | (2,996) |
| Total | (590) | (21,556) |
| Interest income received | 6,384 | 9,119 |
| Interest expenses paid | (2,389) | (4,920) |
| Corporation tax paid, net | (1,110) | (1,133) |
| Cash flows from the above operating activities | 2,295 | (18,490) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Acquisition of associates | (6) | (1) |
| Dividend received from associates | - | 5 |
| Purchase and sale of bonds and equities, net | 11,631 | 5,133 |
| Purchase of intangible assets | (54) | (14) |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | (1) | (0) |
| Total | 11,571 | 5,124 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Bonds in issue | (7,882) | 5,709 |
| Total | (7,882) | 5,709 |
| Total cash flows for the year | 5,984 | (7,658) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year: | 32,831 | 40,276 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment of cash | 295 | 213 |
| Total cash flows for the year | 5,984 | (7,658) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | 39,109 | 32,831 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year: | | |
| Cash balances and demand deposits with central banks | 26,751 | 27,842 |
| Receivables from credit institutions and central banks | 12,358 | 4,989 |
| Total | 39,109 | 32,831 |

NOTES

Nykredit Bank Group

| | | | |
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| 11. Fee and commission income | 56 | 46. Repo transactions and reverse repurchase lending | 101 |
| 12. Fee and commission expenses | 56 | 47. Risk management | 102 |
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| 28. Assets in pooled schemes | 81 | | |
| 29. Intangible assets | 81 | | |
| 30. Land and property | 83 | | |
| 31. Other assets | 85 | | |
| 32. Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 86 | | |
| 33. Deposits and other payables | 86 | | |
| 34. Bonds in issue at amortised cost | 86 | | |

Nykredit Bank Group

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

GENERAL

Nykredit Bank no longer issues securities but have decided to continue to prepare the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Accounting Standards) as adopted by the EU and in accordance with additional Danish disclosure requirements for annual reports as stated in the IFRS Executive Order governing financial companies issued pursuant to the Danish Financial Business Act.

All figures in the Annual Report are rounded to the nearest million Danish kroner (DKK), unless otherwise specified.

CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES, NEW AND AMENDED STANDARDS AS WELL AS INTERPRETATIONS ETC

New or amended standards:

In 2025, the following minor amendments to reporting standards etc have been implemented:

- IAS 21 (Amendment to the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates)

The implementation has not affected the financial reporting and the accounting policies which are unchanged compared with the Annual Report for 2024.

For more clarity and to reduce the number of note disclosures where figures and qualitative disclosures are considered immaterial to the Financial Statements, certain disclosures have been excluded

REPORTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS NOT YET IN FORCE

At the time of presentation of the Annual Report, new or amended standards and interpretations concerning

- Annual Improvements Volume 11
- IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 (Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments)
- IFRS 18 (Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (New standard))
- IFRS 19 (Subsidiaries without Public Accountability (New standard))

have not yet entered into force and/or had not been approved for use in the EU for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2025.

An assessment has been performed of the effects of new standards, amendments and interpretations. It has been concluded that all standards, amendments and interpretations effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2025 are either not relevant to Nykredit Bank or are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18, which replaces IAS 1. The standard becomes effective from the 2027 financial year and is expected to change the presentation of the income statement and introduce additional disclosure requirements.

Nykredit Bank assesses that IFRS 18, as well as other amended standards and interpretations that have not yet become effective, will not have a material impact on the financial statements.

CONSOLIDATION AND BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

The Consolidated Financial Statements include Nykredit Bank A/S (the Parent) as well as the enterprises controlled by Nykredit Bank A/S from the date on which Nykredit Bank A/S obtains direct or indirect control over the financial and operational management of the enterprise and receives a variable return.

The Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of the individual enterprises by combining items of a uniform nature. The financial statements applied for the consolidation are prepared in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. The financial statements of partly owned subsidiaries are fully consolidated, and minority interests' share of the Group's profit or loss and equity is stated as separate items in the income statement and under Group equity, respectively. All intercompany income and costs, dividends, intercompany shareholdings, intercompany derivatives and balances as well as realised and unrealised intercompany gains and losses are eliminated.

Divested enterprises are included up to the time of divestment.

Intercompany business combinations are made by applying the pooling-of-interests method.

OFFSETTING

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and presented as a net amount when the Group has a legally enforceable right of set-off and intends either to settle by way of netting or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Offsetting mostly takes place in connection with repo transactions and derivative financial instruments cleared through recognised clearing centres. Impairments are offset against the relevant assets (loans, advances and receivables etc as well as bonds).

CURRENCY

The Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK), which is the functional as well as the presentation currency of the Parent. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction date. Exchange gains and losses arising on the settlement of these transactions are recognised in "Value adjustments" through profit or loss.

On the balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Foreign currency translation adjustments are recognised in "Value adjustments" through profit or loss.

Currency translation differences arising on translation of non-monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in the income statement together with other fair value adjustment of the relevant items.

The financial statements of foreign entities are translated into Danish kroner at the exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date with respect to balance sheet items and at average exchange rates with respect to income statement items.

Nykredit Bank Group

HEDGE ACCOUNTING

The Nykredit Bank Group applies derivative financial instruments (interest rate swaps) to hedge interest rate risk on financial instruments measured at amortised cost. In Nykredit Bank, interest rate risk hedging (hedge accounting) remains subject to the IAS 39 rules.

Changes in the fair values of derivative financial instruments that are classified and qualify as fair value hedges of a recognised asset or liability are recognised in the income statement together with changes in the value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

The hedges are established for individual assets and liabilities and at portfolio level. The hedge accounting effectiveness is measured and assessed on a regular basis. If the criteria for hedge accounting are no longer met, the accumulated value adjustment of the hedged item is amortised over its residual life. Please also refer to note 48 on "Hedge accounting".

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments, including loans, advances and receivables, bonds in issue and other debt as well as derivative financial instruments represent more than 95% of the Group's assets as well as liabilities (end of 2024: 95%).

Recognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Group companies become a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised on the settlement date. With respect to financial instruments that are subsequently measured at fair value, changes in the fair value of instruments purchased or sold in the period between the trade date and the settlement date are recognised as financial assets or liabilities in "Other assets" and "Other liabilities", respectively, in the balance sheet and set off against "Value adjustments" in the income statement.

Assets measured at amortised cost following initial recognition are not value adjusted between the trade date and the settlement date.

Initially, financial instruments are recognised at fair value at the time of recognition. Financial instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value depending on the categorisation of the individual instrument. Financial instruments subsequently measured at amortised cost are recognised inclusive or exclusive of the transaction costs related to the origination of financial assets or liabilities.

Financial assets are derecognised when the right to receive or pay related cash flows has lapsed or been transferred, and the Group has transferred all risks and returns related to ownership in all material respects. Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, they are extinguished.

Classification and measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets are classified as follows:

- The asset is held to collect cash flows from payments of principal and interest (hold to collect business model). The Group carries out continuous SPPI tests (solely payments of principal and interest) and given that the characteristics of an asset meet the test criteria, the asset will be measured at amortised cost on initial recognition.
- The asset is held to collect cash flows from payments of principal and interest and sell the asset (hold to collect and sell business model). Given that the asset meets these criteria, it is measured at fair value with changes in value recognised through other comprehensive income with reclassification to the income statement on realisation of the assets. The Group had no financial instruments in this category in 2024 and 2025.
- Other financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss. These include assets managed on a fair value basis or held in the trading book, or assets which have contractual cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest on the amount outstanding, including derivative financial instruments. It is also possible to measure financial assets at fair value with value adjustment through profit or loss, when such measurement significantly reduces or eliminates an accounting mismatch that would otherwise have occurred on measurement of assets and liabilities or recognition of losses and gains on different bases.

The Group's financial assets and business models are continuously reviewed to ensure correct classification thereof. The review includes an assessment of whether collecting cash flows is a significant element of holding the assets, including whether the cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.

This assessment is based on the assumption that ordinary rights to prepay loans and/or extend loan terms fulfil the condition that the cash flows are based on collection of interest and principal payments, or that deviation therefrom is immaterial.

Generally, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost after initial recognition. Financial liabilities may also be measured at fair value if the instrument is part of an investment strategy or a risk management system based on fair values and is continuously stated at fair value in the reporting to Management, and when measurement at fair value reduces or eliminates an accounting mismatch. Derivative financial instruments, which are liabilities, are always measured at fair value.

Loans, advances and receivables as well as bonds and financial liabilities at amortised cost

Receivables from and payables to credit institutions and central banks, the Group's bank lending, part of the bond portfolio, corporate bonds in issue, a part of the senior debt in issue and subordinated debt as well as deposits and other payables are included in this category.

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These financial instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition inclusive or exclusive of transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition and subsequently at amortised cost. For loans, advances and receivables etc, amortised cost equals cost less principal payments, impairment provisions for losses and other accounting adjustments, including amortisation of any fees and transaction costs that form part of the effective interest of the instruments.

For liabilities, amortised cost equals the capitalised value using the effective interest method. Using this method, transaction costs are distributed over the life of the asset or liability.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss

Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value are recognised in "Value adjustments" through profit or loss for the period in which they arose. Value adjustment of mortgage loans attributable to credit risk is recognised in "Impairment charges for loans, advances and receivables etc" together with other impairment charges for loans and advances and provisions for guarantees.

Impairment charges for loans, advances and receivables

Impairments corresponding to expected credit losses are based on a classification of the individual loans in stages, reflecting the changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

- Stage 1 covers loans, advances and receivables etc measured at amortised cost without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. For this category, impairment provisions are made on initial recognition corresponding to the expected credit losses due to default in the first 12 months. If there is an insignificant change in credit risk, the impairment provisions will be adjusted but the exposure will be kept at stage 1.
- Stage 2 covers loans and advances etc with significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. For this category, impairment provisions are made corresponding to the expected credit losses over the time-to-maturity.
- Stage 3 covers loans and advances that are credit impaired, and which have been subject to individual provisioning on the specific assumption that the customers will default on their loans. For this category, impairment provisions are also made corresponding to the expected credit losses over the time-to-maturity.

Impairment calculations are based on continuous development of existing methods and models for impairment, taking into account forward-looking information and scenarios.

The definition of default is dictated by a customer's financial position and payment behaviour. An exposure is considered to be in default when a customer is in arrears with a significant amount at the time when a third reminder is sent, which will occur sooner than the rule of assumption of 90 days under the accounting rules. Exposures for which individual impairment provisions have been made or a direct loss has been incurred are also considered in default. These exposures are classified in stage 3.

In expected credit loss calculations, the time-to-maturity corresponds at a maximum to the contractual maturity, as adjustments are made for expected prepayments, as required. Nevertheless, for credit-impaired financial assets, the determination of expected losses is based on contractual maturity.

Stage 1 and stage 2 impairments

Model-based impairment in stages 1 and 2 is based on transformations of PD and LGD values to short term (12 months) or long term (remaining life of the product/cyclicality). The parameters are based on Nykredit's IRB models, and forward-looking information is determined according to the same principles as apply to regulatory capital and stress tests. For an immaterial fraction of portfolios with no IRB parameters, simple methods are used based on appropriate loss ratios.

A key element of the determination of impairment is establishing when a financial asset should be transferred from stage 1 to stage 2. The following principles apply:

- For assets/facilities with 12-month PD <1% at the time of granting: Increased PD for expected time-to-maturity of the financial asset of 100% and an increase in 12-month PD of 0.5 percentage points
- For assets/facilities with 12-month PD >1% at the time of granting: Increased PD for expected time-to-maturity of the financial asset of 100% or an increase in 12-month PD of 2.0 percentage points
- The Group considers that a significant increase in credit risk has occurred no later than when an asset is more than 30 days past due, unless special circumstances apply, or the customer's PD is above 5%.
- Customers with PDs less than 0.2% are included in stage 1. These are primarily very secure assets with credit ratings corresponding to AAA. In Nykredit Banks's portfolio this could be large listed companies or companies covered by guarantees etc.

In stages 1 and 2, impairments are based on a number of potential outcomes (scenarios) of a customer's financial situation. In addition to past experience, the models should reflect current conditions and future outlook at the balance sheet date. The inclusion of scenarios must be probability-weighted and unbiased. The macro scenarios are described in detail in note 47.

Stage 3 impairment

Individual reviews and risk assessments of significant loans, advances and receivables are performed regularly to determine whether these are impaired.

Stage 3 includes loans and advances etc where observations indicate that the asset is impaired. Most often, this is where:

- borrowers are experiencing considerable financial difficulties owing to eg changes in income, capital and wealth, leading to the assumption that they are unable to fulfil their obligations
- borrowers fail to meet their payment obligations or default on an obligation, implying non-performance
- there is an increased probability of a borrower's bankruptcy, or where borrowers are offered more lenient contractual terms (for example, interest rate and loan term) due to deterioration in the borrowers' financial circumstances.

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Relative to large stage 3 exposures, credit officers perform an individual assessment of scenarios as well as changes to credit losses etc. Relative to small stage 3 exposures, the credit loss is determined using a portfolio model according to the same principles as are used in an individual assessment.

Furthermore, model-based impairments are subject to a number of management judgement to allow for special risks and uncertainties not deemed to be covered by model-based impairment.

Differences between stages due to credit improvements

When the criteria for migration between stages due to increased credit risk or credit impairment are no longer present, impairment provisions will be reversed to the initial stages.

From stage 2 to stage 1 this could happen if the change in PD and/or arrears no longer meet the criteria described above.

The same applies to impairment provisions in stage 3, which will be transferred to stage 2 after a deferred period of at least three months if the conditions for credit impairment no longer apply.

Provisions in general

Impairment provisions for receivables with credit institutions, loans, advances, and receivables etc are taken to an allowance account and deducted from the relevant asset items. Similarly, provisions for financial guarantees and unutilised credit commitments are made under liabilities and equity.

Write-offs, changes in loan impairment provisions for the year and provisions for guarantees are charged to the income statement in "Impairment charges for loans, advances and receivables etc".

Where events subsequently occur showing a partial or complete impairment reduction, impairment provisions are reversed accordingly.

The Group amortises/depreciates a financial asset when reliable information indicates that the debtor is in serious financial difficulty and recovery seems unrealistic. Financial assets that have been written off may still be subject to enforcement in accordance with the Group's debt collection procedures, taking into consideration any legal advice where relevant. Recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

RECOGNITION, MEASUREMENT AND PRESENTATION IN GENERAL

Recognition and measurement

Assets and liabilities, which are financial instruments, are recognised when the Group companies become a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments, see "Financial instruments".

Regular way purchases and sales of financial instruments are recognised and derecognised on the settlement date. Fair value adjustments of unsettled financial instruments are recognised from the trade date to the settlement date if the financial asset is classified at fair value through profit or loss or at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Remaining assets are recognised in the balance sheet if it is probable as a result of a previous event that future economic benefits will flow to the Group, and if the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Remaining liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet if it is probable as a result of a previous event that future economic benefits will flow from the Group, and if the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustment of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost is recognised in the income statement for the period in which it arose.

All costs incurred by the Group are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment charges, provisions and reversals as a result of changed accounting estimates of amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Certain fees relating to financial instruments measured at amortised cost, are recognised (amortised) through profit and loss as the instrument is amortised.

Leases

Leases where the Nykredit Bank Group is the lessor are classified as finance leases when all material risk and returns associated with the title to an asset have been transferred to the lessee.

Receivables from the lessee under finance leases are included in "Loans, advances and other receivables at amortised cost". On initial recognition, receivables under finance leases are measured at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. Lease payments receivable are recognised in "Interest income" calculated as a return on the lease receivable or as principal of the lease receivable, respectively.

Direct costs of establishment of leases are recognised in the net investment.

Leases where the Group is the lessee include primarily leases (owner-occupied properties), which are recognised in the balance sheet as right-of-use assets (leasehold premises) as well as liabilities arising from those leases. The asset is depreciated over the course of its useful life, and the lease liability will be reduced by the principal amount, which is determined as the lease payments less the interest portion of the lease liability.

The lease term used to determine the rental obligation corresponds to the period in which the Group as lessee has the right to, and expects to, use the underlying assets. The assessment is made at portfolio basis with a rental period of 7 years on average for leases which have not been terminated. For leases which have been terminated or are expected to be terminated, the period reflects the remaining lease term.

The present value of the liability has been calculated using a discount rate equal to a risk-free swap rate and a Nykredit-specific credit risk charge which matches the loan term.

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The calculated interest on the liability is included in the income statement in "Interest expenses", while depreciation/amortisation is included in "Depreciation, amortisation and impairment charges for property, plant and equipment as well as intangible assets". The value of the leased asset is recognised in "Land and buildings", while the liability is included in the liability item "Other liabilities".

Repo deposits and reverse repurchase lending

Securities sold as part of repo transactions are retained in the appropriate principal balance sheet item, eg "Bonds". The amount received is recognised under payables in "Payables to credit institutions and central banks" or "Deposits and other payables".

Payment for securities acquired as part of reverse repurchase lending is recognised in "Receivables from credit institutions and central banks" or "Loans, advances and other receivables at amortised cost".

Where the Group resells assets received in connection with reverse repurchase lending, and where the Group is obliged to return the instruments, this liability is recognised at fair value and included in "Other non-derivative financial liabilities at fair value".

INCOME STATEMENT

Interest income and expenses etc

Interest income comprises interest and interest-like income, including interest-like commission received, and other income that forms an integral part of the effective interest of the underlying instruments. The item also includes interest payable or deductible relating to voluntary payment of tax on account and paid tax as well as index premiums on assets, forward premiums on securities and foreign exchange trades as well as adjustments over the life of financial assets measured at amortised cost and where the cost differs from the redemption price.

Interest income from loans and advances measured at amortised cost for which stage 3 impairment is made is included in "Interest income" at an amount reflecting the effective interest from the impaired value of loans and advances. Any interest income from the underlying loans and advances exceeding this amount is included in "Impairment charges for loans, advances and receivables".

Interest expenses comprise all interest-like expenses including adjustment over the life of financial liabilities measured at amortised cost and where the cost differs from the redemption price. Interest expenses also comprise transaction costs etc which are part of the effective interest of the underlying instruments if they are measured at amortised cost.

Fees and commissions

Fees and commissions comprise income and costs relating to services, including management fees. Fee income relating to services provided on a current basis is accrued over their terms.

For accounting purposes, fees, commissions and transaction costs relating to loans and advances measured at amortised cost are treated as interest if they form an integral part of the effective interest of a financial instrument. Non-interest expenses for customer benefits programmes are carried under fees and commissions.

Other operating income

"Other operating income" comprises operating income not attributable to other income statement items, including eg contributions received from Forenet Kredit.

Staff and administrative expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as social security costs, pensions etc. Termination benefits etc are recognised during the vesting period.

Tax

Tax for the year, consisting of current tax for the year and changes to deferred tax and adjustment of tax for previous years, is recognised in the income statement.

Current tax liabilities and current tax assets are recognised in the balance sheet as tax calculated on taxable income for the year adjusted for tax paid on account. The current tax for the year is calculated on the basis of the tax rates and rules prevailing on the balance sheet date. The Danish tax of the jointly taxed companies is payable in accordance with the scheme for payment of tax on account.

Based on the balance sheet liability method, deferred tax on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts and the tax base of an asset or liability is recognised.

Deferred tax is determined on the basis of the intended use of each asset or the settlement of each liability. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates expected to apply to temporary differences upon reversal and the tax rules prevailing on the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of any tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at the value at which they are expected to be realised, either by set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets for set-off against tax on future positive taxable income. On each balance sheet date, it is assessed whether it is probable that a deferred tax asset can be used.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to do so. The Nykredit Bank Group and the Nykredit Group's other companies are jointly taxed with Forenet Kredit. Current Danish corporation tax payable is distributed among the jointly taxed companies relative to their taxable income (full distribution subject to refund for tax losses).

ASSETS

Assets and liabilities in pooled schemes

Nykredit Bank A/S offers customers the opportunity to deposit funds in special deposit accounts ("Deposits in pooled schemes"). The Bank subsequently invests the funds in financial instruments. Returns on these investments accrue to the customers.

Legally, the assets belong to Nykredit Bank A/S and are therefore recognised in the balance sheets of the Bank and of the Group. The returns (positive as well as negative) on "Assets in pooled schemes" are recognised in "Value adjustments" in the income statement.

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As the returns ultimately accrue to the customers, offsetting value adjustments are made through profit or loss and a corresponding adjustment of the customers' deposit accounts. The value adjustments (net) do not affect profit or loss, and, at the same time, pooled assets and liabilities show identical balance sheet amounts.

Investments in associates

Investments in associates include enterprises that the Nykredit Realkredit Group does not control, but in which the Group exercises significant influence. Enterprises in which the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights are generally considered associates.

Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill comprises positive balances between the cost of enterprises acquired and the fair value of the net assets of such enterprises at the time of acquisition.

Goodwill is recognised at cost on initial recognition in the balance sheet and subsequently at cost less accumulated impairments.

Goodwill is tested for impairment once a year and is written down to the recoverable amount through profit or loss, if this is lower than the carrying amount. The recoverable amount is calculated as the present value of the future net cash flows expected from the cash-generating units to which the goodwill relates. Identification of cash-generating units is based on the management structure and the way the units are managed financially.

Goodwill impairment is reported in the income statement and is not reversed. Impairment testing and the assumptions used for testing are described in note 29.

Other intangible assets

Customer relationships are recognised at cost less accumulated amortisation. Customer relationships are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The amortisation period is 7 years.

Land and buildings including leased properties

Owner-occupied properties

Owner-occupied properties where the Group acts as lessee, are described under "Leases".

Equipment

Equipment is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment charges. Cost includes the purchase price and costs directly related to the acquisition up to the time when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is made on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of:

- Computer equipment and machinery etc up to five years
- Fixtures, equipment and cars up to five years
- Leasehold improvements; maximum term of the lease is 15 years.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The carrying amount of an asset is written down to the recoverable amount if the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on the divestment of property, plant and equipment are recognised in "Other operating income" or "Other operating expenses".

Assets in temporary possession

Assets in temporary possession include property, plant and equipment or groups thereof as well as investments in subsidiaries and associates in respect of which:

- the Group's possession is temporary only
- a sale is intended in the short term, and
- a sale is highly likely.

Liabilities directly attributable to the assets concerned are presented as liabilities relating to assets in temporary possession in the balance sheet.

Assets in temporary possession are measured at the lower of the carrying amount at the time of classification as assets in temporary possession and the fair value less selling costs. Assets are not depreciated or amortised once classified as assets in temporary possession.

Impairment arising on initial classification as assets in temporary possession and gains and losses on subsequent measurement at the lower of the carrying amount and the fair value less selling costs are recognised in "Impairment charges for loans, advances and receivables etc" in the income statement.

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Payables

Reference is made to the above description under "Financial instruments" for these items.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised where, as a result of an event having occurred on or before the balance sheet date, the Group has a legal or constructive obligation which can be measured reliably, and where it is probable that economic benefits must be given up to settle the obligation. Provisions are measured at Management's best estimate of the amount considered necessary to honour the obligation.

Provisions for restructuring costs

The Group has recognised provisions for restructuring costs relating to staff and onerous contracts. Provisions for restructuring costs are recognised, when the requirements of IAS 37 are deemed to be met, and the provisions represent Management's best judgement with respect to expected future costs.

Provisions for losses under guarantees etc

Provisions for losses under guarantees and unutilised credit commitments etc are recognised applying the same principles as are used for impairment charges for loans, advances and receivables. Reference is made to the preceding paragraph.

Bonds in issue at amortised cost

On initial recognition, bonds in issue are measured at fair value corresponding to consideration received less any costs incurred. Subsequently, the bonds in issue are measured at amortised cost.

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If a derivative financial hedging instrument measured at fair value is attached to bonds in issue, the bonds that are hedged by means of the derivative financial instrument will be subject to regular value adjustment. This way, the value adjustment of the hedged instrument and the hedging derivative financial instrument is made symmetrically.

Equity

Share capital

Shares in issue are classified as equity where there is no legal obligation to transfer cash or other assets to the shareholder.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprise reserves which are in principle distributable to the Company's shareholders. However, under the Danish Financial Business Act, distribution is subject to Nykredit Bank's compliance with the capital requirements applying to the Company and the Group.

Proposed dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is carried as a separate item in equity. Proposed dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the Annual General Meeting (time of declaration).

Minority interests

Minority interests comprise the share of a subsidiary's equity owned by other parties than the Group companies.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The consolidated cash flow statement is prepared according to the indirect method based on profit or loss for the year. The consolidated cash flow statement shows cash flows for the year stemming from:

- Operating activities
- Investing activities
- Financing activities.

Operating activities include the Group's principal and other activities which are not part of its investing or financing activities.

Investing activities comprise the purchase and sale of non-current assets and financial investments not included in cash and cash equivalents.

Financing activities comprise subordinated debt raised as well as redeemed, including the sale and purchase of self-issued subordinated debt, and payments to or from shareholders.

Furthermore, the cash flow statement shows the changes in the Group's cash and cash equivalents for the year and the Group's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of "Cash balances and demand deposits with central banks" and "Receivables from credit institutions and central banks".

SEGMENT INFORMATION AND PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Segment information is provided for business areas, and income and assets relating to foreign activities are specified.

Apart from activities related to Sparinvest SE, Luxembourg, Nykredit Bank has no significant business activities outside Denmark.

The business areas reflect Nykredit's organisation. Banking includes: Retail, which serves personal customers and SMEs (small and medium-sized enterprises). It also includes Corporates & Institutions, comprising activities with corporate and institutional clients, securities trading and derivatives trading. Wealth Management comprises wealth and asset management activities.

The income statement format of the financial highlights on page 4 and the business areas in note 5 reflect the internal management reporting presented to and evaluated by Management of the Nykredit Realkredit Group. Management does not perform separate assessments of the banking part of the business areas.

The reclassification in note 6 shows the reconciliation between the presentation in the financial highlights table of the Management Commentary and the presentation in the Consolidated Financial Statements prepared according to the IFRS and includes:

"Net interest income" comprising interest income from bank lending and deposits. The corresponding item in the income statement includes all interest.

"Net fee income" comprising income from bank lending, service fees, provision of guarantees and leasing business etc.

"Wealth management income" comprising asset management and administration fees etc. This item pertains to business with customers conducted through the Group's entities Nykredit Markets, Nykredit Asset Management and Nykredit Portefølje Administration A/S, but where income is ascribed to the business areas serving the customers.

"Net interest from capitalisation" comprising the risk-free interest attributable to equity and net interest from subordinated debt etc. Net interest is composed of the interest expenses related to debt, adjusted for the internal liquidity interest.

"Trading, investment portfolio and other income" comprising income from swaps and derivatives transactions currently offered, Nykredit Markets activities, repo deposits and lending, debt capital markets activities as well as other income and expenses not allocated to the business areas.

"Net income relating to customer benefits programmes" comprising bonuses paid to the customers. The amount includes contributions received. The change is aimed at presenting the earnings of the individual business areas excluding the impact of the customer benefits programmes while also presenting the impact on income of the programmes in a separate item.

"Trading, investment portfolio and other income" comprising eg income from swaps and derivatives transactions currently offered, Nykredit Markets activities, repo deposits and lending, debt capital markets activities as well as other income and expenses not allocated to the business areas.

Business areas are defined on the basis of differences in customer segments and services. Items not allocated to the business areas are included in Group Items.

Segment information is provided exclusively at Nykredit Bank Group level.

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ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLYING SPECIFICALLY TO THE PARENT

NYKREDIT BANK A/S

The Financial Statements of the Parent Nykredit Bank A/S are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act and the Danish FSA Executive Order on Financial Reports for Credit Institutions and Investment Firms, etc. (the Danish Executive Order on Financial Reports).

In all material respects, these rules comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the Group's accounting policies as described above.

Amendments to the Danish Executive Order on Financial Reports

Relative to the "Accounting policies" in the Financial Statements for 2024 no amendments to the Danish Executive Order on Financial Reports have been adopted in 2025 which affect our accounting policies.

Investments in Group enterprises etc

Investments in Group enterprises (subsidiaries) are recognised and measured according to the equity method.

The proportional ownership interest of the equity value of the enterprises less/plus unrealised intercompany gains and losses is recognised in "Investments in Group enterprises" in the Parent's balance sheet. Any positive difference between the total cost of investments in Group enterprises and the fair value of the net assets at the time of acquisition is recognised as goodwill in "Intangible assets" in the balance sheet.

Nykredit's share of the enterprises' profit or loss after tax and elimination of unrealised intercompany gains and losses less depreciation, amortisation and impairment charges is recognised in the Parent's income statement.

Total net revaluation of investments in Group enterprises is transferred to equity in "Statutory reserves" through the distribution of profit for the year.

Statutory reserves

The Parent's statutory reserves include value adjustment of investments in subsidiaries and associates (net revaluation according to the equity method). The reserves are reduced by dividend distribution to the Parent and are adjusted for other changes in the equity of subsidiaries and associates. The reserves are non-distributable.

EUROPEAN SINGLE ELECTRONIC FORMAT

EU REGULATION

2019/815 on the European Single Electronic Format (ESEF Regulation) requires companies preparing IFRS financial statements and being issuers of listed securities to make public financial reports approved by the board of directors in the ESEF format. Nykredit Bank A/S published its Annual Reports for 2020 to 2022 in the ESEF format.

In recent years, Nykredit Bank has not issued listed securities and has terminated issuance. As a result, the Financial Statements for 2023, 2024 and 2025 have not been presented in accordance with the ESEF Regulation.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ASSESSMENTS

When providing accounting policies, Management makes a number of assessments that may affect the Financial Statements. Significant assessments include:

Assessment of the time of recognition and derecognition of financial instruments and assessment of the business models which form the basis for classification of financial assets, including whether the contractual cash flows of a financial asset represent solely payments of principal and interest.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Financial Statements involves the use of qualified accounting estimates. These estimates and assessments are made by Nykredit's Management in accordance with accounting policies and based on past experience and an assessment of future conditions. The principles of using accounting estimates are unchanged relative to 2024.

Accounting estimates are tested and assessed regularly and at least annually. The estimates and assessments applied are based on assumptions which Management considers reasonable and realistic, but which are inherently uncertain and unpredictable.

Nykredit Bank relies on the subsidiary exemption in accordance with the CSRD and has not included sustainability reporting in its Management Commentary. Instead, reference is made to the reporting in the parent company, Nykredit Realkredit's Annual Report.

In addition to the assessment of the usual risks arising from operations and legislation, the Nykredit Group has made a special assessment of sustainability-related risks (current or future risks related to environmental, social and governance factors) (ESG) at Group level and their impact on the Financial Statements of its affiliated companies.

Nykredit has reviewed the Group's tangible and intangible assets without identifying potential risks that could affect the financial reporting for 2025. In this connection, it should be noted that the balance sheet value is relatively limited and that the Group, in all material respects, is the lessee of the properties from which Nykredit operates. If the domiciles are impacted by sudden environmental effects (flooding, etc), it has also been assessed that operations can be normalised relatively quickly, eg via remote work, and that any operating loss will be limited. Furthermore, IT operations are not believed to be materially impacted.

There are no immediate indications that the Financial Statements will be materially impacted by effects that are attributable to social or governance-related factors. Likewise, no conditions have been identified that require the Group to make special provisions for ESG-related obligations etc, eg environmental restoration or the closure of business locations and/or activities. The reason for this is partly that the Group's business model does not include its own operating activities that have a negative impact on the environment, etc.

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On the basis of the review, it has been assessed that primarily negative effects from the lending side will affect the Financial Statements. This is due to the fact that a number of the Group's customers are expected to be negatively affected by climate-related effects in the form of eg flooding, new taxes and regulatory changes that could affect the security of Nykredit's mortgages on properties etc, as well as the customers' current business models and profitability and thus credit quality. Provisions related to ESG amounted to DKK 106 million. Reference is made to Sustainability in the Management Commentary.

Areas implying a high degree of assessment or complexity or areas in which assumptions and estimates are material to the Financial Statements are:

Valuation of assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Valuation of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value is based on officially listed prices.

For financial instruments for which no listed prices in an active market or observable data are available, the valuation implies the use of significant estimates and assessments in connection with the choice of credit spread, maturity and extrapolation etc of each instrument. At the end of the year, no particular challenges had been established in connection with the identification and obtaining of the usual market data.

Particularly, the fair value measurement of unlisted derivative financial instruments involves significant estimates and assessments in connection with the choice of calculation methods and valuation and estimation techniques.

Note 42 specifies the methods applied to determine the carrying amounts and the specific uncertainties related to the fair value measurement of financial instruments.

The fair value of unlisted derivative financial instruments was 1.7% of the Group's assets at the end of 2025 (end of 2024: 2.5%).

Measured on the basis of level 2 or level 3 inputs of the fair value hierarchy, the fair value of financial assets was 14.0% and 0.0%, respectively, of the Group's balance sheet total at the end of 2025. Liabilities measured on the basis of level 2 or level 3 was 8.4% and 0.0%, respectively, of the total balance sheet.

The fair value of financial instruments for which no listed prices in an active market are available accounted for 14.0% of the Group's assets at the end of 2025 (end of 2024: 19.1%).

Measurement of loans and advances etc – impairments

12-month expected credit losses are initially recognised for loans and advances measured at amortised cost. The determination of such losses and the following years' developments in the credit quality of customers are to some extent based on a number of estimates. The same applies to the determination of loss, including the expected value of collateral security received, payments from customers and dividend in liquidation from estates in bankruptcy. Finally, the determination of the period in which the cash flows are received involves significant estimates.

In addition to the impairment models' calculations of impairment levels across stages, estimates are used to cover risks and conditions not yet incorporated into the models. The estimates are forward-looking and may either lead to adjustments in the models, for example, targeted at customers in selected sectors (in-model adjustments) or more broad-based management judgements subsequently distributed on customer and credit facility level (post-model adjustments). The latter is based on significant methodology choice and estimated assumptions.

At the end of the year, the post-model adjustments represented DKK 547 million (2024: DKK 494 million). The estimates are adjusted and evaluated on a regular basis.

The calculations and estimates are based on rationales and expectations rooted in internal and external assessments. Internal assessments could be analyses of sector conditions, model back testing, macroeconomic outlook or internal process-related circumstances. External assessments could be based on analyses and inspections by Danmarks Nationalbank and the Danish FSA, respectively.

Reference is made to note 47, which further describe impairment methodology, including the use of scenarios.

The estimates are assessed quarterly by Nykredit's senior management, who review the basis and rationale of the estimates. The estimates are updated on a quarterly basis and are subject to internal controls.

The most relevant areas in which management judgement is applied are described below. The methodology is presented to show how the provisions are allocated.

Agriculture

Milk, pork and plant producers are considered to be subject to a number of risks that are not yet reflected in customer ratings and impairments. The risks considered are the spread of swine fever and blue tongue, the price of piglets, the terms of trade between sales prices and cost of feed etc, environmental requirements and trading barriers, as well as the effect of rising interest rates.

Calculation and choice of methodology: Calculations are based on an estimate of the potential effects of the individual risks on agricultural customers' ratings and also an estimated probability rate that this risk will occur.

Impairments are distributed on agricultural customers in stages 1 and 2.

Nykredit Bank Group

Geopolitical conditions and macroeconomic uncertainty

Geopolitical tensions are expected to affect the credit quality. The macroeconomic landscape is returning to normal levels but uncertainty remains. Lagged effects of interest rate conditions, and supply chain disruptions might have an impact on certain customers.

Provisions related to geopolitical tensions are based on stress test calculations of three factors. Firstly, stress simulations have been performed for stage 1 and stage 2 business customers. Business customers in the construction, retail, wholesale, commercial rental, production and manufacturing sectors are also expected to be affected due to macroeconomic uncertainty. Thirdly, the property values of customers in stage 3 have been stressed to simulate a reduction in collateral values. We have taken provisions of DKK 460 million for exposed sectors.

Provisions related to macroeconomic uncertainty are based on stress test calculations of three factors. Firstly, stress simulations have been performed for stage 1 and stage 2 personal and business customers. We expect a drop in personal customers' discretionary incomes as a consequence of high inflation and rising interest rates. Secondly, business customers in the construction, retail, wholesale, commercial rental, production and manufacturing sectors are also expected to be affected due to inflation, scarcity of goods and rising interest rates. Thirdly, the property values of stage 3 customers have been stressed to simulate a reduction in collateral values.

Management overlay is distributed on personal and business customers across all stages.

Concentration risks

It is assessed that customers and some portfolios with potentially elevated credit risk have not yet been identified. These are homogeneous portfolios with significant lending. Such provisions are taken to counter significant new impairment charges for customers not currently written down for impairment in case of material changes in the customer's performance and/or the valuation of collateral.

Determination and choice of methodology: Results from the controlling reports are applied, and provisions for portfolios assessed to be relevant are scaled up.

These are distributed on business customers in stages 1 and 2.

Process-related risk (data)

Analyses and findings based on impairment model back testing, credit controlling and updated risk outlook from Danmarks Nationalbank are quantified.

Calculation and choice of methodology: Parameters are regularly back tested in Nykredit's impairment models. Any need for additional impairment provisions are recognised. Asset prices and interest rates etc are monitored regularly. Anomalies in the development could lead to management judgement in order to reduce any disproportionate effects.

This applies to the Group's entire portfolio.

ESG

Physical and transition risks related to ESG will be a challenge for Nykredit's business models in certain sectors and areas. At the same time, legislative measures may have a large impact on the Group's loan portfolio. On balance, the value of certain assets is expected to decrease.

Government efforts towards the green transition of heavy transport, new carbon taxes and new energy efficiency directives have been intensified, and new bills have been tabled. Conditions will further challenge customers' business models, increasing expected credit losses. Provisions related to related to ESG totalled DKK 106 million at the end of 2025 (end of 2024: DKK 81 million).

The provisions are based on a post-model adjustment (management judgement) to cover the loss expected beyond the outcome derived on the basis of model-based impairments

Model changes

Impact calculations are made for future changes to credit risk models. Any significant model-driven changes may imply additional impairment provisions.

Determination and choice of methodology: Coming changes to credit risk models are recalculated and quantified. Any need for additional impairment provisions are recognised as a management judgement.

This applies to the Group's entire portfolio.

Other factors

Other factors include results of controlling and general regular controls. Regular controls and spot checks in Nykredit Bank A/S, suggest that there could be factors which have not yet been registered in the credit risk management.

Determination and choice of methodology: Credit Controlling reports and analyses are scaled up for the entire portfolio.

This is distributed on customers in stages 1 and 2.

NOTES

| | | DKK million | |
|----------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 4. CAPITAL AND CAPITAL ADEQUACY | | | |
| 40,089 | 43,659 | 43,954 | 40,253 |
| - | - | (295) | (163) |
| 40,089 | 43,659 | 43,659 | 40,090 |
| (25) | (37) | (37) | (25) |
| (1,770) | (1,770) | (1,840) | (1,827) |
| - | - | 103 | 79 |
| (268) | (389) | (389) | (268) |
| (2,063) | (2,195) | (2,163) | (2,042) |
| 38,026 | 41,464 | 41,496 | 38,049 |
| - | - | 13 | 12 |
| - | - | 13 | 12 |
| 38,026 | 41,464 | 41,509 | 38,060 |
| - | - | 18 | 15 |
| 38,026 | 41,464 | 41,527 | 38,076 |
| 118,904 | 96,041 | 96,248 | 110,925 |
| 12,579 | 10,795 | 10,901 | 12,688 |
| 10,762 | 12,589 | 15,855 | 13,284 |
| 142,245 | 119,425 | 123,004 | 136,897 |
| Financial ratios | | | |
| 26.7 | 34.7 | 33.7 | 27.7 |
| 26.7 | 34.7 | 33.7 | 27.8 |
| 26.7 | 34.7 | 33.7 | 27.8 |

Capital and capital adequacy have been determined in accordance with the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR) and the Capital Requirements Directive (CRD) of the European Parliament and of the Council, as implemented in Danish legislation.

Nykredit has been designated as a systemically important financial institution (SIFI) by the Danish authorities. As a result, a special SIFI CET1 capital buffer requirement of 2% applies to Nykredit Bank. To this should be added the permanent buffer requirement of 2.5% in Denmark which must also be met with Common Equity Tier 1 capital. The countercyclical buffer is currently at 2.5% and consequently fully phased in. Moreover, upon recommendation from the Danish Systemic Risk Council, as at 30 June 2024 the Danish government has activated a sector-specific systemic risk buffer requirement of 7% of exposures to property companies in Denmark to be fulfilled using CET1 capital.

NOTES

Nykredit Bank Group

4. CAPITAL AND CAPITAL ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

As a subsidiary of Nykredit Realkredit A/S, Nykredit Bank is subject to the Nykredit Group's capital policy and management. Nykredit's objective is to maintain active lending activities regardless of economic trends, while retaining a competitive credit rating.

To ensure flexibility and leeway, an element of the capital policy is to concentrate capital to the widest extent possible in the Parent, Nykredit Realkredit A/S. Capital is contributed to subsidiaries, including Nykredit Bank, as required.

Stress tests and capital projection

Nykredit Bank conducts a large number of stress tests and capital projections. The tests are applied to determine required own funds, and the test results are included in the Board of Directors' annual assessment of the internal capital adequacy requirement as well as in the continuous capital planning.

The stress test calculations include the macroeconomic factors of greatest importance historically to the customers.

The most important macroeconomic factors identified are:

- Property prices
- Interest rates
- Unemployment
- GDP growth

Nykredit Bank operates with multiple scenarios of the economic development, including a baseline scenario and stress scenarios of varying severity, reflecting both a weaker economic climate and a severe recession.

In a weaker economic climate, the capital requirement for credit risk builds on correlations between the macroeconomic factors, the Probability of Default (PD) and Loss Given Default (LGD). Operating losses in a stress scenario increase the capital requirement, while operating profits are not included.

Baseline scenario

This scenario is a projection of the Danish economy based on Nykredit's assessment of the current economic climate.

Stress scenario: Severe recession

A central element of Nykredit's capital policy is to have sufficient own funds, also in the long term and in a severe recession. Nykredit continually calculates the impact of a severe recession combined with increasing or declining interest rates. The stress scenario reflects an exceptional, but plausible, macroeconomic stress scenario. The calculations are factored into the current assessments of capital targets going forward.

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

5. BUSINESS AREAS

The business areas reflect Nykredit's organisation and internal reporting. Banking includes: Retail, which serves personal customers and SMEs (small and medium-sized enterprises). It also includes Corporates & Institutions, comprising activities with corporate and institutional clients, securities trading and derivatives trading. Wealth Management comprises wealth and asset management activities.

| | Personal Banking | Business Banking | Total Retail | Corporates & Institutions | Total Banking | Wealth Management | Group Items | Total |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Results | | | | | | | | |
| 2025 | | | | | | | | |
| Results by business area | | | | | | | | |
| Net interest income | 1,758 | 1,883 | 3,641 | 1,692 | 5,332 | 336 | (17) | 5,652 |
| Net fee income | 218 | 338 | 556 | 407 | 964 | 26 | (9) | 981 |
| Wealth management income | 600 | 134 | 734 | 167 | 901 | 1,857 | 37 | 2,795 |
| Net interest from capitalisation | 43 | 109 | 152 | 124 | 276 | 20 | 298 | 594 |
| Net income relating to customer benefits programmes ¹ | - | - | - | - | - | - | (36) | (36) |
| Trading, investment portfolio and other income | 50 | 123 | 173 | 380 | 554 | 56 | 54 | 664 |
| Income | 2,669 | 2,587 | 5,256 | 2,771 | 8,027 | 2,295 | 327 | 10,649 |
| Costs | 2,196 | 1,182 | 3,378 | 823 | 4,202 | 1,132 | 604 | 5,938 |
| Profit (loss) before impairment charges and legacy derivatives | 473 | 1,405 | 1,878 | 1,947 | 3,825 | 1,163 | (277) | 4,711 |
| Impairment charges for loans and advances | 8 | (221) | (213) | 315 | 102 | 16 | (7) | 111 |
| Legacy derivatives | 2 | 69 | 71 | 40 | 111 | - | - | 111 |
| Profit (loss) before tax | 467 | 1,695 | 2,162 | 1,673 | 3,835 | 1,147 | (271) | 4,711 |
| Of which transactions between the business areas | (1,379) | (980) | (2,359) | (267) | (2,626) | (1,128) | 3,754 | - |
| Average allocated business capital | 3,338 | 8,195 | 11,533 | 9,795 | 21,328 | 1,641 | 767 | 23,735 |
| Profit before tax as % of average business capital | 14.0 | 20.7 | 18.7 | 17.1 | 18.0 | 69.9 | (35.3) | 19.8 |
| BALANCE SHEET | | | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Reverse repurchase lending at amortised cost | - | - | - | - | - | - | 54,655 | 54,655 |
| Loans and advances at amortised cost | 19,796 | 35,092 | 54,888 | 51,474 | 106,362 | 6,462 | - | 112,824 |
| Assets by business area | 19,796 | 35,092 | 54,888 | 51,474 | 106,362 | 6,462 | 54,655 | 167,480 |
| Unallocated assets | | | | | | | | 94,031 |
| Total assets | | | | | | | | 261,510 |
| Liabilities and equity | | | | | | | | |
| Repo deposits at amortised cost | - | - | - | - | - | - | 12,320 | 12,320 |
| Deposits and other payables at amortised cost | 60,067 | 35,066 | 95,133 | 15,796 | 110,929 | 20,012 | 4,163 | 135,104 |
| Liabilities by business area | 60,067 | 35,066 | 95,133 | 15,796 | 110,929 | 20,012 | 16,483 | 147,424 |
| Unallocated liabilities | | | | | | | | 70,132 |
| Equity | | | | | | | | 43,954 |
| Total liabilities and equity | | | | | | | | 261,510 |

¹ The item comprises contributions and discounts relating to Nykredit's benefits programmes, see "Alternative performance measures".

Geographical markets

International income came to DKK 358 million (2024: DKK 300 million). The income derives from investment activities in Sparinvest Holdings SE in Luxembourg.

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

5. BUSINESS AREAS (CONTINUED)

The business areas reflect Nykredit's organisation and internal reporting. Banking includes: Retail, which serves personal customers and SMEs (small and medium-sized enterprises). It also includes Corporates & Institutions, comprising activities with corporate and institutional clients, securities trading and derivatives trading. Wealth Management comprises wealth and asset management activities.

| | Personal Banking | Business Banking | Total Retail | Corporates & Institutions | Total Banking | Wealth Management | Group Items | Total |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Results | | | | | | | | |
| 2024 | | | | | | | | |
| Results by business area | | | | | | | | |
| Net interest income | 1,051 | 1,332 | 2,383 | 958 | 3,341 | 262 | 5 | 3,608 |
| Net fee income | 171 | 208 | 379 | 363 | 742 | 15 | (8) | 749 |
| Wealth management income | 541 | 140 | 681 | 200 | 881 | 1,766 | 32 | 2,678 |
| Net interest from capitalisation | 104 | 279 | 383 | 405 | 788 | 54 | 78 | 921 |
| Net income relating to customer benefits programmes ¹ | - | - | - | - | - | - | (58) | (58) |
| Trading, investment portfolio and other income | (65) | (199) | (264) | 373 | 109 | 176 | (293) | (8) |
| Income | 1,803 | 1,760 | 3,563 | 2,299 | 5,861 | 2,273 | (244) | 7,890 |
| Costs | 1,151 | 500 | 1,651 | 655 | 2,305 | 1,089 | 183 | 3,578 |
| Profit (loss) before impairment charges and legacy derivatives | 652 | 1,260 | 1,912 | 1,644 | 3,556 | 1,184 | (428) | 4,312 |
| Impairment charges for loans and advances | (293) | 163 | (130) | (29) | (159) | (13) | (2) | (175) |
| Legacy derivatives | 3 | 36 | 39 | 59 | 98 | - | - | 98 |
| Profit (loss) before tax | 948 | 1,133 | 2,081 | 1,732 | 3,813 | 1,198 | (426) | 4,585 |
| Of which transactions between the business areas | (980) | (428) | (1,408) | (295) | (1,703) | (281) | 1,984 | - |
| Average allocated business capital | 3,040 | 7,752 | 10,792 | 11,283 | 22,074 | 1,636 | 760 | 24,471 |
| Profit before tax as % of average business capital | 31.2 | 14.6 | 19.3 | 15.4 | 17.3 | 73.2 | (56.1) | 18.7 |
| BALANCE SHEET | | | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Reverse repurchase lending at amortised cost | - | - | - | - | - | - | 44,026 | 44,026 |
| Loans and advances at amortised cost | 15,486 | 35,008 | 50,494 | 47,138 | 97,632 | 5,604 | 42 | 103,279 |
| Assets by business area | 15,486 | 35,008 | 50,494 | 47,138 | 97,632 | 5,604 | 44,068 | 147,305 |
| Unallocated assets | | | | | | | | 98,805 |
| Total assets | | | | | | | | 246,110 |
| Liabilities and equity | | | | | | | | |
| Repo deposits at amortised cost | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,109 | 3,109 |
| Deposits and other payables at amortised cost | 53,160 | 29,491 | 82,651 | 16,736 | 99,387 | 17,236 | 5,189 | 121,812 |
| Liabilities by business area | 53,160 | 29,491 | 82,651 | 16,736 | 99,387 | 17,236 | 8,297 | 124,921 |
| Unallocated liabilities | | | | | | | | 80,936 |
| Equity | | | | | | | | 40,253 |
| Total liabilities and equity | | | | | | | | 246,110 |

¹ The item comprises contributions and discounts relating to Nykredit's benefits programmes, see "Alternative performance measures".

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

6. RECONCILIATION OF INTERNAL AND REGULATORY INCOME STATEMENT

| | 2025 | | | 2024 | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Earnings presentation in Management Commentary | Reclassification | Income statement | Earnings presentation in Management Commentary | Reclassification | Income statement |
| Net interest income | 5,652 | (1,681) | 3,971 | 3,608 | 625 | 4,233 |
| Dividend on equities etc | | 2 | 2 | - | 5 | 5 |
| Fee and commission income, net | 981 | 4,267 | 5,248 | 749 | 1,893 | 2,642 |
| Net interest and fee income | 6,633 | 2,588 | 9,221 | 4,357 | 2,523 | 6,880 |
| Wealth management income | 2,795 | (2,795) | - | 2,678 | (2,678) | - |
| Net interest from capitalisation | 594 | (594) | - | 921 | (921) | - |
| Net income relating to customer benefits programmes | (36) | 36 | - | (58) | 58 | - |
| Trading, investment portfolio and other income | 664 | (664) | - | (8) | 8 | - |
| Value adjustments | - | 1,093 | 1,093 | - | 835 | 835 |
| Other operating income | - | 441 | 441 | - | 268 | 268 |
| Total income | 10,649 | 105 | 10,755 | 7,890 | 93 | 7,983 |
| Costs | 5,938 | - | 5,938 | 3,578 | - | 3,578 |
| Profit (loss) before impairment charges and legacy derivatives | 4,711 | 105 | 4,817 | 4,312 | 93 | 4,405 |
| Impairment charges for loans and advances etc | 111 | - | 111 | (175) | - | (175) |
| Profit (loss) from investments in associates | - | 6 | 6 | | 5 | 5 |
| Legacy derivatives | 111 | (111) | - | 98 | (98) | - |
| Profit (loss) before tax | 4,711 | - | 4,711 | 4,585 | - | 4,585 |

Note 6 combines the earnings presentation in the Management Commentary (internal presentation), including the presentation of the financial highlights and the business areas, and the formal income statement of the Financial Statements.

The most important difference is that all income is recognised in two main items in the internal presentation: "Income", including sub-items, and "Legacy derivatives". The sum of these two items thus corresponds to "Net interest and fee income", "Value adjustments" and "Other operating income" in the income statement of the Financial Statements. The column "Reclassification" thus comprises only differences between the internal presentation and the income statement with respect to these items.

"Costs" in the internal presentation corresponds to total costs recognised in the Financial Statements: "Staff and administrative expenses", "Depreciation, amortisation and impairment charges for property, plant and equipment as well as intangible assets" and "Other operating expenses".

"Impairment charges for loans and advances etc" corresponds to the presentation in the income statement.

The internal presentation is based on the same recognition and measurement principles as the IFRS-based Financial Statements. Thus, "profit before tax" is identical.

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Nykredit Bank Group

6A. REVENUE

Nykredit's revenue primarily consists of net income recognised in items governed by the accounting standards IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and IFRS 16 "Leases". Fees and transaction costs that are integral to the effective interest rate of an instrument are covered by IFRS 9. The same applies to fees relating to financial guarantees.

Revenue recognised according to IFRS 15 partly includes fees from guarantees (cf. note 11) and other commitments (off-balance sheet items) as well as net revenue from Nykredit Markets, Asset Management and custody transactions, where revenue is recognised pursuant to the contractual provisions of the underlying agreements or price lists. Generally, business activities do not imply contract assets or liabilities for accounting purposes.

Revenue comprised by IFRS 15 mainly relates to:

- Custody fees are based on a percentage of the size of the individual custody account balance and/or fixed fees. Fees are recognised at fixed payment dates in accordance with contractual provisions or price lists.
- Revenue from Nykredit Markets activities comprises trading in financial instruments and is recognised simultaneously with the transaction. Revenue in connection with eg Capital Markets transactions is recognised at the time of delivery of the service and when Nykredit's obligation has been settled.
- Revenue from wealth management activities comprises Nykredit's business within asset and wealth management, including private banking and pension activities. Revenue is recognised as the services are performed and delivered to the customers. Revenue is determined as a percentage of assets under management and administration or in the form of transaction fees.

Revenue from specific custody and asset management activities is determined based on the price movements of the underlying contracts, and therefore earnings cannot be finally calculated until at a specified, agreed date, but not later than at the end of the financial year.

Recognition of revenue is not impacted by special conditions which may significantly impact the size thereof or cash flows. Nykredit has no IFRS 15 obligations in the form of buybacks or guarantees etc.

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

7. NET INTEREST INCOME ETC AND VALUE ADJUSTMENTS

| 2025 | Interest income | Interest expenses | Net interest income | Dividend on equities | Net value adjustments | Total |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| Receivables from and payables to credit institutions and central banks | 342 | 810 | (468) | - | - | (468) |
| Lending and deposits | 4,641 | 1,397 | 3,244 | - | 10 | 3,254 |
| Repo transactions and reverse repurchase lending | 1,235 | 266 | 969 | - | - | 969 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | - | 158 | (158) | - | - | (158) |
| Other financial instruments | 81 | 5 | 76 | - | - | 76 |
| Total | 6,299 | 2,634 | 3,665 | - | 10 | 3,675 |
| Financial portfolios at fair value and financial instruments at fair value | | | | | | |
| Bonds | 564 | - | 564 | - | 202 | 766 |
| Equities etc | - | - | - | 2 | 30 | 32 |
| Derivative financial instruments | (258) | - | (258) | - | 554 | 297 |
| Total | 306 | - | 306 | 2 | 787 | 1,095 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | | | | | 296 | 296 |
| Net interest income etc and value adjustments | 6,605 | 2,634 | 3,971 | 2 | 1,093 | 5,066 |
| Financial portfolios at amortised cost | | | | | | |
| 2024 | | | | | | |
| Financial portfolios at amortised cost | | | | | | |
| Receivables from and payables to credit institutions and central banks | 565 | 1,517 | (952) | - | - | (952) |
| Lending and deposits | 5,607 | 2,556 | 3,052 | - | (1) | 3,051 |
| Repo transactions and reverse repurchase lending | 1,858 | 482 | 1,376 | - | - | 1,376 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | - | 187 | (187) | - | - | (187) |
| Other financial instruments | 148 | 16 | 132 | - | - | 132 |
| Total | 8,178 | 4,757 | 3,421 | - | (1) | 3,421 |
| Financial portfolios at fair value and financial instruments at fair value | | | | | | |
| Bonds | 998 | - | 998 | | 286 | 1,285 |
| Equities etc | - | - | - | 5 | 34 | 39 |
| Derivative financial instruments etc | (186) | - | (186) | | 268 | 82 |
| Total | 812 | - | 812 | 5 | 589 | 1,406 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | | | | | 246 | 246 |
| Net interest income etc and value adjustments | 8,990 | 4,757 | 4,233 | 5 | 835 | 5,073 |

NOTES

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | DKK million | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|
| | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 8. INTEREST INCOME | | | |
| 880 | 517 | 517 | 880 |
| 6,888 | 5,501 | 5,701 | 7,150 |
| 969 | 545 | 564 | 998 |
| (186) | (258) | (258) | (186) |
| Of which | | | |
| 65 | 68 | 68 | 65 |
| (252) | (324) | (324) | (252) |
| - | (2) | (2) | - |
| 148 | 81 | 81 | 148 |
| 8,698 | 6,386 | 6,605 | 8,990 |
| Of which interest income from reverse repurchase lending entered as: | | | |
| 316 | 175 | 175 | 316 |
| 1,542 | 1,060 | 1,060 | 1,542 |
| Of total interest income: | | | |
| 7,915 | 6,098 | 6,299 | 8,178 |
| 96 | 48 | 48 | 96 |
| 40 | 55 | 119 | 105 |
| - | - | 245 | 309 |
| Interest income accrued on bank loans subject to stage 3 impairment totalled DKK 48 million (2024: DKK 96 million). Nykredit Bank A/S generally does not charge interest on stage 3 impaired loans. Interest income attributable to the impaired part of loans after the first time of impairment is offset against subsequent impairment. | | | |

NOTES

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | DKK million | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|
| | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 9. INTEREST EXPENSES | | | |
| 1,664 | 839 | 894 | 1,750 |
| 2,815 | 1,580 | 1,578 | 2,804 |
| 187 | 158 | 158 | 187 |
| 14 | 4 | 5 | 16 |
| 4,680 | 2,581 | 2,634 | 4,757 |
| Of which interest expenses from repo transactions entered as: | | | |
| 233 | 84 | 84 | 233 |
| Of total interest expenses: | | | |
| 187 | 158 | 158 | 187 |

NOTES

| | | DKK million | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 10. DIVIDEND ON EQUITIES ETC | | | |
| 4 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| | Dividend | | |
| 4 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| 11. FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME | | | |
| 1.248 | 1.252 | 2.259 | 2.129 |
| | Securities trading and custody accounts | | |
| 215 | 218 | 218 | 215 |
| | Payment services | | |
| 21 | 27 | 38 | 34 |
| | Loan fees | | |
| 111 | 78 | 76 | 110 |
| | Guarantee commission | | |
| 651 | 2.798 | 3.468 | 1.330 |
| | Other fees and commission | | |
| - | 2.345 | 2.345 | - |
| | - of which fees from distributing Totalkredit mortgage lending | | |
| 2.246 | 4.372 | 6.058 | 3.817 |
| Total | | | |
| Of which: | | | |
| 150 | 122 | 122 | 150 |
| | Fees relating to financial instruments not measured at fair value | | |
| 1.420 | 1.414 | 3.275 | 3.131 |
| | Fees from asset management activities and other fiduciary activities | | |
| 12. FEE AND COMMISSION EXPENSES | | | |
| 1.035 | 671 | 810 | 1.175 |
| | Fee and commission expenses | | |
| 1.035 | 671 | 810 | 1.175 |
| Total | | | |
| Of which: | | | |
| 47 | 96 | 96 | 47 |
| | Fees relating to financial instruments measured at amortised cost | | |
| 26 | 36 | 74 | 60 |
| | Fees from asset management activities and other fiduciary activities | | |
| 13. VALUE ADJUSTMENTS | | | |
| -1 | 10 | 10 | -1 |
| | Other loans, advances and receivables at fair value | | |
| 287 | 201 | 202 | 286 |
| | Bonds | | |
| 33 | 28 | 30 | 34 |
| | Equities etc | | |
| 247 | 297 | 296 | 246 |
| | Foreign exchange | | |
| 267 | 554 | 554 | 267 |
| | Foreign exchange, interest rate and other contracts as well as derivative financial instruments | | |
| 1 | - | - | 1 |
| | Other assets | | |
| 629 | 294 | 294 | 629 |
| | Assets in pooled schemes | | |
| -629 | -294 | -294 | -629 |
| | Deposits in pooled schemes | | |
| 834 | 1.090 | 1.093 | 835 |
| Total | | | |
| 36 | -325 | -325 | 36 |
| | Of which value adjustment of assets and liabilities recognised at amortised cost | | |
| 271 | 563 | 563 | 271 |
| | Of which value adjustment of interest rate swaps etc | | |
| Of which value adjustment relating to fair value hedging for accounting purposes: | | | |
| -1 | -0 | -0 | -1 |
| | Fair value hedging | | |
| 14. STAFF AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES | | | |
| 20 | 16 | 16 | 20 |
| | Remuneration of Board of Directors and Executive Board | | |
| 965 | 1.285 | 1.576 | 1.255 |
| | Staff expenses | | |
| 1.890 | 3.952 | 4.301 | 2.223 |
| | Other administrative expenses | | |
| 2.875 | 5.252 | 5.894 | 3.498 |
| Total | | | |

NOTES

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | DKK million | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|
| | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 14. STAFF AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES (CONTINUED) | | | |
| Remuneration of Board of Directors and Executive Board | | | |
| Board of Directors | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Executive Board | | | |
| 13 | 10 | 10 | 13 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 6 | 5 | 5 | 6 |
| 20 | 16 | 16 | 20 |
| Disclosure of Board and Executive Compensation is available at www.nykredit.com/siteassets/om-os/vederlagsrapport-2025_uk.pdf , to which reference is made. For 2024 the disclosure is available at www.nykredit.com/salaries | | | |
| 768 | 1,023 | 1,257 | 1,004 |
| 74 | 92 | 116 | 98 |
| 118 | 163 | 191 | 142 |
| 6 | 7 | 13 | 11 |
| 965 | 1,285 | 1,576 | 1,255 |
| Payroll tax also includes payroll tax relating to the Executive Board. | | | |
| Of which remuneration of staff members whose activities have a significant influence on the Bank's risk profile (material risk takers): | | | |
| 71 | 78 | 128 | 108 |
| 26 | 37 | 47 | 43 |
| 97 | 115 | 175 | 151 |
| 767 | 928 | 1,171 | 1,029 |
| Average number of staff for the financial year, full-time equivalent | | | |
| Staff whose activities significantly affect Nykredit Bank A/S's and the Nykredit Bank Group's risk profile comprise, in addition to the Executive Board, 130 staff members. 106 are on the payroll of Nykredit Bank, 24 are on the payroll of the Bank's subsidiaries, and 56 are on the payroll of Nykredit Realkredit A/S. The latter staff group performs Group-wide tasks, settled through intercompany agreements. | | | |
| These staff members are subject to special salary programmes. A maximum of 60% of the variable remuneration is paid out when awarded, but the payout of at least 40% is deferred over the following four years. | | | |
| Details of Nykredit's remuneration policy appear from the Management Commentary under Remuneration and at nykredit.com/remuneration . | | | |
| Fees to auditor appointed by the General Meeting | | | |
| 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Total fees include: | | | |
| 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| - | - | - | 0 |
| 0 | - | - | 0 |
| 3 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Other services than statutory audit relates to assurance reports and ISAE 3402 reports. | | | |

NOTES

| | | DKK million | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 15. DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR TANGIBLE AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS | | | |
| - | - Property, plant and equipment | 3 | 4 |
| - | - Intangible assets | 42 | 37 |
| - | - Total | 45 | 41 |

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

16. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (GROUP)

16 a. Impairment charges for loans, advances and receivables etc

| | Loans and advances at amortised cost | | Credit institutions and other | | Guarantees etc ¹ | | Total | Total |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 | | |
| Total impairment provisions | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, beginning of year | 3,058 | 3,207 | 1 | 1 | 302 | 328 | 3,361 | 3,536 |
| New impairment provisions as a result of additions and change in credit risk | 1,374 | 1,217 | 0 | 0 | 121 | 197 | 1,496 | 1,415 |
| Releases as a result of redemptions and change in credit risk | 1,234 | 1,301 | 0 | 0 | 175 | 224 | 1,410 | 1,525 |
| Impairment provisions written off | 33 | 124 | - | - | - | - | 33 | 124 |
| Interest on impaired facilities | 59 | 59 | - | - | - | - | 59 | 59 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 3,224 | 3,058 | 1 | 1 | 248 | 302 | 3,473 | 3,361 |
| Earnings impact | | | | | | | | |
| Change in impairment provisions for loans and advances (stages 1-3) | 140 | (84) | 0 | (0) | (54) | (26) | 86 | (111) |
| Write-offs for the period, not previously written down for impairment | 12 | 13 | - | - | - | - | 12 | 13 |
| Recoveries on claims previously written off | 20 | 40 | - | - | - | - | 20 | 40 |
| Total | 132 | (111) | 0 | (0) | (54) | (26) | 78 | (137) |
| Value adjustment of claims previously written off | 33 | (37) | - | - | - | - | 33 | (37) |
| Total earnings impact 2025 | 165 | (148) | 0 | (0) | (54) | (26) | 111 | (175) |

¹ "Guarantees etc" comprises off-balance sheet items in the form of guarantees and other commitments, including loan commitments.

The contractual amounts outstanding on financial assets written off during the year ended 31 December 2025 and still sought to be recovered is DKK 31 million (2024: DKK 26 million).

Of total impairment provisions for bank lending determined under IFRS 9 1% or DKK 0.0 billion (2024: 2% or DKK 0.1 billion) was attributable to customers who have gone bankrupt, are undergoing bankruptcy proceedings or compulsory dissolution, or who are deceased.

Loans are impaired if a customer is deemed to be in serious financial difficulty, or forbearance has been granted as a result of financial difficulty. When assessing whether loans are impaired, factors such as non-performance of contractual obligations and personal circumstances such as divorce, unemployment or long-term illness are also taken into consideration.

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

16. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (GROUP) (CONTINUED)

| 16 b. Total impairment provisions by stage 2025 | Loans, advances and receivables at amortised cost | | | Guarantees | | | Total |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | |
| Total, 1 January 2025 | 232 | 864 | 1,963 | 34 | 154 | 115 | 3,361 |
| Transfer to stage 1 | 115 | (81) | (34) | 11 | (10) | (1) | - |
| Transfer to stage 2 | (28) | 148 | (120) | (4) | 23 | (19) | - |
| Transfer to stage 3 | (3) | (30) | 33 | (0) | (3) | 3 | - |
| Impairment provisions for new loans and advances (additions) | 83 | 152 | 169 | 19 | 24 | 12 | 459 |
| Additions as a result of change in credit risk | 87 | 273 | 610 | 6 | 39 | 21 | 1,037 |
| Releases as a result of change in credit risk | 188 | 496 | 550 | 28 | 112 | 36 | 1,410 |
| Previously written down for impairment, now written off | 0 | 0 | 33 | - | - | - | 33 |
| Interest on impaired facilities | - | - | 59 | - | - | - | 59 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 298 | 829 | 2,097 | 38 | 114 | 96 | 3,473 |
| Total | | 3,225 | | | 248 | | 3,473 |
| Impairment provisions, end of year, are moreover attributable to: | | | | | | | |
| Credit institutions | 1 | - | - | | | | 1 |
| Earnings impact for 2025 | (18) | (70) | 229 | (3) | (49) | (2) | 86 |

| 2024 | Loans, advances and receivables at amortised cost | | | Guarantees | | | Total |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | |
| Total, 1 January 2024 | 404 | 1,102 | 1,702 | 67 | 186 | 75 | 3,536 |
| Transfer to stage 1 | 172 | (143) | (29) | 43 | (42) | (1) | - |
| Transfer to stage 2 | (46) | 101 | (55) | (4) | 7 | (3) | - |
| Transfer to stage 3 | (10) | (83) | 93 | (0) | (12) | 12 | - |
| Impairment provisions for new loans and advances (additions) | 53 | 133 | 169 | 12 | 50 | 6 | 423 |
| Additions as a result of change in credit risk | 38 | 223 | 600 | 4 | 56 | 70 | 991 |
| Releases as a result of change in credit risk | 378 | 470 | 453 | 87 | 91 | 45 | 1,525 |
| Previously written down for impairment, now written off | 0 | 0 | 124 | - | - | - | 124 |
| Interest on impaired facilities | - | - | 59 | - | - | - | 59 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 232 | 864 | 1,963 | 34 | 154 | 115 | 3,361 |
| Total | | 3,059 | | | 302 | | 3,361 |
| Impairment provisions, end of year, are moreover attributable to: | | | | | | | |
| Credit institutions | 1 | - | - | | | | 1 |
| Earnings impact for 2024 | (287) | (113) | 316 | (72) | 14 | 31 | (111) |

NOTES

DKK million

Nycredit Bank Group

16. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (GROUP) (CONTINUED)

16 c. Distribution of provisions for loan impairment and guarantees etc, end of year

| 2025 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| Loans and advances at amortised cost etc, gross | | | | |
| Loans and advances at amortised cost etc, gross | 144,820 | 22,744 | 3,140 | 170,703 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 297 | 829 | 2,097 | 3,224 |
| Loans and advances, carrying amount | 144,522 | 21,915 | 1,042 | 167,480 |
| Guarantees and loan commitments | | | | |
| Guarantees etc | 49,154 | 1,931 | 283 | 51,368 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 38 | 114 | 96 | 248 |
| Guarantees and loan commitments, carrying amount | 49,116 | 1,817 | 187 | 51,120 |
| | | | | |
| 2024 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
| Loans and advances at amortised cost excluding credit institutions etc, gross | | | | |
| Loans and advances at amortised cost etc, gross | 122,497 | 24,392 | 3,474 | 150,363 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 231 | 864 | 1,963 | 3,058 |
| Loans and advances, carrying amount | 122,266 | 23,529 | 1,510 | 147,305 |
| Guarantees and loan commitments | | | | |
| Guarantees etc | 47,586 | 3,209 | 296 | 51,091 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 34 | 154 | 115 | 302 |
| Guarantees and loan commitments, carrying amount | 47,552 | 3,055 | 181 | 50,789 |

NOTES

DKK million

Nycredit Bank Group

16. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (GROUP) (CONTINUED)

16 d. Loans at amortised cost excluding credit institutions by stage, gross

| 2025 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| Gross lending as at 1 January 2025 | 122,497 | 24,392 | 3,474 | 150,363 |
| Transfer to stage 1 | 2,058 | (3,150) | 1,091 | - |
| Transfer to stage 2 | (2,265) | 2,339 | (73) | - |
| Transfer to stage 3 | (811) | (122) | 933 | - |
| Other movements ¹ | 23,340 | (715) | (2,285) | 20,340 |
| Total, 31 December 2025 | 144,820 | 22,744 | 3,140 | 170,703 |
| Impairment charges/provisions, total | 297 | 829 | 2,097 | 3,224 |
| Carrying amount | 144,522 | 21,915 | 1,042 | 167,480 |
| 2024 | | | | |
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
| Gross lending as at 1 January 2024 | 107,879 | 21,276 | 2,392 | 131,547 |
| Transfer to stage 1 | 3,153 | (3,292) | 139 | - |
| Transfer to stage 2 | (4,524) | 4,623 | (99) | - |
| Transfer to stage 3 | (419) | (452) | 871 | - |
| Other movements ¹ | 16,408 | 2,237 | 171 | 18,816 |
| Total, 31 December 2024 | 122,497 | 24,392 | 3,474 | 150,363 |
| Impairment charges/provisions, total | 231 | 864 | 1,963 | 3,058 |
| Carrying amount | 122,266 | 23,529 | 1,510 | 147,305 |

¹ "Other movements" consists of new loans and advances as well as loans and advances redeemed in the period.

NOTES

DKK million

Nycredit Bank Group

16. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (GROUP) (CONTINUED)

16 e. Guarantees and loan commitments, gross, by stage

| 2025 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|---------------|
| Gross guarantees as at 1 January 2025 | 47,586 | 3,209 | 296 | 51,091 |
| Transfer to stage 1 | 26,368 | (383) | (25,984) | - |
| Transfer to stage 2 | (10) | 407 | (397) | - |
| Transfer to stage 3 | (272) | (25) | 297 | - |
| Other movements ¹ | (24,517) | (1,277) | 26,071 | 277 |
| Total, 31 December 2025 | 49,154 | 1,931 | 283 | 51,368 |
| Impairment charges/provisions, total | 38 | 114 | 96 | 248 |
| Carrying amount | 49,116 | 1,817 | 187 | 51,120 |
| 2024 | | | | |
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
| Gross guarantees as at 1 January 2024 | 45,495 | 2,539 | 375 | 48,409 |
| Transfer to stage 1 | 432 | (429) | (3) | - |
| Transfer to stage 2 | (646) | 664 | (18) | - |
| Transfer to stage 3 | (93) | (19) | 112 | - |
| Other movements ¹ | 2,399 | 454 | (170) | 2,683 |
| Total, 31 December 2024 | 47,586 | 3,209 | 296 | 51,091 |
| Impairment charges/provisions, total | 34 | 154 | 115 | 302 |
| Carrying amount | 47,552 | 3,055 | 181 | 50,789 |

¹ "Other movements" consists of new guarantees as well as guarantees terminated in the period.

NOTES

DKK million

Nycredit Bank Group

16. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (GROUP) (CONTINUED)**16 f. Loans, advances and guarantees etc, gross**

| 2025 | Loans and advances etc, gross | | | Total | Loans and advances etc, with no impairment charges | | | Total |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|---------------|
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | |
| Loans and advances etc | 144,820 | 22,744 | 3,140 | 170,703 | 54,655 | - | - | 54,655 |
| Balances with credit institutions | 12,359 | - | - | 12,359 | 10,192 | - | - | 10,192 |
| Guarantees and loan commitments | 49,154 | 1,931 | 283 | 51,368 | - | - | - | - |
| Total, 31 December 2025 | 206,333 | 24,675 | 3,422 | 234,431 | 64,847 | - | - | 64,847 |

| 2024 | Loans and advances etc, gross | | | Total | Loans and advances etc, with no impairment charges | | | Total |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|---------------|
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | |
| Loans and advances etc | 122,497 | 24,392 | 3,474 | 150,363 | 44,026 | - | - | 44,026 |
| Balances with credit institutions | 4,771 | - | - | 4,771 | 3,879 | - | - | 3,879 |
| Guarantees and loan commitments | 47,586 | 3,209 | 296 | 51,091 | - | - | - | - |
| Total, 31 December 2024 | 174,853 | 27,601 | 3,770 | 206,224 | 47,906 | - | - | 47,906 |

Loans and advances etc. with no impairment charges relating to secured repo lending.

NOTES

DKK million

Nycredit Bank Group

16. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (GROUP) (CONTINUED)

16 g. Loans and advances by rating categories

| 2025 Rating category | Bank loans and advances, gross | | | Total impairment provisions | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |
| 10 | 8,702 | 426 | - | 52 | 22 | - |
| 9 | 4,479 | 552 | - | 49 | 44 | - |
| 8 | 24,514 | 887 | - | 41 | 38 | - |
| 7 | 6,010 | 1,526 | - | 33 | 100 | - |
| 6 | 9,013 | 2,079 | - | 50 | 122 | - |
| 5 | 2,270 | 1,061 | - | 29 | 107 | - |
| 4 | 38,645 | 885 | - | 28 | 86 | - |
| 3 | 13,403 | 1,625 | - | 11 | 109 | - |
| 2 | 37,388 | 11,662 | - | 4 | 35 | - |
| 1 | 395 | 1,855 | - | 1 | 90 | - |
| 0 | - | 177 | - | - | 68 | - |
| Exposures in default | - | 8 | 3,140 | - | 9 | 2,097 |
| Total | 144,820 | 22,744 | 3,140 | 297 | 829 | 2,097 |

| 2024 Rating category | Bank loans and advances, gross | | | Total impairment provisions | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |
| 10 | 51,507 | 5,945 | - | 44 | 71 | - |
| 9 | 9,341 | 3,059 | - | 31 | 32 | - |
| 8 | 13,806 | 4,676 | - | 36 | 67 | - |
| 7 | 9,340 | 2,018 | - | 32 | 42 | - |
| 6 | 14,640 | 3,644 | - | 39 | 74 | - |
| 5 | 7,574 | 1,055 | - | 23 | 54 | - |
| 4 | 914 | 1,286 | - | 11 | 129 | - |
| 3 | 14,773 | 695 | - | 9 | 105 | - |
| 2 | 445 | 533 | - | 5 | 66 | - |
| 1 | 156 | 1,190 | - | 0 | 156 | - |
| 0 | - | 234 | - | - | 64 | - |
| Exposures in default | - | 57 | 3,474 | - | 4 | 1,963 |
| Total | 122,497 | 24,392 | 3,474 | 231 | 864 | 1,963 |

NOTES

DKK million

Nycredit Bank Group

16. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (GROUP) (CONTINUED)

16 h. Bank loans, advances and guarantees etc and total impairment provisions by sector

| 2025 | Bank loans, advances and guarantees | | | Total impairment provisions | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |
| Public sector | 213 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing | 4,011 | 596 | 86 | 70 | 29 | 72 |
| Manufacturing, mining and quarrying | 19,231 | 4,018 | 563 | 54 | 162 | 398 |
| Energy supply | 9,818 | 784 | 720 | 9 | 12 | 256 |
| Construction | 992 | 1,396 | 68 | 5 | 71 | 51 |
| Trade | 3,661 | 11,912 | 537 | 15 | 389 | 504 |
| Transport, accommodation and food service activities | 6,249 | 558 | 427 | 9 | 28 | 250 |
| Information and communication | 5,333 | 222 | 28 | 17 | 15 | 35 |
| Finance and insurance | 61,908 | 185 | (7) | 15 | 9 | 24 |
| Real estate | 13,999 | 2,366 | 234 | 60 | 95 | 107 |
| Other | 11,495 | 1,616 | 410 | 34 | 46 | 306 |
| Total business customers | 136,696 | 23,653 | 3,066 | 288 | 856 | 2,004 |
| Personal customers | 34,584 | 1,021 | 354 | 47 | 87 | 187 |
| Total | 171,494 | 24,675 | 3,422 | 335 | 944 | 2,193 |

| 2024 | Bank loans, advances and guarantees | | | Total impairment provisions | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 |
| Public sector | 505 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | - |
| Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing | 4,188 | 426 | 114 | 61 | 22 | 81 |
| Manufacturing, mining and quarrying | 14,010 | 6,221 | 685 | 39 | 334 | 499 |
| Energy supply | 6,416 | 322 | 13 | 7 | 4 | 18 |
| Construction | 1,334 | 1,790 | 227 | 4 | 62 | 61 |
| Trade | 3,093 | 13,554 | 601 | 11 | 358 | 518 |
| Transport, accommodation and food service activities | 7,964 | 241 | 464 | 11 | 6 | 307 |
| Information and communication | 6,779 | 50 | 51 | 11 | 2 | 40 |
| Finance and insurance | 49,924 | 357 | 130 | 9 | 7 | 45 |
| Real estate | 14,342 | 2,748 | 343 | 47 | 121 | 134 |
| Other | 10,642 | 1,016 | 737 | 23 | 22 | 156 |
| Total business customers | 118,692 | 26,726 | 3,364 | 224 | 937 | 1,859 |
| Personal customers | 26,835 | 875 | 404 | 41 | 80 | 219 |
| Total | 146,032 | 27,601 | 3,770 | 265 | 1,017 | 2,078 |

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DKK million

Nykredit Bank A/S

17. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (PARENT)

17 a. Impairment charges for loans, advances and receivables etc

| | Loans and advances at amortised cost | | Credit institutions and other | | Guarantees etc ¹ | | Total | Total |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| Total impairment provisions | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, beginning of year | 2,852 | 3,049 | 1 | 1 | 302 | 328 | 3,155 | 3,379 |
| New impairment provisions as a result of additions and change in credit risk | 1,307 | 1,115 | 0 | 0 | 121 | 197 | 1,428 | 1,312 |
| Releases as a result of redemptions and change in credit risk | 1,159 | 1,250 | 0 | 0 | 175 | 224 | 1,334 | 1,474 |
| Impairment provisions written off | 27 | 122 | - | - | - | - | 27 | 122 |
| Interest on impaired facilities | 59 | 59 | - | - | - | - | 59 | 59 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 3,031 | 2,852 | 1 | 1 | 248 | 302 | 3,280 | 3,155 |
| Earnings impact | | | | | | | | |
| Change in impairment provisions for loans and advances (stages 1-3) | 148 | (135) | 0 | (0) | (54) | (26) | 94 | (162) |
| Write-offs for the period, not previously written down for impairment | 5 | 9 | - | - | - | - | 5 | 9 |
| Recoveries on claims previously written off | 18 | 39 | - | - | - | - | 18 | 39 |
| Total | 134 | (165) | 0 | (0) | (54) | (26) | 80 | (191) |
| Value adjustment of claims previously written off | 33 | (37) | - | - | - | - | 33 | (37) |
| Total earnings impact 2025 | 167 | (202) | 0 | (0) | (54) | (26) | 113 | (228) |

¹ "Guarantees etc" comprises off-balance sheet items in the form of guarantees and other commitments, including loan commitments.

The contractual amount outstanding on financial assets written off during the year ended 31 December 2025 and still sought to be recovered is DKK 31 million (2024: DKK 26 million).

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DKK million

Nykredit Bank A/S

17. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (PARENT) (CONTINUED)

17 b. Total impairment provisions by stage

| 2025 | Loans, advances and receivables at amortised cost | | | Guarantees | | | Total |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | |
| Total, 1 January 2025 | 217 | 861 | 1,775 | 34 | 154 | 115 | 3,155 |
| Transfer to stage 1 | 109 | (81) | (28) | 11 | (10) | (1) | - |
| Transfer to stage 2 | (27) | 141 | (114) | (4) | 23 | (19) | - |
| Transfer to stage 3 | (3) | (30) | 33 | (0) | (3) | 3 | - |
| Impairment provisions for new loans and advances (additions) | 78 | 152 | 148 | 19 | 24 | 12 | 432 |
| Additions as a result of change in credit risk | 87 | 273 | 570 | 6 | 39 | 21 | 996 |
| Releases as a result of change in credit risk | 179 | 489 | 491 | 28 | 112 | 36 | 1,334 |
| Previously written down for impairment, now written off | - | - | 27 | - | - | - | 27 |
| Interest on impaired facilities | - | - | 59 | - | - | - | 59 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 282 | 825 | 1,925 | 38 | 114 | 96 | 3,280 |
| Total | | 3,032 | | | 248 | | 3,280 |
| Impairment provisions, end of year, are moreover attributable to: | | | | | | | |
| Credit institutions | 1 | - | - | | | | 1 |
| Earnings impact for 2025 | (14) | (65) | 228 | (3) | (49) | (2) | 94 |

| 2024 | Loans, advances and receivables at amortised cost | | | Guarantees | | | Total |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | |
| Total, 1 January 2024 | 391 | 1,100 | 1,559 | 67 | 186 | 75 | 3,379 |
| Transfer to stage 1 | 166 | (142) | (24) | 43 | (42) | (1) | - |
| Transfer to stage 2 | (46) | 96 | (51) | (4) | 7 | (3) | - |
| Transfer to stage 3 | (10) | (83) | 93 | (0) | (12) | 12 | - |
| Impairment provisions for new loans and advances (additions) | 48 | 133 | 153 | 12 | 50 | 6 | 401 |
| Additions as a result of change in credit risk | 37 | 223 | 521 | 4 | 56 | 70 | 911 |
| Releases as a result of change in credit risk | 370 | 465 | 414 | 87 | 91 | 45 | 1,474 |
| Previously written down for impairment, now written off | - | - | 122 | - | - | - | 122 |
| Interest on impaired facilities | - | - | 59 | - | - | - | 59 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 217 | 861 | 1,775 | 34 | 154 | 115 | 3,155 |
| Total | | 2,853 | | | 302 | | 3,155 |
| Impairment provisions, end of year, are moreover attributable to: | | | | | | | |
| Credit institutions | - | - | - | | | | - |
| Earnings impact for 2024 | (285) | (110) | 260 | (72) | 14 | 31 | (162) |

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank A/S

17. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (PARENT) (CONTINUED)

17 c. Distribution of provisions for loan impairment and guarantees etc, end of year

| 2025 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| Loans and advances at amortised cost excluding credit institutions etc, gross | | | | |
| Loans and advances at amortised cost etc, gross | 141,845 | 21,883 | 2,746 | 166,474 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 281 | 825 | 1,925 | 3,031 |
| Loans and advances, carrying amount | 141,564 | 21,057 | 821 | 163,443 |
| Guarantees and loan commitments | | | | |
| Guarantees etc | 49,154 | 1,931 | 283 | 51,368 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 38 | 114 | 96 | 248 |
| Guarantees and loan commitments, carrying amount | 49,116 | 1,817 | 187 | 51,120 |
| | | | | |
| 2024 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
| Loans and advances at amortised cost excluding credit institutions etc, gross | | | | |
| Loans and advances at amortised cost etc, gross | 119,689 | 23,497 | 2,981 | 146,167 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 216 | 861 | 1,775 | 2,852 |
| Loans and advances, carrying amount | 119,473 | 22,636 | 1,206 | 143,315 |
| Guarantees and loan commitments | | | | |
| Guarantees etc | 46,728 | 3,209 | 296 | 50,233 |
| Total impairment provisions, end of year | 34 | 154 | 115 | 302 |
| Guarantees and loan commitments, carrying amount | 46,694 | 3,055 | 181 | 49,931 |

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DKK million

Nycredit Bank A/S

17. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (PARENT) (CONTINUED)

17 d. Loans at amortised cost excluding credit institutions by stage, gross

| 2025 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| Gross lending as at 1 January 2025 | 119,689 | 23,497 | 2,981 | 146,167 |
| Transfer to stage 1 | 4,065 | (4,025) | (40) | - |
| Transfer to stage 2 | (3,913) | 4,032 | (120) | - |
| Transfer to stage 3 | (864) | (161) | 1,025 | - |
| Other movements ¹ | 22,867 | (1,460) | (1,101) | 20,307 |
| Total, 31 December 2025 | 141,845 | 21,883 | 2,746 | 166,474 |
| Impairment charges/provisions, total | 281 | 825 | 1,925 | 3,031 |
| Carrying amount | 141,564 | 21,057 | 821 | 163,443 |
| 2024 | | | | |
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
| Gross lending as at 1 January 2024 | 104,904 | 20,379 | 2,153 | 127,437 |
| Transfer to stage 1 | 3,480 | (3,438) | (41) | - |
| Transfer to stage 2 | (4,865) | 4,970 | (105) | - |
| Transfer to stage 3 | (433) | (480) | 913 | - |
| Other movements ¹ | 16,604 | 2,066 | 60 | 18,730 |
| Total, 31 December 2024 | 119,689 | 23,497 | 2,981 | 146,167 |
| Impairment charges/provisions, total | 216 | 861 | 1,775 | 2,852 |
| Carrying amount | 119,473 | 22,636 | 1,206 | 143,315 |

¹ "Other movements" consists of new loans and advances as well as loans and advances redeemed in the period.

NOTES

DKK million

Nycredit Bank A/S

17. IMPAIRMENT CHARGES FOR LOANS, ADVANCES AND RECEIVABLES ETC (PARENT) (CONTINUED)

17 e. Guarantees and loan commitments, gross, by stage

| 2025 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|---------------|
| Gross guarantees as at 1 January 2025 | 46,728 | 3,209 | 296 | 50,233 |
| Transfer to stage 1 | 26,368 | (383) | (25,984) | - |
| Transfer to stage 2 | (10) | 407 | (397) | - |
| Transfer to stage 3 | (272) | (25) | 297 | - |
| Other movements ¹ | (23,659) | (1,277) | 26,071 | 1,135 |
| Total, 31 December 2025 | 49,154 | 1,931 | 283 | 51,368 |
| Impairment charges/provisions, total | 38 | 114 | 96 | 248 |
| Carrying amount | 49,116 | 1,817 | 187 | 51,120 |
| 2024 | | | | |
| | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
| Gross guarantees as at 1 January 2024 | 44,984 | 2,539 | 375 | 47,898 |
| Transfer to stage 1 | 432 | (429) | (3) | - |
| Transfer to stage 2 | (646) | 664 | (18) | - |
| Transfer to stage 3 | (93) | (19) | 112 | - |
| Other movements ¹ | 2,051 | 454 | (170) | 2,335 |
| Total, 31 December 2024 | 46,728 | 3,209 | 296 | 50,233 |
| Impairment charges/provisions, total | 34 | 154 | 115 | 302 |
| Carrying amount | 46,694 | 3,055 | 181 | 49,931 |

¹ "Other movements" consists of new guarantees as well as guarantees redeemed in the period.

NOTES

| | | DKK million | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 18. PROFIT FROM INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES AND GROUP ENTERPRISES | | | |
| 5 | 6 | 6 | 5 |
| | | | |
| 573 | 539 | - | - |
| 578 | 545 | 6 | 5 |
| 19. TAX | | | |
| Tax on profit for the year has been calculated as follows: | | | |
| 905 | 878 | 1,128 | 1,095 |
| (3) | 2 | 22 | 35 |
| 1 | 8 | 7 | (4) |
| (1) | (7) | (7) | 1 |
| 901 | 881 | 1,151 | 1,127 |
| Tax on profit for the year can be specified as follows: | | | |
| 934 | 930 | 1,036 | 1,009 |
| Tax effect of: | | | |
| 139 | 135 | 177 | 174 |
| - | - | 0 | 0 |
| (174) | (189) | (78) | (56) |
| 3 | 4 | 14 | 3 |
| (1) | 1 | 1 | (3) |
| 901 | 881 | 1,151 | 1,127 |
| 22.0% | 22.0% | 22.0% | 22.0% |
| 4.0% | 4.0% | 4.0% | 4.0% |
| (4.8)% | (5.2)% | (1.6)% | (1.4)% |
| 21.2% | 20.8% | 24.4% | 24.6% |

NOTES

DKK million

Nykkredit Bank Group

20. CONTRACTUAL DUE DATES BY TIME-TO-MATURITY (GROUP)

2025

| | On demand | Up to 3 months | Over 3 months and up to 1 year | Over 1 year and up to 5 years | Over 5 years | Total |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Receivables from credit institutions and central banks | 2,160 | 10,198 | - | - | - | 12,358 |
| Loans, advances and other receivables at amortised cost | 47,772 | 77,447 | 21,019 | 16,659 | 4,583 | 167,480 |
| Finance leases | - | 730 | 894 | 4,351 | 473 | 6,448 |
| Gross investments in finance leases | - | - | 1,758 | 4,808 | 1,123 | 7,689 |
| Bonds at fair value | - | 817 | 3,155 | 23,469 | 5,107 | 32,549 |
| Positive market value of derivative financial instruments etc | - | 472 | 122 | 636 | 3,179 | 4,409 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 8,504 | 9,035 | 463 | 14,412 | 1,494 | 33,907 |
| Deposits and other payables | 107,264 | 38,971 | 1,002 | 186 | - | 147,424 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | - | 5,876 | - | - | - | 5,876 |
| Other non-derivative financial liabilities | - | 139 | 1,780 | 4,128 | 3,726 | 9,774 |
| Negative market value of derivative financial instruments etc | - | 514 | 111 | 582 | 3,306 | 4,514 |
| Lease payments (excluding finance leases) recognised in "Other liabilities" | - | 1 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 13 |
| Contingent liabilities | - | - | 17,592 | 4,632 | 6,416 | 28,640 |
| Agreed payments, liabilities¹ | | | | | | |
| Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 8,714 | 9,258 | 475 | 14,769 | 1,531 | 34,746 |
| Deposits and other payables | 108,750 | 39,232 | 1,009 | 188 | - | 149,179 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | - | 3,909 | 2,168 | - | - | 6,076 |
| Other non-derivative financial liabilities | - | 139 | 1,781 | 4,133 | 3,727 | 9,781 |
| Lease payments (excluding finance leases) recognised in "Other liabilities" | - | 1 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 13 |
| Contingent liabilities | - | - | 17,592 | 4,632 | 6,416 | 28,640 |

¹ Agreed payments include principal and interest and are thus not directly comparable with the liabilities above, which are comparable with the balance sheet. Liabilities with variable cash flows are based on the contractual conditions at the balance sheet date. Time-to-maturity of agreed payments is based on the earliest date on which payment may be required. Thus, it is not necessarily the expected maturity, but contractually the earliest maturity.

Derivative financial instruments by time-to-maturity appear from note 44.

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DKK million

Nykkredit Bank Group

20. CONTRACTUAL DUE DATES BY TIME-TO-MATURITY (GROUP) (CONTINUED)

| 2024 | On demand | Up to 3 months | Over 3 months and up to 1 year | Over 1 year and up to 5 years | Over 5 years | Total |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Receivables from credit institutions and central banks | 883 | 4,106 | - | - | - | 4,989 |
| Loans, advances and other receivables at amortised cost | 44,876 | 64,945 | 19,429 | 14,203 | 3,851 | 147,305 |
| Finance leases | - | 537 | 1,215 | 4,317 | 526 | 6,595 |
| Gross investments in finance leases | - | - | 1,968 | 4,719 | 1,143 | 7,829 |
| Bonds at fair value | - | 288 | 7,686 | 28,142 | 8,116 | 44,232 |
| Positive market value of derivative financial instruments etc | - | 503 | 112 | 859 | 4,723 | 6,196 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 10,719 | 6,242 | 4,575 | 18,647 | - | 40,183 |
| Deposits and other payables | 94,938 | 28,027 | 1,615 | 340 | - | 124,921 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | 0 | 11,657 | 2,101 | - | - | 13,759 |
| Other non-derivative financial liabilities | - | 355 | 240 | 1,489 | 7,322 | 9,407 |
| Negative market value of derivative financial instruments etc | - | 473 | 151 | 727 | 3,689 | 5,040 |
| Lease payments (excluding finance leases) recognised in "Other liabilities" | - | 1 | 2 | 11 | 2 | 16 |
| Contingent liabilities | - | - | 16,454 | 5,287 | 4,997 | 26,738 |
| Agreed payments, liabilities | | | | | | |
| Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 11,104 | 6,426 | 4,771 | 19,546 | - | 41,847 |
| Deposits and other payables | 96,470 | 28,438 | 1,639 | 345 | - | 126,892 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | 0 | 11,816 | 2,143 | - | - | 13,959 |
| Other non-derivative financial liabilities | - | 356 | 241 | 1,491 | 7,333 | 9,421 |
| Lease payments (excluding finance leases) recognised in "Other liabilities" | - | 1 | 2 | 11 | 2 | 16 |
| Contingent liabilities | - | - | 16,454 | 5,287 | 4,997 | 26,738 |

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank A/S

21. CONTRACTUAL DUE DATES BY TIME-TO-MATURITY (PARENT)

| 2025 | On demand | Up to 3 months | Over 3 months and up to 1 year | Over 1 year and up to 5 years | Over 5 years | Total |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Receivables from credit institutions and central banks | 2,089 | 10,198 | - | - | - | 12,287 |
| Loans, advances and other receivables at amortised cost | 47,943 | 80,994 | 19,908 | 10,625 | 3,973 | 163,443 |
| Bonds at fair value | - | 817 | 3,155 | 22,711 | 5,107 | 31,790 |
| Positive market value of derivative financial instruments etc | - | 472 | 122 | 636 | 3,179 | 4,409 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 8,504 | 9,035 | 463 | 14,412 | 1,494 | 33,907 |
| Deposits and other payables | 108,026 | 38,971 | 1,002 | 186 | - | 148,186 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | - | 3,751 | - | - | - | 3,751 |
| Other non-derivative financial liabilities | - | 139 | 1,780 | 4,131 | 3,726 | 9,777 |
| Negative market value of derivative financial instruments etc | - | 514 | 111 | 582 | 3,306 | 4,514 |
| Contingent liabilities | - | - | 17,592 | 4,632 | 6,413 | 28,637 |
| Agreed payments, liabilities | | | | | | |
| Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 8,714 | 9,258 | 475 | 14,769 | 1,531 | 34,746 |
| Deposits and other payables | 108,750 | 39,232 | 1,009 | 188 | - | 149,179 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | - | 3,909 | - | - | - | 3,909 |
| Other non-derivative financial liabilities | - | 139 | 1,781 | 4,133 | 3,727 | 9,781 |
| Contingent liabilities | - | - | 17,592 | 4,632 | 6,413 | 28,637 |

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DKK million

Nykredit Bank A/S

21. CONTRACTUAL DUE DATES BY TIME-TO-MATURITY (PARENT) (CONTINUED)

| 2024 | On demand | Up to 3 months | Over 3 months and up to 1 year | Over 1 year and up to 5 years | Over 5 years | Total |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Receivables from credit institutions and central banks | 820 | 4,106 | - | - | - | 4,926 |
| Loans, advances and other receivables at amortised cost | 45,186 | 68,393 | 18,078 | 8,486 | 3,173 | 143,315 |
| Bonds at fair value | - | 278 | 7,686 | 27,355 | 8,119 | 43,438 |
| Positive market value of derivative financial instruments etc | - | 503 | 112 | 859 | 4,723 | 6,196 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 10,719 | 6,242 | 4,575 | 18,647 | - | 40,183 |
| Deposits and other payables | 95,614 | 28,027 | 1,615 | 340 | - | 125,596 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | 0 | 9,532 | 2,101 | - | - | 11,634 |
| Other non-derivative financial liabilities | - | 355 | 240 | 1,489 | 7,325 | 9,410 |
| Negative market value of derivative financial instruments etc | - | 473 | 151 | 727 | 3,689 | 5,040 |
| Contingent liabilities | - | - | 16,454 | 5,280 | 4,997 | 26,731 |
| Agreed payments, liabilities | | | | | | |
| Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 10,719 | 6,426 | 4,771 | 19,546 | - | 41,462 |
| Deposits and other payables | 95,614 | 28,438 | 1,639 | 345 | - | 126,036 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | 0 | 9,691 | 2,143 | - | - | 11,834 |
| Other non-derivative financial liabilities | - | 356 | 241 | 1,491 | 7,336 | 9,424 |
| Contingent liabilities | - | - | 16,454 | 5,280 | 4,997 | 26,731 |

NOTES

| | | DKK million | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 22. CASH BALANCES AND DEMAND DEPOSITS WITH CENTRAL BANKS | | | |
| 760 | 726 | 726 | 760 |
| 27,082 | 26,024 | 26,024 | 27,082 |
| 27,842 | 26,751 | 26,751 | 27,842 |
| 23. RECEIVABLES FROM CREDIT INSTITUTIONS AND CENTRAL BANKS | | | |
| 827 | 2,095 | 2,166 | 890 |
| 219 | - | - | 219 |
| 3,879 | 10,192 | 10,192 | 3,879 |
| 4,926 | 12,287 | 12,358 | 4,989 |

NOTES

| | | DKK million | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | | |
| 2024 | 2025 | | 2025 | 2024 |
| 24. LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES AT AMORTISED COST | | | | |
| 102,141 | 111,819 | Bank loans and advances | 116,048 | 106,337 |
| 44,026 | 54,655 | Reverse repurchase lending | 54,655 | 44,026 |
| 146,167 | 166,474 | Balance, end of year | 170,703 | 150,363 |
| Adjustment for credit risk | | | | |
| (2,852) | (3,031) | Impairment provisions | (3,224) | (3,058) |
| 143,315 | 163,443 | Balance after impairment, end of year | 167,480 | 147,305 |
| Fixed-rate loans | | | | |
| 101 | 46 | Of total loans and advances, fixed-rate loans represent | 46 | 101 |
| 100 | 45 | Market value of fixed-rate loans | 45 | 100 |
| Finance leases | | | | |
| - | - | Of total loans and advances at amortised cost, finance leases represent | 6,448 | 6,595 |
| - | - | Carrying amount, beginning of year | 6,595 | 6,324 |
| - | - | Additions | 2,192 | 2,516 |
| - | - | Disposals etc | (2,339) | (2,245) |
| - | - | Carrying amount, end of year | 6,448 | 6,595 |
| - | - | Non-earned income | 1,241 | 1,234 |
| Where loans and advances under finance leases are concerned, amortised cost represents their fair value. The leases comprise equipment as well as real estate. The leases have been concluded on an arm's length basis. The term of the leases is up to 13 years. | | | | |
| - | - | Impairment provisions for finance leases represent | 97 | 116 |
| Non-guaranteed residual values on expiry of the leases represent DKK 0. | | | | |

NOTES

DKK million

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 24. LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES AT AMORTISED COST (CONTINUED) | | | |
| % | % | % | % |
| Loans, advances and guarantee debtors by sector as %, end of year | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Public sector | | | |
| Business customers | | | |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 11 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| 4 | 6 | 6 | 4 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 9 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 4 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| 33 | 35 | 32 | 29 |
| 10 | 8 | 8 | 10 |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| 85 | 83 | 82 | 84 |
| Total business customers | | | |
| 15 | 17 | 18 | 16 |
| Personal customers | | | |
| 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Total | | | |
| The sector distribution is based on the official Danish activity codes. | | | |
| 25. BONDS AT FAIR VALUE | | | |
| 41,688 | 29,816 | 30,568 | 42,482 |
| Covered bonds | | | |
| 868 | 1,055 | 1,055 | 868 |
| Government bonds | | | |
| 882 | 919 | 926 | 882 |
| Other bonds etc | | | |
| 43,438 | 31,790 | 32,549 | 44,232 |
| Total | | | |
| The effect of fair value adjustment is recognised in the income statement. | | | |
| 476 | 1,094 | 1,098 | 479 |
| Of which redeemed bonds | | | |
| 7,024 | 9,028 | 9,028 | 7,024 |
| Assets sold as part of genuine sale and repurchase transactions | | | |
| 6,192 | 6,682 | 6,682 | 6,192 |
| As collateral for the Danish central bank, Danmarks Nationalbank and foreign clearing centres etc, bonds at fair value have been deposited of a total market value of | | | |
| The deposits were made on an arm's length basis in connection with clearing and settlement of securities and foreign exchange trades. The deposits are adjusted on a daily basis and generally have a repayment term of very few value days. | | | |

NOTES

| | | DKK million | |
|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 26. EQUITIES ETC | | | |
| 60 | 89 | Equities measured at fair value through profit or loss | 106 75 |
| 60 | 89 | Total | 106 75 |
| Specification of equity portfolios | | | |
| 30 | 57 | Listed on Nasdaq Copenhagen A/S | 74 45 |
| 0 | 1 | Listed on other stock exchanges | 1 0 |
| 30 | 31 | Unlisted equities carried at fair value | 31 30 |
| 60 | 89 | Total | 106 75 |
| 27. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES AND GROUP ENTERPRISES | | | |
| Investments in associates | | | |
| 12 | 12 | Cost, beginning of year | 12 12 |
| - | - | Additions | - - |
| 12 | 12 | Cost, end of year | 12 12 |
| 5 | 6 | Revaluations and impairment charges, beginning of year | 6 5 |
| 5 | - | Received dividend | - 5 |
| 5 | 6 | Profit | 6 5 |
| 6 | 11 | Revaluations and impairment charges, end of year | 11 6 |
| 18 | 23 | Balance, end of year | 23 18 |
| Investments in Group enterprises | | | |
| 897 | 866 | Cost, beginning of year | - - |
| 31 | 27 | Disposals | - - |
| 866 | 839 | Cost, end of year | - - |
| 1,724 | 1,825 | Revaluations and impairment charges, beginning of year | - - |
| 472 | 508 | Received dividend | - - |
| 760 | 725 | Profit before tax | - - |
| 187 | 187 | Tax | - - |
| 1,825 | 1,855 | Revaluations and impairment charges, end of year | - - |
| 2,691 | 2,695 | Balance, end of year | - - |
| Subordinated receivables | | | |
| 314 | 393 | Other enterprises | 393 314 |
| 314 | 393 | Total | 393 314 |

Customer relationships relating to the investment in Sparinvest have been determined at DKK 170 million, which is amortised over 7 years. The value relates to the distribution network and administration and asset management activities.

NOTES

| | | DKK million | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Nycredit Bank A/S | | Nycredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 27. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES AND GROUP ENTERPRISES (CONTINUED) | | | |
| Balances with associates and Group enterprises | | | |
| Group enterprises | | | |
| Asset items | | | |
| 6,145 | 6,266 | - | - |
| 16 | 16 | - | - |
| 6,161 | 6,282 | - | - |
| Liability items | | | |
| 675 | 762 | - | - |
| 3 | 3 | - | - |
| 678 | 765 | - | - |
| 28. ASSETS IN POOLED SCHEMES | | | |
| 70 | 50 | 50 | 70 |
| 9,219 | 11,311 | 11,311 | 9,219 |
| (166) | 55 | 55 | (166) |
| 9,123 | 11,416 | 11,416 | 9,123 |
| 29. INTANGIBLE ASSETS | | | |
| 29 a. Customer relationships | | | |
| - | - | 170 | 170 |
| - | - | 40 | - |
| - | - | 210 | 170 |
| - | - | 128 | 104 |
| - | - | 27 | 24 |
| - | - | 155 | 128 |
| - | - | 56 | 42 |

NOTES

| | | DKK million | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-------|--|------|------|--------------------------------|-------|-------|---------------------------------------|------|------|--------------------------------------------------------|---|---|
| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 29. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 29 b. Goodwill | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,770 | 1,770 | 1,770 | 1,770 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Cost, beginning of year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,770 | 1,770 | 1,770 | 1,770 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Cost, end of year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,770 | 1,770 | 1,770 | 1,770 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total goodwill, end of year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Acquisition of Amber Fondsmæglerselskab A/S in 2011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,755 | 1,755 | 1,755 | 1,755 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Acquisition of Sparinvest Holdings SE in 2019 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,770 | 1,770 | 1,770 | 1,770 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total goodwill, end of year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>Acquisition of Amber Fondsmæglerselskab A/S in 2011: Goodwill was allocated to the business area Wealth Management.</p> <p>Acquisition of Sparinvest Holdings SE in 2019: Goodwill was allocated to the business area Wealth Management. (Nykredit Group level) as the underlying cash flows are principally generated by this business area. Internal financial reporting is made at Nykredit Group level to the Management, which also monitors the value of goodwill.</p> <p>The impairment test is based on the following assumptions:</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>2025</th> <th>2024</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Acquired goodwill (Sparinvest)</td> <td>1,755</td> <td>1,755</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Required rate of return before tax, %</td> <td>12.2</td> <td>10.8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fixed annual business growth in the terminal period, %</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>If average annual growth in the budget period declines by 1.0 percentage point, this will not lead to impairment. Similarly, an increased return requirement of 1 percentage point will not lead to impairment.</p> <p>Goodwill is tested for impairment once a year and is measured at cost less accumulated impairment. If the impairment test indicates a value, which is lower than the carrying amount, goodwill will be written down to the recoverable amount. Goodwill has not been amortised, and an impairment test has provided no evidence of goodwill impairment.</p> <p>The recoverable amount is calculated as the present value of the expected cash flows from the unit to which allocation of goodwill is made.</p> <p>Expected cash flows included in the impairment test are based on a 4-year budget period that reflects existing budgets and forecasts in the budget period as well as a subsequent terminal period where growth rates are kept at 2%. The development in the budget period is based on the development over the past few years and includes expected intake of new customers, increased volumes of existing customers and value increases of existing portfolios. Costs have been projected using an expected inflation rate.</p> <p>The effect thereof has been partly offset by synergies resulting from the acquisition. The discount rate applied in 2025 was 12.2% (9% after tax) compared with 10.8% in 2024 (8% after tax). The determination is based on an analysis of the equity market's return requirements for investment management and portfolio administration.</p> | | | | | 2025 | 2024 | Acquired goodwill (Sparinvest) | 1,755 | 1,755 | Required rate of return before tax, % | 12.2 | 10.8 | Fixed annual business growth in the terminal period, % | 2 | 2 |
| | 2025 | 2024 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Acquired goodwill (Sparinvest) | 1,755 | 1,755 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Required rate of return before tax, % | 12.2 | 10.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed annual business growth in the terminal period, % | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 29 c. Software | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | 87 | 73 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Cost, beginning of year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | 13 | 14 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Additions for the year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | 100 | 87 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Cost, end of year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | 49 | 36 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Amortisation, beginning of year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | 15 | 13 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Amortisation for the year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | 64 | 49 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Amortisation, end of year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | 36 | 38 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total software, end of year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

NOTES

| | | DKK million | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------|
| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| | 30. LAND AND PROPERTY | | |
| | 30 a. Equipment | | |
| - | - Cost, beginning of year | 8 | 8 |
| - | - Additions | 1 | - |
| - | - Cost, end of year | 9 | 8 |
| - | - Depreciation and impairment, beginning of year | 7 | 6 |
| - | - Depreciation for the year | 1 | 1 |
| - | - Depreciation and impairment, end of year | 7 | 7 |
| - | - Total equipment, end of year | 1 | 1 |
| | Equipment is depreciated over 3-5 years and had an average residual depreciation period of 1 year at 31 December 2025 (end-2024: 1 year). | | |

NOTES

| | DKK million | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| | 2025 | 2024 |
| 30. LAND AND PROPERTY (CONTINUED) | | |
| 30 b. Leased property | | |
| Cost, beginning of year | 22 | 22 |
| Additions and disposals | - | - |
| Cost, end of year | 22 | 22 |
| Depreciation and impairment, beginning of year | 6 | 3 |
| Depreciation for the year | 3 | 3 |
| Depreciation and impairment, end of year | 9 | 6 |
| Balance, end of year | 13 | 16 |

| | 2025 | | 2024 | |
|---------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| | Minimum lease pay- ments | Present value of mini- mum lease payments | Minimum lease pay- ments | Present value of mini- mum lease payments |
| 0-1 year | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 1-5 years | 8 | 8 | 11 | 11 |
| 5-10 years | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Over 10 years | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 13 | 13 | 16 | 16 |

Leased assets concern properties from which Nykredit operates (owner-occupied properties). IFRS 16 was implemented in 2019, and additions for the year have mainly been calculated based on the present value of the remaining lease payments, excluding VAT and any services.

The discount rate is based on Nykredit's lending rate, which is determined on the basis of a swap rate with a term matching the remaining lease term plus a Nykredit-specific credit spread. The total interest rate ranges between 0.55% for ultra short-term contracts and 1.11% for long-term contracts. For leases which have been terminated, the determination is based on the period until the end of the lease term, while the remaining portfolio has an average remaining term of about 5 years based on an estimate of the period in which Nykredit expects to occupy the properties.

Liabilities were DKK 13 million at the end of 2025 (2024: DKK 16 million). Interest relating to lease liabilities was DKK 0 million (2024: DKK 0 million).

NOTES

| | | DKK million | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 31. OTHER ASSETS | | | |
| 1,238 | 1,461 | 1,486 | 1,265 |
| 6,196 | 4,409 | 4,409 | 6,196 |
| 2,735 | 2,496 | 2,652 | 2,869 |
| 10,170 | 8,366 | 8,548 | 10,331 |
| Minimum margin | | | |
| Upon entering into and in connection with the following valuation of derivatives contracts, provisions are made in the form of a so-called minimum margin for liquidity risk, credit risk and return on capital. The minimum margin is amortised over the time-to-maturity of the derivatives. | | | |
| 236 | 253 | 253 | 236 |
| 16 | 21 | 21 | 16 |
| 252 | 274 | 274 | 252 |
| 139 | 127 | 127 | 139 |

NOTES

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | DKK million | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2024 | 2025 | | Nykredit Bank Group |
| | | | 2025 2024 |
| 32. PAYABLES TO CREDIT INSTITUTIONS AND CENTRAL BANKS | | | |
| 36,633 | 26,827 | Payables to credit institutions | 26,827 36,633 |
| 3,331 | 7,080 | Repo transactions with credit institutions | 7,080 3,331 |
| 219 | - | Repo transactions with central banks | - 219 |
| 40,183 | 33,907 | Total | 33,907 40,183 |
| Of total balances with banks, DKK 16 billion relates to a deposit from the Parent Nykredit Realkredit. The amount is used to meet the Danish FSA's minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities (MREL requirement) of Nykredit Bank A/S at individual level. | | | |
| 33. DEPOSITS AND OTHER PAYABLES | | | |
| 100,088 | 115,803 | On demand | 115,041 99,413 |
| 19,183 | 16,461 | Time deposits | 16,461 19,183 |
| 3,217 | 3,602 | Special deposits | 3,602 3,217 |
| 3,109 | 12,320 | Repo deposits | 12,320 3,109 |
| 125,596 | 148,186 | Total | 147,424 124,921 |
| 34. BONDS IN ISSUE AT AMORTISED COST | | | |
| 11,634 | 3,751 | Bonds in issue | 5,876 13,759 |
| 11,634 | 3,751 | Total | 5,876 13,759 |
| Issues | | | |
| 11,634 | 3,751 | ECP issues | 3,751 11,634 |
| - | - | Other issues | 2,125 2,125 |
| 11,634 | 3,751 | Total | 5,876 13,759 |

NOTES

| | | | DKK million | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Nykredit Bank A/S | | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | | 2025 | 2024 |
| 38. OTHER LIABILITIES | | | | |
| 829 | 1,074 | Interest and commission payable | 1,081 | 836 |
| 5,040 | 4,514 | Negative market value of derivative financial instruments etc | 4,514 | 5,040 |
| 1,140 | 2,106 | Other | 2,577 | 1,639 |
| 7,009 | 7,695 | Total | 8,172 | 7,515 |
| 39. PROVISIONS | | | | |
| Provisions for losses under guarantees | | | | |
| 328 | 302 | Balance, beginning of year | 302 | 328 |
| 197 | 121 | Additions | 121 | 197 |
| (224) | (175) | Reversal of unutilised amounts | (175) | (224) |
| 302 | 248 | Balance, end of year | 248 | 302 |
| Other provisions | | | | |
| 290 | 270 | Balance, beginning of year | 271 | 291 |
| 34 | 113 | Additions | 118 | 34 |
| 53 | 39 | Disposals | 39 | 53 |
| 270 | 345 | Balance, end of year | 350 | 271 |
| Total provisions for losses under guarantees and other provisions | | | | |
| 618 | 572 | Balance, beginning of year | 573 | 620 |
| 231 | 234 | Additions | 239 | 231 |
| (224) | (175) | Reversal of unutilised amounts | (175) | (224) |
| 53 | 39 | Disposals | 39 | 53 |
| 572 | 593 | Balance, end of year | 598 | 573 |

As a result of its operations, the Bank continuously enters into contracts where it is probable that the settlement of the liability will lead to an outflow of the Bank's financial resources, and where a reliable estimate may be made of the size of the liability.

The balance sheet items in the Financial Statements represent the Bank's best estimates of the expected costs relating to provisions.

The provisions concern contractual obligations relating to loans and advances and other banking activities, as well as provisions for restructuring costs.

It is estimated that the majority of provisions will be settled within 1-2 years.

NOTES

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | DKK million | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Nykredit Bank Group | | |
| 2024 | 2025 | | 2025 | 2024 |
| 40. OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS | | | | |
| Guarantees and warranties provided, irrevocable credit commitments and similar obligations not recognised in the balance sheets are presented below. | | | | |
| 26,731 | 28,633 | Contingent liabilities | 28,640 | 26,738 |
| 10,879 | 13,448 | Other commitments | 14,477 | 11,736 |
| 37,609 | 42,081 | Total | 43,117 | 38,474 |
| 40 a. Contingent liabilities | | | | |
| 11,139 | 10,993 | Financial guarantees | 10,993 | 11,139 |
| 3,488 | 3,682 | Registration and refinancing guarantees | 3,682 | 3,488 |
| 12,104 | 13,958 | Other contingent liabilities | 13,965 | 12,112 |
| 26,731 | 28,633 | Total | 28,640 | 26,738 |
| Other contingent liabilities chiefly comprises purchase price and payment guarantees. | | | | |
| 40 b. Other commitments | | | | |
| 10,827 | 13,382 | Irrevocable credit commitments | 13,382 | 10,827 |
| 51 | 66 | Other | 1,095 | 909 |
| 10,879 | 13,448 | Total | 14,477 | 11,736 |
| "Other" under "Other commitments" comprises obligations to and charges in favour of securities depositaries, investment commitments to private equity funds. | | | | |

Moreover, the Nykredit Bank Group had credit commitments of a term of less than 1 year totalling DKK 22 billion as at 31 December 2025.

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Nykredit Bank Group

40. OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS (CONTINUED)

Other contingent liabilities

Legal proceedings

Owing to its operations, the Bank is involved in legal proceedings and litigation. The cases are subject to ongoing review, and necessary provisions are made based on an assessment of the risk of loss. Pending cases are not expected to have a significant effect on the Nykredit Bank Group's financial position.

BEC Financial Technologies (BEC)

BEC Financial Technologies (BEC) is an IT provider of Nykredit Bank. According to BEC's articles of association, Nykredit Bank may terminate its membership of BEC giving two and a half years' notice to expire at the end of a financial year. Should the membership terminate otherwise for reasons related to Nykredit Bank, compensation will be payable to BEC as defined in BEC's articles of association. If a bank merges and ceases being an independent bank, the BEC membership terminates without notice but a transitional scheme may apply.

As of the end of 2025 the compensation for Nykredit Bank A/S will amount to 1,238 million DKK.

Guarantee and resolution schemes

Nykredit Bank A/S participates in the mandatory Danish deposit guarantee scheme. A new scheme was introduced in 2015, as the Danish Guarantee Fund took over the activities and assets of the Danish Guarantee Fund for Depositors and Investors on 1 June 2015. The purpose of the Danish Guarantee Fund is to provide cover for depositors and investors of failing institutions included in the Fund's scheme. The scheme includes both natural and legal persons, and deposits are covered by an amount equivalent to EUR 100,000 per depositor and EUR 20,000 per investor.

The Danish Resolution Fund, which is a finance scheme, was also established in 2015. The Danish Resolution Fund is funded by annual contributions from participating banks, mortgage lenders and investment companies and, as from 31 December 2025, the assets of the scheme must make up 1% of the sector's covered deposits. Participating institutions make annual contributions to cover any losses incurred by the Danish Resolution Fund in connection with the resolution of failing institutions.

Joint taxation

The Company is jointly taxed in Denmark with Forenet Kredit as the administration company. Pursuant to the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is liable for income taxes etc payable by the jointly taxed companies and for any obligations to withhold tax at source on interest, royalties and dividends of these companies.

41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The Parent Nykredit Realkredit, its parent as well as Group enterprises and associates are regarded as related parties. In addition, Nykredit Bank's Group enterprises and associates as stated in the Group structure are included as well as the Bank's Board of Directors, its Executive Board and related parties thereof.

The agreement relating to the distribution of mortgage loans to personal customers via Totalkredit A/S has been amended. Nykredit Bank A/S now receives distribution commission instead of Nykredit Realkredit A/S.

The companies have entered into various intercompany agreements as a natural part of the Group's day-to-day operations. The agreements typically involve financing, provision of guarantees, insurance, sales commission, tasks relating to IT support and IT development projects, payroll and staff administration as well as other administrative tasks.

Intercompany trading in goods and services took place on an arm's length, cost reimbursement or profit split basis.

Agreements between Nykredit Realkredit A/S and Nykredit Bank A/S

Framework agreement on the terms for financial transactions relating to loans and deposits in the securities and money market areas etc. Transactions in financial instruments are covered by master netting agreements involving an ongoing exchange of collateral in the form of cash and bonds.

Nykredit Realkredit has a deposit with Nykredit Bank to cover the Bank's MREL requirement.

Agreement on the distribution of mortgage loans to business customers.

Agreements between Totalkredit A/S and Nykredit Bank A/S

Nykredit Bank may transfer secured homeowner loans to Totalkredit A/S. In 2024 and 2025 Nykredit Bank transferred secured homeowner loans to Totalkredit A/S.

Agreement on the distribution of mortgage loans to personal customers via Totalkredit A/S (this agreement was concluded on the same terms as apply to other business partners, including commission payments).

Agreements between Forenet Kredit and Group companies

Forenet Kredit annually distributes an amount to the Group companies which use the contribution to offer the Group's customers mutual benefits in the form of discounts and green solutions.

NOTES

DKK million

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED) | | | |
| 41 A. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE PARENT, NYKREDIT REALKREDIT A/S, AND ITS GROUP ENTERPRISES AND ASSOCIATES | | | |
| Income statement | | | |
| 242 | 4 | 4 | 242 |
| 1,374 | 676 | 676 | 1,374 |
| 305 | 2,418 | 2,421 | 307 |
| 501 | - | - | 501 |
| 33 | 97 | 103 | 39 |
| 49 | (7) | (7) | 49 |
| 1,235 | 3,088 | 3,343 | 1,473 |
| Asset items | | | |
| 1,633 | 375 | 375 | 1,633 |
| 12,173 | 5,456 | 5,921 | 12,645 |
| 86 | 62 | 62 | 86 |
| Liability items | | | |
| 28,588 | 19,120 | 19,120 | 28,588 |
| 329 | 152 | 152 | 329 |
| 176 | 132 | 132 | 176 |
| 41 b. Transactions with other Nykredit Bank Group enterprises | | | |
| Income statement | | | |
| 183 | 145 | - | - |
| 11 | 2 | - | - |
| 144 | 178 | - | - |
| 22 | 19 | - | - |
| 23 | 22 | - | - |
| - | 42 | - | - |
| Asset items | | | |
| 6,145 | 6,266 | - | - |
| 16 | 16 | - | - |
| Liability items | | | |
| 675 | 762 | - | - |
| 3 | 3 | - | - |

NOTES

Nykredit Bank Group

42. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES

Valuation principles

Financial instruments are measured at fair value or amortised cost in the balance sheet. The tables in notes 42 a. and 42 b. show the fair values of all instruments compared with the carrying amounts at which the instruments are recognised in the balance sheet.

Financial instruments measured at fair value

The Group's fair value assets and liabilities are generally measured based on publicly listed prices or market terms in active markets on the balance sheet date. If an asset or liability measured at fair value has both a purchase and a sales price, the mean value is used as a basis for measurement. The measurement is the value at which a financial asset may be traded, or the amount at which a financial liability may be settled, between two independent and willing parties.

If the market for a financial asset or liability is illiquid, or if there are no publicly recognised prices, Nykredit determines the fair value using generally accepted valuation techniques. These techniques include corresponding recent transactions between independent parties, reference to other corresponding instruments and an analysis of discounted cash flows as well as option and other models based on observable market data.

Valuation techniques are generally applied to OTC derivatives and unlisted assets and liabilities.

Unlisted equities are measured at fair value using valuation methods according to which the fair value is estimated as the price of an asset traded between independent parties or based on the company's equity value, if the equity value is assumed equal to the fair value of the instrument.

Financial instruments measured at amortised cost

In connection with the determination of the fair value of the financial instruments measured at amortised cost in the Financial Statements, the following methods and significant assumptions have been applied:

- For loans, advances and receivables as well as deposits and other payables measured at amortised cost, carrying a variable interest rate and entered into on standard credit terms, the carrying amounts are estimated to correspond to the fair values.
- The fair value of fixed-rate assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost has been determined using generally accepted valuation methods.
- The credit risk of fixed-rate financial assets (loans and advances) has been assessed in relation to other loans, advances and receivables.
- The fair value of assets and liabilities without a fixed term has been assumed to be the value disburseable at the balance sheet date.
- The fair value of bonds in issue is measured based on valuation techniques, taking into account comparable transactions and observable inputs such as yield curves, at which Nykredit might launch issues.

Note 42 a shows the fair value of the financial instruments measured at amortised cost and the instances where the fair value does not correspond to the carrying amount.

Listed prices

The Group's assets and liabilities at fair value are to the widest extent possible recognised at listed prices or prices quoted in an active market or authorised marketplace.

Bonds at fair value are recognised at listed prices if external prices have been updated within the past two trading days prior to the balance sheet date. If no listed prices have been observed during this time span, the portfolio is recognised at observable inputs.

Observable inputs

When an instrument is not traded in an active market, measurement is based on the most recent listed price in an inactive market, the price of comparable transactions or generally accepted valuation techniques based on, for instance, discounted cash flows and option models.

Observable inputs are typically yield curves, volatilities and market prices of similar instruments, which are usually obtained through ordinary providers such as Reuters, Bloomberg and market makers. If the fair value is based on transactions in similar instruments, measurement is exclusively based on transactions at arm's length. Unlisted derivatives generally belong to this category.

Bonds not traded in the past two trading days belong to this category. The valuation is based on the most recent observed price, and adjustments are made for subsequent changes in market conditions, eg by including transactions in similar instruments (matrix pricing). Redeemed bonds are transferred to this category, as there is no access to official prices in active markets.

The CVA is calculated on our derivatives portfolio with counterparties that have material counterparty credit risk. The calculation is based on expected future exposures, that are simulated in a Monte-Carlo simulation. We use external credit spreads from Itraxx Europe and Crossover credit index as input for default probabilities.

Furthermore, Funding Valuation Adjustment (FVA) is used for the valuation of derivatives. FVA allows for Nykredit's future funding costs incurred by derivatives transactions where clients have not provided sufficient collateral. Nykredit has used a funding curve for this calculation, which is assessed on the basis of objective prices of Danish SIFI banks' traded bonds.

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Nykredit Bank Group

FVA may involve both a funding benefit and a funding cost, but for Nykredit, the net FVA adjustment in 2025 was a funding benefit. Debit Valuation Adjustment (DVA) is now a sub-element of the FVA adjustment.

Net value adjustment due to CVA, DVA and FVA amounted to DKK 42 million at 31 December 2025 against DKK a negative 195 million at the end of 2024.

Upon entering into derivatives contracts, further provisions are made in the form of a so-called minimum margin for liquidity and credit risk and return on capital etc. The minimum margin is amortised at the valuation of derivatives over their times-to-maturity. At 31 December 2025, the non-amortised minimum margin amounted to DKK 105 million against DKK 114 million at the end of 2024. With regard to liquidity and credit risk, DKK 127 million for the end of 2025 and DKK 139 million for 2024 have been included above in the net adjustment of FVA and CVA. Finally, in some instances further value adjustment based on management judgement is made if the models are not deemed to take into account all known risks, including eg legal risks.

In some cases, markets, eg the bond market, have become inactive and illiquid. When assessing market transactions, it may therefore be difficult to conclude whether the transactions were executed at arm's length or were forced sales. If measurement is based on recent transactions, the transaction price is compared with a price based on relevant yield curves and discounting techniques.

Unobservable inputs

When it is not possible to measure financial instruments at fair value based on prices in active markets or observable inputs, measurement is based on own assumptions and extrapolations etc. Where possible and appropriate, measurement is based on actual transactions adjusted for differences in eg the liquidity, credit spreads and maturities etc of the instruments. The Group's unlisted equities are generally classified under this heading, and valuation is based on the IPEV Valuation Guidelines.

The positive market values of a number of interest rate swaps with customers in the lowest rating categories have been adjusted for increased credit risk based on additional CVA. The adjustment uses for instance the statistical data applied by Nykredit Bank to calculate expected credit losses on loans and advances at amortised cost. Interest rate swaps which have been fair value adjusted to DKK 0 (after deduction for collateral) due to the creditworthiness of the counterparty are also included in the category "Unobservable inputs".

Following value adjustment, the fair value came to DKK 26 million at 31 December 2025 (2024: DKK 24 million). Credit value adjustments came to DKK 80 million at 31 December 2025 (2024: DKK 112 million).

The interest rate risk on these interest rate swaps is hedged in all material respects. However, interest rate fluctuations may impact results to the extent that the market value must be adjusted due to increased counterparty credit risk. A 0.1 percentage point change in interest rate levels will impact the fair value by +/- DKK 8 million.

However, financial assets measured on the basis of unobservable inputs account for a very limited part of total financial assets at fair value. At 31 December 2025, the proportion was thus 0.07% compared with 0.05% at the end of 2024. The proportion of financial liabilities was 0.0% against 0.0% at the end of 2024.

Valuation, notably of instruments classified as unobservable inputs, is subject to some uncertainty. Of total assets and liabilities, DKK 0.0 billion (2024: DKK 0.0 billion) belonged to this category.

Assuming that an actual market price will deviate by +/-10% from the calculated fair value, the earnings impact will be DKK 3 million at 31 December 2025 (0.01% of equity at 31 December 2025). The earnings impact for 2024 was estimated at DKK 3 million (0.01% of equity at 31 December 2024).

The net asset thus has a relatively insignificant impact on results and equity. With respect to derivatives (DKK 0.0 billion), it should be noted that changes in market value owing to the development in interest rates will largely be offset by credit value adjustment, and the net effect for accounting purposes is therefore assumed to be very low.

Transfers between categories

Transfers between the categories Listed prices, Observable inputs and Unobservable inputs are made when an instrument is classified differently on the balance sheet date than at the beginning of the financial year. The value transferred to another category corresponds to the fair value at the beginning of the year. With respect to interest rate swaps that have been fair value adjusted to DKK 0 due to credit risk adjustment, separate calculations are made at the end of each month.

In 2025 and 2024, transfers between the categories Observable inputs and Unobservable inputs mainly resulted from changes to the ratings (credit risk) of counterparties and primarily concerned interest rate swaps as regards financial instruments with positive market value.

Transfers between the categories Listed prices and Observable inputs mainly result from bonds that are reclassified either due to traded volume or the number of days between last transaction and the time of determination. In 2025 financial assets of DKK 0.8 billion (2024: DKK 0.2 billion) were transferred from Listed prices to Observable inputs and DKK 0.0 billion (2024: DKK 2.1 billion) from Observable inputs to Listed prices. Financial liabilities of DKK 0.2 billion (2024: DKK 0.4 billion) were transferred from Listed prices to Observable inputs and DKK 0.0 billion (2024: DKK 1.2 billion) from Observable inputs to Listed prices.

Redeemed bonds (usually comprised by Listed prices) are transferred to Observable inputs on the last day before the coupon date, as there is no access to official prices in active markets. At 31 December 2025, the amount was DKK 1.1 billion against DKK 0.5 billion at the end of 2024.

No transfers were made between the categories Listed prices and Unobservable inputs.

NOTES

DKK million

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42. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)**42 a. Fair value disclosures of assets and liabilities recognised at amortised cost**

Fair value calculated on the basis of

| 2025 | Carrying amount | Fair value | Balance | Listed prices | Observable inputs | Unobservable inputs |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Loans, advances and other receivables at amortised cost | 167,480 | 167,725 | 246 | - | - | 167,725 |
| Total | 167,480 | 167,725 | 246 | - | - | 167,725 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | 5,876 | 5,876 | - | - | 5,876 | - |
| Total | 5,876 | 5,876 | - | - | 5,876 | - |
| Transfer from assets | | | 246 | | | |
| Total balance | | | 246 | | | |
| 2024 | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Loans, advances and other receivables at amortised cost | 147,305 | 147,570 | 265 | - | - | 147,570 |
| Total | 147,305 | 147,570 | 265 | - | - | 147,570 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | 13,759 | 13,759 | - | - | 13,759 | - |
| Total | 13,759 | 13,759 | - | - | 13,759 | - |
| Transfer from assets | | | 265 | | | |
| Total balance | | | 265 | | | |

NOTES

DKK million

Nycredit Bank Group

42. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

42 b. Fair value of assets and liabilities recognised at fair value (IFRS hierarchy)

31 December 2025

| | Listed prices | Observable inputs | Unobservable inputs | Total fair value |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Financial assets: | | | | |
| - bonds at fair value | 379 | 32,169 | - | 32,549 |
| - equities measured at fair value through profit or loss | 100 | - | 6 | 106 |
| - positive fair value of derivative financial instruments | 56 | 4,327 | 26 | 4,409 |
| - assets in pooled schemes | 11,311 | 105 | - | 11,416 |
| Total | 11,846 | 36,602 | 32 | 48,480 |
| Percentage | 24.4 | 75.5 | 0.1 | 100.0 |
| Financial liabilities: | | | | |
| - deposits in pooled schemes | - | 11,416 | - | 11,416 |
| - other non-derivative financial liabilities at fair value | 2,565 | 7,209 | - | 9,774 |
| - negative fair value of derivative financial instruments | 72 | 4,442 | - | 4,514 |
| Total | 2,637 | 23,067 | - | 25,704 |
| Percentage | 10.3 | 89.7 | - | 100.0 |
| Assets measured on the basis of unobservable inputs | | | | |
| | | Equities | Derivatives | Total |
| Fair value, beginning of year, assets | | 8 | 24 | 32 |
| Unrealised capital gains and losses recognised in "Value adjustments" in the income statement | | 0 | (31) | (30) |
| Sales for the period | | (2) | - | (2) |
| Transferred from Listed prices and Observable inputs ¹ | | - | 29 | 29 |
| Transferred to Listed prices and Observable inputs ² | | - | - | - |
| Fair value, end of year, assets | | 6 | 26 | 32 |

¹ Transfers from Observable inputs to Unobservable inputs consist of interest rate swaps individually adjusted for increased credit risk.

² Transfers to Observable inputs from Unobservable inputs principally consist of interest rate swaps for which individual adjustment for increased credit risk is no longer required.

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DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

42. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

42 b. Fair value of assets and liabilities recognised at fair value (IFRS hierarchy)

31 December 2024

| | Listed prices | Observable inputs | Unobservable inputs | Total fair value |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Financial assets: | | | | |
| - bonds at fair value | 3,601 | 40,631 | - | 44,232 |
| - equities measured at fair value through profit or loss | 68 | - | 8 | 75 |
| - positive fair value of derivative financial instruments | 10 | 6,163 | 24 | 6,196 |
| - assets in pooled schemes | 9,123 | - | - | 9,123 |
| Total | 12,801 | 46,794 | 32 | 59,627 |
| Percentage | 21.5 | 78.5 | 0.1 | 100.0 |
| Financial liabilities: | | | | |
| - deposits in pooled schemes | - | 9,123 | - | 9,123 |
| - other non-derivative financial liabilities at fair value | 1,562 | 7,845 | - | 9,407 |
| - negative fair value of derivative financial instruments | 38 | 5,002 | - | 5,040 |
| Total | 1,600 | 21,970 | - | 23,570 |
| Percentage | 6.8 | 93.2 | - | 100.0 |
| Assets measured on the basis of unobservable inputs | | | | |
| | | Equities | Derivatives | Total |
| Fair value, beginning of year, assets | | 8 | 275 | 282 |
| Unrealised capital gains and losses recognised in "Value adjustments" in the income statement | | 0 | 115 | 116 |
| Sales for the period | | (0) | (8) | (8) |
| Transferred from Listed prices and Observable inputs ¹ | | - | - | - |
| Transferred to Listed prices and Observable inputs ² | | - | (358) | (358) |
| Fair value, end of year, assets | | 8 | 24 | 32 |

¹ Transfers from Observable inputs to Unobservable inputs consist of interest rate swaps individually adjusted for increased credit risk.² Transfers to Observable inputs from Unobservable inputs principally consist of interest rate swaps for which individual adjustment for increased credit risk is no longer required.

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DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

43. OFFSETTING

| | Gross amounts | Financial instruments offset | Carrying amount after offsetting | Further offsetting, mas- ter netting agreements | Collateral | Net amounts |
|----------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 2025 | | | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| Derivatives with a positive fair value | 26,428 | 22,019 | 4,409 | 1,684 | 485 | 2,241 |
| Reverse repo transactions | 64,907 | 59 | 64,847 | - | 63,928 | 919 |
| Total | 91,335 | 22,078 | 69,257 | 1,684 | 64,413 | 3,160 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| Derivatives with a negative fair value | 26,533 | 22,019 | 4,514 | 1,684 | 3 | 2,827 |
| Repo transactions | 19,459 | 59 | 19,400 | - | 19,299 | 101 |
| Total | 45,992 | 22,078 | 23,914 | 1,684 | 19,302 | 2,928 |
| 2024 | | | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| Derivatives with a positive fair value | 38,717 | 23,500 | 15,217 | 2,233 | 757 | 12,227 |
| Reverse repo transactions | 50,421 | 2,296 | 48,125 | - | 47,882 | 243 |
| Total | 89,138 | 25,796 | 63,342 | 2,233 | 48,639 | 12,470 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| Derivatives with a negative fair value | 37,561 | 23,500 | 14,061 | 2,233 | 371 | 11,457 |
| Repo transactions | 8,955 | 2,296 | 6,659 | - | 6,593 | 66 |
| Total | 46,516 | 25,796 | 20,720 | 2,233 | 6,964 | 11,523 |

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported when the Group and the counterparty have a legally enforceable right of set-off and have agreed to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability.

Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments with the same counterparty are offset if it has been agreed to settle contractual payments on a net basis when cash payments are made or collateral is provided on a daily basis in case of fair value changes. The Group's netting of positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments may be cleared through LCH (CCP clearing).

Furthermore, netting is carried out in accordance with enforceable master netting agreements. Master netting agreements and similar agreements entitle parties to offset in the event of default, which further reduces the exposure to a defaulting counterparty but does not meet the conditions for accounting offsetting in the balance sheet.

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DKK million

Nycredit Bank Group

44. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

| By time-to-maturity | Net market value | | | | Gross market value | | | Nominal value |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|
| | Up to 3 months | Over 3 months and up to 1 year | Over 1 year and up to 5 years | Over 5 years | Positive market value | Negative market value | Net market value | |
| 2025 | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | | | | | | | | |
| Forward contracts/futures, purchased | (99) | 3 | (3) | - | 219 | 317 | (98) | 77,315 |
| Forward contracts/futures, sold | 100 | (4) | 6 | - | 257 | 155 | 102 | 67,761 |
| Swaps | - | - | 0 | - | 0 | - | 0 | 23 |
| Options, purchased | 0 | 5 | - | - | 6 | 0 | 6 | 627 |
| Options, written | (0) | (5) | - | - | 0 | 6 | (6) | 591 |
| Interest rate contracts | | | | | | | | |
| Forward contracts/futures, purchased | (28) | - | - | - | 24 | 51 | (28) | 33,893 |
| Forward contracts/futures, sold | 11 | - | - | - | 32 | 21 | 11 | 23,001 |
| Swaps | (34) | 14 | 48 | (268) | 3,539 | 3,779 | (241) | 2,303,537 |
| Options, purchased | 6 | 0 | 40 | 272 | 317 | - | 317 | 13,235 |
| Options, written | - | (3) | (36) | (116) | - | 155 | (155) | 8,656 |
| Equity contracts | | | | | | | | |
| Forward contracts/futures, sold | 0 | - | - | - | 0 | - | 0 | 11 |
| Credit contracts | | | | | | | | |
| Credit default swaps, purchased | - | - | - | (16) | - | 16 | (16) | - |
| Credit default swaps, sold | - | - | - | 4 | 4 | - | 4 | - |
| Unsettled spot transactions | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) | - | - | - | 11 | 13 | (2) | 24,359 |
| Total | (44) | 10 | 55 | (125) | 4,410 | 4,514 | (104) | |
| Of which positive market value | 483 | 122 | 636 | 3,169 | | | | |
| Of which negative market value | 527 | 111 | 582 | 3,294 | | | | |

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DKK million

Nycredit Bank Group

44. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

| By time-to-maturity | Net market value | | | | Gross market value | | Net market value | Nominal value |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|
| | Up to 3 months | Over 3 months and up to 1 year | Over 1 year and up to 5 years | Over 5 years | Positive market value | Negative market value | | |
| 2024 | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | | | | | | | | |
| Forward contracts/futures, purchased | (11) | 24 | (7) | - | 250 | 244 | 7 | 53,182 |
| Forward contracts/futures, sold | 116 | (21) | 6 | - | 290 | 189 | 101 | 51,816 |
| Swaps | - | 0 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 96 |
| Options, purchased | 0 | 1 | 5 | - | 7 | - | 7 | 242 |
| Options, written | (0) | (1) | (5) | - | - | 7 | (7) | 242 |
| Interest rate contracts | | | | | | | | |
| Forward contracts/futures, purchased | (28) | 0 | 0 | - | 5 | 33 | (28) | 12,449 |
| Forward contracts/futures, sold | (1) | - | - | - | 5 | 5 | (1) | 11,595 |
| Swaps | (30) | 1 | 120 | 855 | 5,258 | 4,312 | 946 | 1,273,502 |
| Options, purchased | - | 0 | 58 | 300 | 358 | - | 358 | 14,778 |
| Options, written | (0) | (43) | (46) | (121) | - | 211 | (211) | 11,489 |
| Equity contracts | | | | | | | | |
| Forward contracts/futures, purchased | (0) | - | - | - | - | 0 | (0) | 0 |
| Unsettled spot transactions | | | | | | | | |
| | (17) | - | - | - | 22 | 39 | (17) | 25,296 |
| Total | 29 | (39) | 132 | 1,033 | 6,197 | 5,041 | 1,156 | |
| Of which positive market value | 503 | 112 | 859 | 4,723 | | | | |
| Of which negative market value | 473 | 151 | 727 | 3,689 | | | | |

NOTES

DKK million

45. UNSETTLED SPOT TRANSACTIONS

Nykredit Bank Group

| | 2025 | | | | 2024 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Market value | | | | |
| | Nominal value | Positive | Negative | Net market value | Net market value |
| Foreign exchange contracts, purchased | 6,196 | 2 | (3) | (2) | (9) |
| Foreign exchange contracts, sold | 10,098 | 4 | (7) | (3) | (9) |
| Interest rate contracts, purchased | 2,636 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Interest rate contracts, sold | 4,698 | 2 | (1) | 1 | (1) |
| Equity contracts, purchased | 358 | 1 | (1) | 0 | (11) |
| Equity contracts, sold | 373 | 1 | (1) | (0) | 11 |
| Total | 24,359 | 11 | (13) | (2) | (17) |
| Total, the year before | 25,296 | 22 | 39 | (17) | 6 |

Nykredit Bank A/S

| | 2025 | | | | 2024 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Market value | | | | |
| | Nominal value | Positive | Negative | Net market value | Net market value |
| Foreign exchange contracts, purchased | 6,196 | 2 | (3) | (2) | (9) |
| Foreign exchange contracts, sold | 10,098 | 4 | (7) | (3) | (9) |
| Interest rate contracts, purchased | 2,636 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Interest rate contracts, sold | 4,698 | 2 | (1) | 1 | (1) |
| Equity contracts, purchased | 358 | 1 | (1) | 0 | (11) |
| Equity contracts, sold | 373 | 1 | (1) | (0) | 11 |
| Total | 24,359 | 11 | (13) | (2) | (17) |
| Total, the year before | 25,296 | 22 | 39 | (17) | 6 |

The Bank's activities take place exclusively through an exchange of listed bonds on an arm's length basis.

Nykredit Bank offsets financial assets and liabilities in connection with derivative contracts entered into with the same counterparty, where there is a right of set-off and netting of payments has been agreed.

NOTES

DKK million

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 46. REPO TRANSACTIONS AND REVERSE REPURCHASE LENDING | | | |
| <p>Nykredit Bank applies repo transactions and reverse repurchase lending in its day-to-day business operations. All transactions were entered into using bonds as the underlying asset</p> <p>Nykredit Bank offsets financial assets and liabilities in connection with derivative contracts entered into with the same counterparty, where there is a right of set-off and netting of payments has been agreed.</p> <p>Of the asset items below, reverse repurchase lending represents:</p> | | | |
| 4,099 | 10,192 | 10,192 | 4,099 |
| 4,064 | 10,098 | 10,098 | 4,064 |
| 34 | 94 | 94 | 34 |
| Total less collateral | | | |
| 46,322 | 54,715 | 54,715 | 46,322 |
| 2,296 | 59 | 59 | 2,296 |
| 44,026 | 54,655 | 54,655 | 44,026 |
| Carrying amount after set-off | | | |
| 43,818 | 53,830 | 53,830 | 43,818 |
| 208 | 825 | 825 | 208 |
| Total less collateral | | | |
| <p>Of the liability items below, repo transactions represent:</p> | | | |
| 3,550 | 7,080 | 7,080 | 3,550 |
| 3,526 | 7,058 | 7,058 | 3,526 |
| 5,405 | 12,380 | 12,380 | 5,405 |
| 2,296 | 59 | 59 | 2,296 |
| 3,109 | 12,320 | 12,320 | 3,109 |
| Carrying amount after set-off | | | |
| 3,067 | 12,242 | 12,242 | 3,067 |
| Bonds provided as collateral | | | |

The Bank's activities take place exclusively through an exchange of listed bonds on an arm's length basis.

Nykredit Bank offsets financial assets and liabilities in connection with derivative contracts entered into with the same counterparty, where there is a right of set-off and netting of payments has been agreed.

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47. RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk profile

Nykredit's risk profile mainly relates to loans and credit facilities provided to personal and business customers. The business activities and the management of the investment portfolio involve credit, market, liquidity and non-financial risks, including operational risk, IT risk, conduct risk, model risk, data quality risk, and compliance risks.

Credit, market and operational risks are mitigated by having adequate capital. Liquidity risk is mitigated by having a sufficient stock of liquid assets.

Nykredit publishes a report annually entitled Risk and Capital Management, available at Nykredit.com It describes the Group's risk and capital management in detail and contains a wide selection of risk key figures in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR). The report is not audited.

Credit risk

Credit risk reflects the risk of loss resulting from Nykredit's customers and counterparties defaulting on their payment obligations.

Credit risk is managed in accordance with the credit policy. The credit policy is reviewed and adopted by the Board of Directors and is based on the Nykredit Group's strategy and the aim that customers should perceive Nykredit as a reliable and qualified financial partner.

All credit applications are assessed against the credit policy by financially trained, and qualified staff. Specifically, they assess the willingness and ability of customers to meet their obligations to Nykredit. The assessment of a customer's creditworthiness is the core element, supported by any security provided, including mortgages on real estate.

Nykredit's customer centres have been authorised to process most credit applications independently, as it is Nykredit's aim that most credit decisions should be made locally by a financially trained, qualified customer adviser. The authority comes with a requirement of credit policy and business procedure certification every three years, in addition to the statutory certification.

Nykredit has five regional credit units that process business customers' credit applications that exceed the authority assigned to the customer centres. Applications exceeding the authority of the regional credit units are processed centrally by Group Credits, unless they involve exposures requiring escalation to the Credits Committee, the Bank Executive Board or the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors of Nykredit Bank is presented with Nykredit's largest credit applications for approval/granting or briefing on a current basis. The Board of Directors of Nykredit Bank is briefed quarterly about any write-offs and impairment charges and annually about any exposures to members of the Board of Directors, the Executive Board etc.

When a customer applies for a bank facility, the customer and its financial circumstances are assessed. Overall guidelines on customer assessment have been laid down centrally and depend, for example, on the customer's relationship with the Bank's business areas. Nykredit's credit models form a material part of the assessment of personal and business customers.

At least once a year, the Bank's exposures exceeding DKK 1 million are reviewed. This forms part of the monitoring of credit exposures and is based on updated financial and customer information. In addition, all exposures showing signs of risk are reviewed, including minor exposures, to identify any need for changing a rating or for impairment provisions.

When opening credit lines for financial products, the Bank requires that a contractual basis be established providing it with a netting option. The contractual framework is based on standards such as ISDA or CSA agreements. In addition to a netting agreement, an agreement on financial collateral is typically concluded. Generally, no set-off has been made for collateral security or netting agreements in the Financial Statements. Set-off has been made, however, for repo transactions/reverse repurchase lending with a few counterparties and for the market values of derivatives cleared through a central clearing house.

Credit models

Nykredit uses internal ratings-based (IRB) models in its risk management and for the determination of the capital requirement for credit risk for the greater part of the loan portfolio. Nykredit continuously develops and improves its credit risk models, with a current focus on redeveloping them to comply with new regulation. The determination of credit risk is based on three key parameters: Probability of Default (PD), expected Loss Given Default (LGD) and expected Exposure at Default (EAD). These three key parameters are referred to as risk parameters. Nykredit estimates risk parameters on the basis of Nykredit's default and loss history.

Modelling principles

According to the CRR, PDs must be estimated on the basis of historical 1-year PDs while at the same time reflecting a suitable weighting between the long-term average and the current level. For the purpose of determining capital requirements, LGD estimates must always reflect an economic downturn.

The above principles applied to estimate the risk parameters ensure that the Group's risk exposure amount (REA) remains more stable throughout an economic cycle than if the calculations had exclusively reflected the current economic climate.

Probability of Default (PD)

PD expresses the probability of a customer defaulting on an obligation to Nykredit within a period of one year. Nykredit calculates a PD for each individual customer.

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The PDs of individual customers are translated into ratings from 0 to 10, 10 being the highest rating. Exposures in default are placed in a category of their own, outside the rating scale. The individual rating categories have been defined based on fixed PD ranges, which means that, in periods of high business activity, a high rating will be assigned to relatively more customers, while the opposite will apply during an economic downturn.

A rating reflects the customer's financial position and creditworthiness, and besides being included in the determination of capital requirements, the customer rating is also a key element of any customer assessment.

Loss Given Default (LGD)

For each customer product, Nykredit calculates an LGD, reflecting the percentage share of the exposure which is expected to be lost in case of customer default.

Expected LGDs vary with economic trends. In periods of high business activity, default will often not lead to any loss, as the value of the security will typically exceed the value of the loan. This applies in particular to loans secured by mortgages on real estate. Conversely, more and greater losses would be expected

during an economic downturn. For the determination of capital requirements, LGDs are calibrated to reflect losses during a severe economic downturn.

Elements of credit risk determination

| | |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PD | Probability of Default (PD) is the probability of a customer defaulting on an obligation to Nykredit within the first year. |
| LGD | Loss Given Default (LGD) is the estimated loss rate of an exposure in case of a customer's default. |
| EAD | Exposure at Default (EAD) is the total estimated exposure to a customer in DKK at the time of default, including any drawn part of a credit commitment. |
| REA | Risk Exposure Amount (REA) is calculated by risk-weighting credit exposures relating to the individual customer. The risk weighting is calculated on the basis of PD and LGD. |
| Default | For both mortgage and bank exposures, a number of events have been defined that make it unlikely that a customer will be able to pay its credit obligations without realisation of collateral. The main ones are: events leading to IFRS 9 stage 3, bankruptcy, distressed restructuring and significant arrears/overdrafts (90 days past due). |

Exposure at Default (EAD)

Nykredit estimates an EAD for all exposures relating to a customer, reflecting the total expected exposure to the customer at the time of default, including any additional drawn parts of approved credit commitments. The latter is factored in using conversion factors (CF).

Model validation and reliability

Nykredit continuously develops and improves its credit risk models, including internal models for calculation of impairment under IFRS 9. Focus is on achieving models that are accurate and yield consistent and stable parameters. The models are subject to annual validation, which is performed independently of the risk management function.

The Group Risk Committee monitors and manages Nykredit's model risks. The Group Risk Committee has established domain-specific model committees, which are in charge of the current management and monitoring of model risks and also responsible for governance in respect of model approval and model changes. The overall conclusions on model risks and validation are also reported to the Executive Board and the Board of Directors.

Concentration risk

Assessing the Bank's concentration risk is a natural element of risk management.

Pursuant to the CRR, individual exposures may not exceed 25% of eligible capital. The Bank had no exposures exceeding this limit in 2025.

Nykredit Bank's internal limit for single exposures to a non-financial counterparty is DKK 3 billion. The Board of Directors may, however, approve temporary exposures of up to DKK 5 billion for two years.

The Bank's largest single exposure to a non-financial counterparty was DKK 4.1 billion at the end of 2025. The temporary exposure was approved by the Board of Directors.

Rating scale and limit values

| Rating category | PD floor | PD ceiling |
|----------------------|----------|------------|
| 10 | 0.00% | 0.15% |
| 9 | 0.15% | 0.25% |
| 8 | 0.25% | 0.40% |
| 7 | 0.40% | 0.60% |
| 6 | 0.60% | 0.90% |
| 5 | 0.90% | 1.30% |
| 4 | 1.30% | 2.00% |
| 3 | 2.00% | 3.00% |
| 2 | 3.00% | 7.00% |
| 1 | 7.00% | 25.00% |
| 0 | 25.00% | <100.00% |
| Exposures in default | 100.00% | 100.00% |

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At the end of 2025, the Bank's 20 largest exposures to non-financial counterparties totalled DKK 47.3 billion, equivalent to 118% of eligible capital. In 2024 the Bank's 20 largest exposures to non-financial counterparties amounted to DKK 45.9 billion, equivalent to 121% of eligible capital.

Nykredit Bank has allocated capital under Pillar II to cover any potential concentration risk in addition to the regulatory capital requirement under Pillar I.

Risk exposure amount for credit risk

Nykredit Bank's REA for credit risk decreased from DKK 102.3 billion in 2024 to DKK 90 billion in 2025.

REA for credit risk is mainly calculated using the IRB approach. REA calculated using the IRB approach primarily comprises exposures to business and personal customers. REA calculated using the standardised approach primarily comprises credit institution and sovereign exposures. Changes in the figures in the table below are due to the implementation of CRR3. As a result, REA for specific customer segments, including corporate clients, is now calculated using the foundation IRB method (F-IRB) rather than the advanced IRB method (A-IRB). At the same time, REA for equities is now calculated using the standardised approach.

| Nykredit Bank Group | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| REA for credit risk excluding counterparty risk (CCR) | | |
| DKK million | 2025 | 2024 |
| Standardised approach | 11,163 | 9,667 |
| IRB (A-IRB) approach | 61,920 | - |
| IRB (F-IRB) approach | - | 76,871 |
| Equities | - | 94 |
| Other ¹ | - | 15,730 |
| Total credit risk excluding CCR | 90,040 | 102,314 |

¹ Including capital held for upcoming regulatory requirements applying to IRB models.

Total provisions

Total provisions increased to DKK 3,473 million in 2025 (end of 2024: DKK 3,361 million).

Provisions for guarantees and loan commitments amounted to DKK 248 million (end of 2024: DKK 302 million).

Relative to total loans, advances and guarantees, provisions amounted to 1.6% (end of 2024: 1.7%).

Earnings impact

Impairment charges for loans and advances were DKK 111 million in 2025 (2024: reversal of DKK 175 million). Of this amount, provisions for guarantees and loan commitments were a reversal of DKK 54 million (2024: reversal of DKK 26 million), and recoveries on loans and advances previously written off represented DKK 20 million (2024: DKK 40 million).

| Nykredit Bank Group | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| DKK million | | |
| | 31.12.2025 | 31.12.2024 |
| Provisions for loan impairment and guarantees | | |
| Impairment provisions, beginning of year | 3,058 | 3,208 |
| Impairment provisions and reversals | 165 | (148) |
| Impairment provisions, end of year | 3,224 | 3,058 |
| - of which impairment provisions for loans and advances etc | 3,224 | 3,058 |
| - of which impairment provisions for loans and advances to banks | 0 | 1 |
| Provisions for guarantees and loan commitments | | |
| Provisions, beginning of year | 302 | 328 |
| Provisions, end of year | 248 | 302 |
| Total provisions | 3,473 | 3,361 |
| Earnings impact | | |
| New impairment provisions and write-offs for the year, net | 185 | (108) |
| Recoveries on loans and advances previously written off | 20 | 40 |
| Total | 165 | (148) |
| Provisions for guarantees and loan commitments | (54) | (26) |
| Total earnings impact | 111 | (175) |

Impairment charges for loans and advances are mainly attributable to:

| Nykredit Bank Group | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| DKK million | | |
| | 31.12.2025 | 31.12.2024 |
| Total provisions for bank loan impairment | | |
| Individual impairment provisions (stage 3) | 2,181 | 2,034 |
| Model-based impairment provisions (stages 1, 2 and 3) | 1,292 | 1,024 |
| - of the above attributable to geopolitical tensions | 476 | 586 |
| Total provisions for bank loan impairment | 3,473 | 3,058 |

¹ Macroeconomic uncertainty and covid-19

Post-model adjustments

Corrections and changes to assumptions in the impairment models are based on management judgement. In 2025, such post-model adjustments totalled DKK 547 million. The underlying reasons, eg economic trends and legal and process-related circumstances in the real estate sector, may generally affect credit risk beyond the outcome derived on the basis of model-based impairments.

Local geographical conditions, internal process risk and ongoing monitoring of the loan portfolio may also reflect conditions which macroeconomic projections cannot capture. The estimates are adjusted and evaluated on a regular basis, and it is decided on an individual basis whether to phase out or incorporate an estimate into the models, if necessary. The chart outlines the post-model adjustments made.

At the end of 2025, another DKK 460 million was added to the impairment models as in-model adjustments (IMA), where exposed sectors are stressed due to geopolitical tensions and trade wars, resulting in a change of stage.

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| | DKK million | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Nykredit Bank Group | 31.12.2025 | 31.12.2024 |
| Specific macroeconomic risks and process-related circumstances | | |
| Agriculture | 2 | 16 |
| Geopolitical tensions | 16 | 17 |
| Concentration risks in loan portfolios | 180 | 119 |
| Total macroeconomic risks | 198 | 152 |
| Process-related | 6 | 39 |
| ESG | 106 | 81 |
| Haircuts | 33 | 26 |
| Other (outcomes of controlling, haircuts etc) | 204 | 196 |
| Total process-related circumstances | 349 | 342 |
| Total post-model adjustments | 547 | 494 |

| | DKK million | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Nykredit Bank Group | 31.12.2025 | 31.12.2024 |
| Specific macroeconomic risks: In-model adjustments | | |
| Geopolitical tensions and trade wars | 460 | 569 |
| Total in-model adjustments | 460 | 569 |

Expectations for macroeconomic models

Nykredit's impairment model calculations include forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios. The scenarios reflect uncertainties relating to the economy and include both improved and deteriorating outlooks. The scenarios were updated at the end of 2025 to reflect updated macroeconomic conditions and other resulting market conditions that are expected to impact, and partly already have impacted, the economy.

The main scenario carries a 60% weighting. The main scenario used for the impairment models implies expected GDP growth of 2.0% and house price rises of 3.6% in 2026.

The adverse scenario was included in the models with a weighting of 20%. This scenario implies expected GDP decrease of 1.8% and house price decreases of 6.2% in 2026.

The improved scenario carries a 20% weighting and is based on the macroeconomic conditions observed at the date of this report. This scenario uses realised levels of interest rates, GDP, house prices and unemployment.

Based on these weightings, impairment provisions totalled DKK 3,473 million as at 31 December 2025 (end of 2024: DKK 3,361 million).

If the main scenario carried a 100% weighting, total impairment provisions would decrease by DKK 43 million. Compared with the main scenario, total impairment provisions would rise by DKK 1,691 million if the adverse scenario carried a 100% weighting.

The change reflects a transfer of exposures from stage 1 to stage 2 (strong) and stage 2 (weak), resulting in increased expected credit losses. If the weighting of the improved scenario was 100%, total impairment provisions would decrease by DKK 352 million.

A significant part of the sensitivities to macroeconomic scenarios is related to the assessment of exposed sectors. Focus is currently on customers in manufacturing, construction, rental, trade as well as accommodation and food service. If the adverse scenario carried a 100% weighting, the impairment level of such customers would increase by DKK 1,499 million. If the weighting of the improved scenario was 100%, total impairment provisions of such customers would be reduced by DKK 290 million. These sensitivities form part of the sensitivities mentioned above.

The general macroeconomic situation is monitored by Nykredit's scenario experts, who regularly assess the need for calculation updates based on input concerning relief packages, government aid initiatives and overall international economic trends.

NOTES

Nykredit Bank Group

Counterparty risk

Nykredit applies financial instruments, such as interest rate derivatives and repurchase agreements (repo transactions), for serving customers. Liquidity and market risks are also managed internally by Nykredit using financial instruments.

Counterparty risk is defined as the risk that Nykredit incurs a loss due to a counterparty defaulting on its obligations in an agreement concerning financial instruments. The level of counterparty risk is driven by the market value of the financial instruments, the collateral provided, and the probability of counterparty default.

Nykredit mitigates counterparty risk through financial netting agreements where the value of obligations to each counterparty is determined as an aggregate amount, and only net amounts are exchanged. In addition, it is a requirement that agreements on loss limits and collateral are entered into with the counterparty. Nykredit's contractual framework is based on market standards such as ISDA, ISMA or CSA. When clearing swaps and repo transactions with professional and institutional counterparties, Nykredit uses a central counterparty (CCP). The CCP assumes the trading obligations of one or more counterparties and performs cross-counterparty netting to reduce the aggregate counterparty risk (novation).

Risk exposure amount (REA) for counterparty risk after netting and collateral was DKK 6.2 billion at the end of 2025. REA derives from exposures to derivatives and repo transactions. Most derivatives are cleared through a central counterparty (CCP), and counterparty risk relating to derivatives is therefore reduced considerably.

Value adjustment of derivatives

Nykredit makes fair value adjustments of derivatives, including credit valuation adjustments (CVA) and funding valuation adjustments (FVA), in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). This includes individual value adjustments of customers showing objective evidence of credit impairment, CVA based on customers' current credit quality as well as management judgement.

The Danish FSA has encouraged the adoption of a prudent approach to the assessment of customers with swap contracts. This means that swap contracts with customers showing objective evidence of credit impairment (exposures in default) are value adjusted in full, whether or not these customers still make timely payments to Nykredit.

Market risk

Nykredit Bank assumes various market risks through its business activities. Market risk is the risk of loss as a result of movements in financial markets and includes interest rate, yield spread, foreign exchange, equity price and volatility risks.

Market risk in Nykredit Bank consists of positions in the trading books and the banking books, depending on the purpose of the relevant position. Portfolios with positions held for trading are placed in the trading book and mainly consist of covered bonds. Positions forming part of Nykredit Bank's lending business are placed in the banking book.

Market risk is further divided into general market risk, which means risk that affects the financial markets in general, and specific risk, which is the risk related to one individual issuer of securities. This distinction is applied in the day-to-day risk management as well as in the determination of risk exposures involving market risk used for the capital adequacy purposes.

Market risk mainly arises in connection with securities trading for customers in Nykredit Markets as well as swap and money market transactions. The Bank also assumes market risk in connection with placement of its own portfolio. This mainly involves interest rate risk and yield spread risk. Market risks in the Bank's subsidiaries are either negligible or hedged with the Bank as counterparty.

Nykredit Bank's market risk is determined for two purposes:

- Day-to-day management of all positions involving market risk
- Determination of REA for market risk for use in the determination of capital adequacy.

Market risk is generally managed based on the Board's market risk policy and the accompanying guidelines, which include specific limits to the different types of risk in the trading book as well as the banking book.

The main principle of the policy is that the probability of losses from market risk exposures exceeding Nykredit's expected quarterly results must be low. This is monitored daily, for instance by measuring budgeted quarterly results against the estimated losses of a number of stress scenarios that may, with some probability, occur in the trading book as well as the banking book.

In addition to the market risk policy, Nykredit's Board of Directors has laid down guidelines for market risk in the trading and banking books, respectively, which are used in day-to-day market risk management. In accordance with these guidelines, the Executive Board delegates specific risk limits for the different types of market risk to the Group companies through the Asset/Liability Committee.

Compliance with the risk limits set out in the guidelines is monitored daily and independently of the acting entities of the Group. Any breaches are reported to the Asset/Liability Committee, the Board of Directors of Nykredit Bank or other levels of management depending on the nature of such breach.

NOTES

Nykredit Bank Group

Day-to-day market risk management

The day-to-day determination, management and reporting of market risk take place by combining statistical models, stress tests, key figures and various subjective assessments.

Traditional risk measures, such as interest rate, yield spread, equity price, foreign exchange and volatility risks, are monitored using portfolio sensitivity tests. They are used to calculate the effect on the value of a portfolio in case of changing market conditions. This could be an increase or a decrease in interest rates, yield spreads, equity prices or volatilities. Calculations are only made for one type of risk at a time.

Traditional risk measures do not indicate how likely a particular event is to occur, but exclusively how much the event, viewed in isolation, would affect the value of a portfolio. In the day-to-day management of the market risk of Nykredit's trading book, Nykredit therefore uses Value-at-Risk models for calculating one overall risk metric covering most of the trading book positions. Value-at-Risk captures Nykredit's maximum potential losses in one day at a probability of 99%. The model allows for the effect and probability of several risks occurring at the same time.

Interest rate risk

Nykredit Bank's interest rate risk is the risk of loss as a result of interest rate changes. Nykredit Bank's interest rate risk is measured as the change in the market value of Nykredit Bank's portfolios that would result from a general interest rate increase of 1 percentage point.

The net interest rate exposure in the trading book was DKK 105 million at the end of 2025 and the interest rate risk in the banking book was DKK 61 million.

Yield spread risk

Yield spread risk is the risk of loss as a result of spreads between individual bonds and general interest rate levels widening by 1 percentage point. In historical terms, spread widening of 1 percentage point is less frequent than a general interest rate rise of 1 percentage point.

The yield spread risk on the Bank's trading portfolio of covered bonds amounted to DKK 324 million and approximately DKK 14 million on the portfolio of corporate bonds at the end of 2025. In the banking book the yield spread risk amounted to DKK 276 million at the end of 2025.

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk of loss as a result of changes in equity prices and is measured as the market value exposure of the portfolio. Nykredit Bank's net equity price risk in the trading portfolio was DKK 46 million at the end of 2025. In the banking book the equity price risk amounted to DKK 4 million at the end of 2025, which is composed of strategic equity positions.

DKK million

| Nykredit Bank Group | 2025 | 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------|
| Interest rate risk, trading book | 105 | 74 |
| Interest rate risk (DKK) | 282 | 21 |
| Interest rate risk (EUR) | (190) | 57 |
| Interest rate risk (other currencies in total) | 13 | (4) |
| Yield spread risk, trading book | | |
| Mortgage and other covered bonds | 324 | 407 |
| Government bonds | 35 | 79 |
| Corporate bonds | 14 | 14 |
| Market value of equity portfolios, trading book | 46 | 12 |

NOTES

Nykredit Bank Group

Interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB)

Two regulatory metrics are used to manage IRRBB: Economic Value of Equity (EVE) and Net Interest Income (NII), expressing potential losses in terms of value adjustments and earnings impact, respectively, as a result of different interest rate change scenarios. At the end of 2025, EVE came to a potential loss of DKK 214 million under the scenario where short-term interest rates go up. Under this scenario, interest rates are stressed between 0 and 2.45 percentage points, depending on maturities, where short-term maturities are subjected to a more severe stress. NII was a potential loss of DKK 979 million under the parallel down interest rate shock scenario where yield curves are reduced by 2% at all points.

Other market risks

Besides the market risks addressed above, Nykredit is exposed to foreign exchange risk and volatility risk. These risks only make up a minor amount of Nykredit Bank's total market risk exposure.

Nykredit hedges its foreign exchange risk and only has minor tactical foreign exchange positions held to achieve a gain.

The market value of options and financial instruments with embedded options, such as callable covered bonds, partly depends on the expected market volatility. Volatility risk is the risk of loss as a result of changes in market expectations for future volatility. Volatility risk is measured as the change in market value resulting from an increase in volatility of 1 percentage point.

Volatility risk is determined for all financial instruments with embedded options and is managed by means of limits. The risk is low and stems mainly from the portfolio of Danish callable covered bonds, but also from other interest rate and equity derivatives.

REA for market risk

Nykredit Bank A/S has the approval of the Danish FSA to apply a VaR model in determining REA for general market risk in the trading book. The confidence level of the VaR model is 99%, and the time horizon for calculating statutory REA is 10 days. The model results are backtested on a daily basis against actual realised returns on the trading portfolios to ensure that the model results are reliable and correct at any time.

The VaR model is based on historical financial market data on relevant risk factors. As the current conditions in financial markets do not always correspond to the historical conditions (for instance during a financial crisis), the additional REA resulting from stressed VaR is added to the REA resulting from the current VaR. The stressed VaR is also calculated by using the regular VaR model on the trading book positions.

Risk exposures are calculated as the sum of the individual calculations, comprising general risk from the VaR model, as well as specific risk and general risk under the standardised approach. The total REA from VaR was DKK 1.3 billion at the end of 2025, while stressed VaR accounted for DKK 5.7 billion. REA for market risk was DKK 10.9 billion at the end of 2025.

| Nykredit Bank Group | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| DKK million | 2025 | 2024 |
| Internal models (VaR) | 6,938 | 8,412 |
| Standardised approach | 3,962 | 4,276 |
| Total market risk exposure | 10,900 | 12,687 |

NOTES

Nykredit Bank Group

Liquidity risk

Nykredit Bank's liquidity risk is the risk that the Bank is unable to fulfil its financial obligations and meet regulatory requirements and rating criteria in the short, medium and long term. Liquidity risk is also the risk of funding shortages preventing the Bank from pursuing the adopted business model, or the risk that the Bank's costs of raising liquidity become prohibitive.

Nykredit Bank funds its lending by deposits but raises additional market funding to ensure compliance of regulatory requirements and sufficient liquidity to be able to provide financing for customers and the Bank's other business activities.

The composition of liquidity and funding is much affected by regulatory requirements and rating criteria. Nykredit Bank therefore has a strong focus on existing and future requirements, including the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR), Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities (MREL) and Supervisory Diamond benchmarks.

The stock of liquid assets ensures that the Bank has a sufficiently large liquidity buffer of unencumbered securities for cash flows driven by customer behaviour, current costs and maturing market funding.

The Bank's liquid assets are mainly liquid Danish and other European government and covered bonds. These securities are recognised in the balance sheet as bonds at fair value and, in a liquid repo market, they are eligible as collateral with other banks and with the Danish or other European central banks and thus directly exchangeable into liquidity. To this should be added a small portfolio of money market deposits, equities and corporate bonds.

Liquidity policy and liquidity management guidelines

The liquidity policy is laid down by the Board of Directors and defines Nykredit Bank's overall risk appetite, liquidity risk profile and funding structure.

In addition to the liquidity policy, Nykredit Bank's Board of Directors has laid down guidelines on the day-to-day liquidity management. In accordance with the guidelines provided by the Board of Directors, the Executive Board delegates limits for liquidity management to the Bank through the Asset/Liability Committee.

The guidelines provide limits for Nykredit Bank's day-to-day liquidity management and for short-term, medium-term and long-term management. Limits have also been set for the composition of the stock of liquid assets, the LCR, the loan portfolio, the use and diversification of funding sources, the Supervisory Diamond benchmarks and leverage.

Nykredit annually prepares a report on the Internal Liquidity Adequacy Assessment Process (ILAAP), which is submitted to the Boards of Directors of Nykredit Realkredit, Totalkredit and Nykredit Bank for their approval and to the Danish FSA for its assessment.

The Board of Directors and the Nykredit Realkredit Group's Asset/Liability Committee monitor the development in the Bank's liquidity on a current basis. The Bank manages the day-to-day liquidity risk.

The Board of Directors has considered and approved the liquidity contingency plan for responding to situations such as a liquidity crisis or situations where the Bank is unable to comply with the liquidity policy and the liquidity management guidelines laid down by the Board of Directors. The liquidity contingency plan must be endorsed by the Asset/Liability Committee, which also decides whether to initiate the plan. The liquidity contingency plan is considered and approved by the Board of Directors at least once a year.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)

The regulatory LCR requirement is used to assess Nykredit Bank's short-term liquidity risk. The LCR reflects the proportion of liquid assets relative to net cash outflows over a 30-day period and must be at least 100%.

Under the LCR rules, the Bank must hold liquid assets adequate to withstand a liquidity stress for a period of at least 30 days.

At the end of 2025, the Bank's LCR was 223% and the excess liquidity coverage totalled DKK 37.6 billion.

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR)

The regulatory requirement of NSFR, among other things, is used to assess Nykredit Bank's long-term liquidity risk. The purpose of the requirement is to ensure that credit institutions apply sufficiently stable, long-term funding when issuing loans. The NSFR is the ratio of an institution's amount of available stable funding to the amount of its required stable funding. To meet the NSFR requirement, this ratio must be at least 100%. The level of stable funding is calculated by weighting assets according to their liquidity and maturity. Funding with times-to-maturity of more than one year is considered more stable than other types of funding.

At the end of 2025, the NSFR was 137% compared with 142% at the end of 2024.

NOTES

Nykredit Bank Group

NON-FINANCIAL RISKS

Nykredit Bank is exposed to a number of risks arising from internal or external factors that affect the core tasks, processes and regulatory obligations of the business. These risks are referred to as non-financial risks and can be divided into operational risk, IT risk, conduct risk, model risk, data quality risk and compliance risk.

Nykredit monitors and manages non-financial risks as part of its day-to-day operations, keeping non-financial risks low relative to the Group's financial risks. The responsibility for the day-to-day management of non-financial risks is decentralised and lies with the individual business divisions, which may change and reduce non-financial risks as part of their day-to-day work.

A number of policies of importance to the Group's non-financial risk management set the limits for the underlying risk appetite. The Boards of Directors of Nykredit receive quarterly reports on the non-financial risk outlook, including compliance with relevant policies.

Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events.

As part of operational risk management, Nykredit Bank is continuously working on identifying significant operational risks. Operational risks are mapped by each business division identifying and assessing its own significant risks on an ongoing basis. Nykredit Bank's risk function holds regular risk meetings with selected business divisions for the purpose of reviewing the divisions' operational risks, and it is assessed whether the risks are adequately managed through controls and other risk-mitigating actions. The business divisions are selected according to a risk-based approach so that divisions with the most significant operational risks are reviewed more often. A minimum of one annual risk meeting will be held for each business division, however.

Moreover, all operational risk events, including operational risk gain events, potential operational loss/gain events and events that did not lead to a loss/gain (near-miss events), are systematically recorded, categorised and reported for the purpose of identifying loss sources and building experience for sharing across the organisation.

Capital requirement for operational risk

Nykredit Bank determines the capital requirement for operational risk using the basic indicator approach, which was adjusted under CRR3. The implementation has led to an increase in REA for operational risk to DKK 15.9 billion in 2025.

Prevention of money laundering, terrorist financing and breaches of financial sanctions

Nykredit Bank is continuously working to strengthen processes, monitoring and controls throughout the Group as an effective safeguard against misuse of the Group's products and services for purposes of money laundering, terrorist financing or breach of financial sanctions.

Activities in this area are based on Nykredit's policy for the area, and responsibility for them has been broadly delegated across the Group. A member of the

Group Executive Board has been charged with delegating and ensuring managerial responsibility and focus on measures to prevent money laundering, terrorist financing and breaches of financial sanctions throughout the Group. The Executive Boards of the other Group companies have each appointed a Chief AML Officer at the executive level. Nykredit Bank also has a Chief Compliance Officer and an AML Responsible Officer covering all relevant Group companies.

Compliance risk

Compliance risk means the risk that legal or regulatory sanctions are imposed on Nykredit Bank or that Nykredit Bank suffers financial losses or reputational damage caused by non-compliance with legislation, market standards or internal rules.

The compliance function is charged with monitoring, assessing and reporting on the adequacy and efficiency of Nykredit Bank's methods and procedures to ensure legal compliance. Each year Compliance performs a risk assessment, identifying the areas to be reviewed in the year to come. Compliance regularly reviews identified compliance risks until mitigated and monitors and assesses the management of any new risks.

IT risk

As a digital company, Nykredit is dependent on its IT solutions for customers and staff being user-friendly, reliable and secure. A breakdown of systems owing to eg cybercrime may cause a financial loss as a result of reputational consequences or loss of business.

IT risk is the risk of a threat exploiting a vulnerability in an IT system or a weakness in a process that supports IT security. Threats can be external or internal and include intentional harmful actions, inappropriate behaviour and human or technical errors.

Cyberthreats against Nykredit and general society are high. It requires a constant effort to avoid incidents. Throughout 2025, Nykredit remained focused on maintaining and further developing a high protection level, including use of advanced security software, enhanced network protection, awareness campaigns, emergency preparedness exercises and optimised processes for efficient handling of security incidents.

Nykredit has outsourced most of the operation of its IT systems, and appropriate processes have been established for follow-up and reporting from suppliers. Furthermore, the IT security area is monitored constantly, and Nykredit participates actively in a wide Danish and international network on IT security through Finance Denmark. An IT security policy has been prepared as well as emergency response plans and business contingency plans.

NOTES

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | DKK million | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|
| 2024 | 2025 | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| | | 2025 | 2024 |
| 47. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) | | | |
| Credit, currency, equity and interest rate risk | | | |
| Credit risk | | | |
| The Group's maximum credit exposure comprises selected balance sheet and off-balance sheet items. | | | |
| Total credit exposure | | | |
| Balance sheet items | | | |
| 27,842 | 26,751 | 26,751 | 27,842 |
| 4,926 | 12,287 | 12,358 | 4,989 |
| 143,315 | 163,443 | 167,480 | 147,305 |
| 41,054 | 45,152 | 54,888 | 50,494 |
| 46,659 | 51,104 | 51,474 | 47,138 |
| 5,390 | 6,364 | 6,561 | 5,604 |
| 50,213 | 60,822 | 54,556 | 44,068 |
| 43,438 | 31,790 | 32,549 | 44,232 |
| 10,170 | 8,366 | 8,548 | 10,331 |
| Off-balance sheet items | | | |
| 26,731 | 28,633 | 28,640 | 26,738 |
| 10,879 | 13,448 | 14,477 | 11,736 |
| Collateral security received | | | |
| Loans, advances and collateral security provided are subject to regular review and, where relevant, Nykredit Bank employs the options available to mitigate the risk relating to its lending activities. Collateral security is mainly obtained in the form of charges over securities and/or tangible assets such as real estate and equipment, but also moveable property and guarantees are included. At end-2021 collateral security excluding guarantees included: | | | |
| 11,669 | 15,612 | 15,612 | 11,669 |
| 10,081 | 10,200 | 10,200 | 10,081 |
| 9,996 | 9,862 | 9,862 | 9,996 |
| 155 | 2 | 2 | 155 |
| 543 | 743 | 743 | 543 |
| 1,899 | 1,281 | 1,281 | 1,899 |

Leasing solutions are essentially secured by Nykredit Leasing's ownership of the leased equipment.

When opening credit lines for financial products, Nykredit Bank will also often require that a contractual basis be established, providing it with a netting option. The contractual basis typically reflects current market standards such as ISDA or GRMA agreements. Except for the netting of repo transactions with one single counterparty and netting of the market values of derivatives through a central clearing house, no set-off has been made of collateral security or netting agreements in the accounting figures presented.

Nykredit Bank only used credit default swap transactions to a negligible extent.

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

47. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Credit, foreign exchange, equity price and interest rate exposures (continued)

Loans, advances, guarantees and provisions by sector

| | Carrying amount | | | Provisions | | | Total |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| | Lending | Guarantees | Total | Proportion, % | Impairment provisions (stages 1-3) | Provisions (stages 1-3) | |
| 31 December 2025 | | | | | | | |
| Public sector | 18 | 195 | 214 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Business customers | | | | | | | |
| Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing | 4,013 | 509 | 4,522 | 2 | 164 | 7 | 171 |
| Manufacturing, mining and quarrying | 20,670 | 2,528 | 23,198 | 12 | 592 | 22 | 614 |
| Energy supply | 9,946 | 1,098 | 11,044 | 6 | 266 | 12 | 278 |
| Construction | 1,731 | 600 | 2,330 | 1 | 103 | 24 | 127 |
| Trade | 13,510 | 1,693 | 15,203 | 8 | 806 | 103 | 908 |
| Transport, accommodation and food service activities | 6,493 | 453 | 6,946 | 4 | 272 | 16 | 288 |
| Information and communication | 5,184 | 331 | 5,515 | 3 | 65 | 3 | 68 |
| Finance and insurance | 61,208 | 830 | 62,038 | 32 | 47 | 1 | 48 |
| Real estate | 13,761 | 2,575 | 16,337 | 8 | 242 | 20 | 262 |
| Other | 11,582 | 1,553 | 13,135 | 7 | 375 | 12 | 386 |
| Total business customers | 148,098 | 12,169 | 160,267 | 82 | 2,930 | 219 | 3,149 |
| Personal customers | 19,364 | 16,275 | 35,639 | 18 | 292 | 29 | 321 |
| Total | 167,480 | 28,640 | 196,120 | 100 | 3,224 | 248 | 3,471 |
| Of which reverse repurchase lending (loans and advances at amortised cost) | 54,655 | - | 54,655 | 28 | - | - | - |
| 31 December 2024 | | | | | | | |
| Public sector | 317 | 189 | 506 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Business customers | | | | | | | |
| Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing | 4,065 | 498 | 4,563 | 3 | 158 | 6 | 165 |
| Manufacturing, mining and quarrying | 16,682 | 3,362 | 20,044 | 12 | 827 | 45 | 871 |
| Energy supply | 6,201 | 522 | 6,723 | 4 | 26 | 2 | 28 |
| Construction | 2,359 | 865 | 3,224 | 2 | 110 | 17 | 127 |
| Trade | 15,380 | 982 | 16,362 | 9 | 747 | 139 | 886 |
| Transport, accommodation and food service activities | 8,177 | 167 | 8,344 | 5 | 302 | 23 | 325 |
| Information and communication | 6,584 | 242 | 6,826 | 4 | 52 | 2 | 54 |
| Finance and insurance | 49,424 | 927 | 50,351 | 29 | 59 | 2 | 60 |
| Real estate | 12,414 | 4,717 | 17,131 | 10 | 268 | 34 | 302 |
| Other | 10,361 | 1,834 | 12,195 | 7 | 193 | 8 | 201 |
| Total business customers | 131,647 | 14,116 | 145,763 | 84 | 2,742 | 278 | 3,019 |
| Personal customers | 15,340 | 12,433 | 27,773 | 16 | 316 | 24 | 340 |
| Total | 147,305 | 26,738 | 174,043 | 100 | 3,058 | 302 | 3,360 |
| Of which reverse repurchase lending (loans and advances at amortised cost) | 44,026 | - | 44,026 | 25 | - | - | - |

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

47. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Bank lending (including repo transactions) by sector and rating category

The rating illustrates the customer's ability to pay, but not the probability of loss.

2025

| Rating category | Manufacturing and construction | Credit and finance | Property management and trade | Transport, trade and accommodation | Other trade and public | Personal customers | Total |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| 10 | 3,461 | 1,042 | 708 | 1,255 | 1,630 | 1,032 | 9,128 |
| 9 | 256 | 723 | 397 | 1,236 | 819 | 1,600 | 5,031 |
| 8 | 836 | 20,449 | 1,042 | 911 | 1,006 | 1,157 | 25,401 |
| 7 | 1,323 | 355 | 2,247 | 1,107 | 1,698 | 804 | 7,535 |
| 6 | 929 | 263 | 2,814 | 1,268 | 1,957 | 3,862 | 11,093 |
| 5 | 580 | 32 | 517 | 480 | 1,398 | 325 | 3,332 |
| 4 | 56 | 35,202 | 2,757 | 521 | 813 | 181 | 39,531 |
| 3 | 472 | 1,468 | 640 | 1,112 | 1,277 | 10,059 | 15,029 |
| 2 | 23,814 | 1,572 | 2,346 | 11,121 | 10,057 | 139 | 49,050 |
| 1 | 274 | 157 | 326 | 1,169 | 245 | 79 | 2,250 |
| 0 | 7 | - | 5 | 2 | 23 | 140 | 177 |
| Exposures in default | 1,298 | (7) | 203 | 898 | 478 | 278 | 3,148 |
| Total | 33,307 | 61,255 | 14,003 | 21,080 | 21,401 | 19,655 | 170,703 |

Bank lending (including repo transactions) by sector and rating category

2024

| Rating category | Manufacturing and construction | Credit and finance | Property management and trade | Transport, trade and accommodation | Other trade and public | Personal customers | Total |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| 10 | 11,543 | 22,942 | 4,517 | 10,591 | 4,057 | 3,803 | 57,453 |
| 9 | 2,598 | 832 | 945 | 3,655 | 1,675 | 2,695 | 12,400 |
| 8 | 4,255 | 613 | 1,913 | 4,032 | 5,571 | 2,098 | 18,481 |
| 7 | 2,058 | 699 | 1,390 | 1,882 | 3,823 | 1,504 | 11,357 |
| 6 | 2,374 | 4,774 | 2,268 | 1,922 | 3,139 | 3,808 | 18,285 |
| 5 | 757 | 5,420 | 377 | 690 | 822 | 564 | 8,630 |
| 4 | 760 | 139 | 249 | 276 | 542 | 234 | 2,199 |
| 3 | 420 | 13,601 | 114 | 312 | 830 | 191 | 15,468 |
| 2 | 101 | 116 | 409 | 53 | 173 | 126 | 978 |
| 1 | 445 | 218 | 134 | 222 | 215 | 113 | 1,347 |
| 0 | 13 | 2 | 11 | 14 | 17 | 178 | 234 |
| Exposures in default | 880 | 128 | 357 | 958 | 866 | 342 | 3,531 |
| Total | 26,204 | 49,483 | 12,683 | 24,606 | 21,730 | 15,656 | 150,363 |

Rating categories include loans, advances and receivables at amortised cost determined before impairments.

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

47. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Loans carrying a reduced interest rate

| Group | 2025 | | 2024 | |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------|--|-----------|--|
| Gross lending | 149 | | 126 | |
| Impairment provisions | 111 | | 106 | |
| Carrying amount | 39 | | 20 | |
| Of which non-accrual | 33 | | 15 | |
| Of which carrying a reduced interest rate | 5 | | 5 | |

| Provisioning rate | 2025 | | | | 2024 | | | |
|----------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Q4/ | Q3/ | Q2/ | Q1/ | Q4/ | Q3/ | Q2/ | Q1/ |
| Group | | | | | | | | |
| Total loans and advances | 167,480 | 163,901 | 160,067 | 156,182 | 147,305 | 140,833 | 136,641 | 126,951 |
| Total guarantees | 28,640 | 25,797 | 28,478 | 25,527 | 26,738 | 23,663 | 21,433 | 18,440 |
| Impairment provisions | 3,224 | 3,320 | 3,344 | 3,228 | 3,058 | 3,064 | 2,983 | 3,085 |
| Provisions for guarantees | 248 | 246 | 283 | 292 | 302 | 349 | 376 | 341 |
| Total | 199,591 | 193,263 | 192,173 | 185,229 | 177,403 | 167,910 | 161,434 | 148,818 |
| Provisioning rate, % | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| Provisioning rate excluding guarantees | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.4 |

Secured lending before impairment provisions

| Group | 2025 | | | 2024 | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | Public sector | Personal customers | Business customers | Public sector | Personal customers | Business customers |
| Unsecured lending | 19 | 4,285 | 67,656 | 314 | 3,375 | 58,432 |
| Lending secured by way of legal charge or other collateral security: | | | | | | |
| Fully secured | 0 | 8,615 | 59,686 | 2 | 6,401 | 50,364 |
| Partially secured | 0 | 3,312 | 19,869 | 1 | 5,844 | 22,573 |
| Total lending after impairment provisions | 19 | 16,212 | 147,211 | 317 | 15,619 | 131,369 |

The above table includes the Nykredit Bank Group's loans and advances at amortised cost. The determination is based on official Danish sector codes and is therefore not a reflection of Nykredit Bank's business segments. Of total impairment provisions approximately DKK 0.0 billion, or 1 % (2024: around 2%), is attributable to exposures to customers whose severe financial positions have led to bankruptcy, bankruptcy proceedings or compulsory dissolution. Loans are impaired if a customer is deemed to be in serious financial difficulty, or forbearance has been granted as a result of financial difficulty. When assessing whether loans are impaired, factors such as non-performance of contractual obligations and personal circumstances such as divorce, unemployment or long-term illness are taken into consideration.

NOTES

| Nykredit Bank A/S | | DKK million | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| | | Nykredit Bank Group | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 47. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) | | | |
| Foreign exchange risk | | | |
| 49,292 | 34,186 | Total foreign exchange assets | 49,292 |
| | | Of which | |
| 44,205 | 30,063 | - receivables with credit institutions, loans and advances, securities etc | 44,205 |
| 5,087 | 4,123 | - interest receivable and positive market value of financial instruments | 5,087 |
| 84,530 | 68,586 | Total foreign exchange liabilities | 84,530 |
| | | Of which | |
| 49,923 | 35,684 | - payables to credit institutions, deposits, bond in issue etc | 49,923 |
| 34,607 | 32,902 | - interest payable and negative market value of financial instruments | 34,607 |
| 494.8 | 307.6 | Exchange rate indicator 1 (DKK million) | 494.8 |
| 1.3 | 0.8 | Exchange rate indicator 1 as % of Tier 1 capital after deductions | 1.3 |
| 0.4 | 1.9 | Exchange rate indicator 2 (DKK million) | 0.4 |
| Interest rate risk by the currency involving the highest interest rate exposure | | | |
| 115 | 367 | DKK | 119 |
| 43 | (215) | EUR | 44 |
| (0) | 10 | USD | (0) |
| 2 | 2 | NOK | 2 |
| (4) | 1 | SEK | (4) |
| (0) | 0 | JPY | (0) |
| (1) | 0 | GBP | (1) |
| 1 | 0 | Other currencies | 1 |
| 156 | 166 | Total interest rate exposure of debt instruments etc, end of year | 161 |
| Interest rate exposure measured at a general rise in interest rates of 1 percentage point ranged between a loss of DKK 66 million and a loss of DKK 232 million (2024: between a loss of DKK 51 million and a loss of 245 million). | | | |
| Value-at-Risk | | | |
| 7 | 8 | End of year | 7 |
| 11 | 8 | Average for the year | 11 |
| Value-at-risk ranged between DKK 4 million and DKK 14 million (2024: DKK 6 million and DKK 18 million). Value-at-Risk is a statistical measure of the maximum loss the Bank may incur at a given probability and time horizon. The Bank calculates the key figure subject to a one-tailed confidence level of 99% and a time horizon of one day. | | | |
| (1.3) | (5.6) | Volatility risk | (1.3) |
| The interest rate volatility risk is measured as the change in a market value following a change in volatility of 1 percentage point. | | | |
| 721 | 649 | Yield spread risk | 721 |
| Yield spread risk totalled 649 million at the end of 2025 (2024: DKK 721 million). This figure indicates that a spread widening of 100bp at bank level will trigger a loss of DKK 649 million. | | | |
| 2 | 5 | Equity price risk | 2 |
| Equity price risk has been disclosed as the carrying amount of the Bank's investments in equities, etc. After recognition of derivative financial instruments, the effect of a 10% change amounted to DKK 5 million (2024: DKK 2 million). | | | |
| 229% | 223% | Liquidity risk, Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) | 229% |

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

48. HEDGE ACCOUNTING

The interest rate risk etc relating to fixed-rate assets and liabilities has been hedged on a current basis. The hedge comprises the following:

| 2025 | Nominal/ amortised value | Carrying amount | Fair value ad- justment for ac- counting pur- poses |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Loans, advances and other receivables (interest rate risk) | 46 | 45 | (1) |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Deposits and other payables (interest rate) | 75 | 75 | (0) |
| Derivative financial instruments | | | |
| Interest rate swaps, loans, advances and other receivables | 75 | 1 | 1 |
| Interest rate swaps, deposits and other payables | 75 | 0 | 0 |
| Gain/loss for the year on hedging instruments | | (0) | |
| Gain/loss for the year on hedged items | | 0 | |
| Net gain/loss | | (0) | |
| By time-to-maturity | | | |
| | Up to 1 year | Over 1 year and up to 5 years | Over 5 years |
| Swaps, hedging interest rate risk of financial assets | 25 | 10 | 40 |
| Swaps, hedging interest rate risk of financial liabilities | 75 | - | - |

The figures comprise Nykredit Bank A/S and the Nykredit Bank Group as these values are identical.

Interest rate swaps, credit derivatives are included in the balance sheet items "Other assets" (positive market value) or "Other liabilities" (negative market value).

It is the Group's strategy to apply derivative financial instruments to hedge the interest rate risk of fixed-rate financial assets and liabilities, except for the interest rate risk of short-term loans, advances and deposits and to hedge close to 100%. This enables the Group to manage the level of its aggregate interest rate sensitivity taking into consideration the expected interest rate development. When the deposit rate is tied to an equity index, risk is managed using equity derivatives. The average fixed rate of derivatives hedging financial assets and liabilities, respectively, is 1.77% or 5.2%.

The financial assets and liabilities that qualify as eligible hedged items are monitored on a current basis. These items may be included either as individual items or portfolios of assets and liabilities. Both are used for hedge accounting. Nykredit Bank's fixed-rate loans and fixed-rate deposits are grouped into portfolios. These include portfolios of loans, advances, deposits and other payables of a uniform risk level and are hedged using derivative financial instruments with similar characteristics (such as interest rate). Bonds in issue are hedged separately using interest rate swaps with characteristics similar to the bonds.

Hedge effectiveness is monitored daily. Effectiveness tests monitor that movements in market values of the hedged item and the hedging instrument are within a range of 80-125%. If the effectiveness test indicates undesired ineffectiveness, hedge adjustments are made. Ineffectiveness may typically arise in periods when market values are very low compared with the size of the portfolios. Moreover, ineffectiveness may arise in case of eg unexpected market movements or in case a counterparty terminates or prepays a hedged financial instrument. In this case, the swap portfolio hedging the deposits and loans and advances in question will be adjusted. Changes at the swap counterparty may also lead to some ineffectiveness.

According to reporting provisions, loans, advances and deposits must generally be measured at amortised cost, while derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value. To obtain accounting symmetry between hedging and hedged transactions, adjustment for accounting purposes of the financial assets and liabilities that form part of an effective hedge accounting has been allowed. The fair value adjustment exclusively concerns the hedged part (eg the interest rate exposure). Reference is made to notes 44 and 45, which show offsetting and maturities relating to derivative financial instruments as well as "Hedge accounting" in accounting policies.

NOTES

DKK million

Nycredit Bank Group

48. HEDGE ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

| | Nominal/ amortised value | Carrying amount | Fair value ad- justment for ac- counting pur- poses |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2024 | | | |
| Assets | | | |
| Loans, advances and other receivables (interest rate risk) | 101 | 100 | (1) |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Deposits and other payables (interest rate) | 75 | 76 | (2) |
| Derivative financial instruments | | | |
| Interest rate swaps, loans, advances and other receivables | 43 | 1 | 1 |
| Interest rate swaps, deposits and other payables | 75 | 2 | 2 |
| Gain/loss for the year on hedging instruments | | (0) | |
| Gain/loss for the year on hedged items | | 0 | |
| Net gain/loss | | (1) | |

NOTES

Nykredit Bank Group

48. HEDGE ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (amendment to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7)

In 2025 the Nykredit Group finished the process of transitioning and phasing-out of a number of interest rate benchmarks.

The transition has not had a significant earnings impact. The transition has generally had two effects: market value changes as a consequence of the new risk-free rates (RFRs) and settlement of compensation with counterparties. The effects have generally offset each other, which has resulted in a low earnings impact.

Otherwise, the transition has not had a noticeable impact on the Group's hedging of interest rate risk for accounting purposes

NOTES

DKK million

Nycredit Bank Group

48. HEDGE ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

| Hedging derivative | Nominal amount | Carrying amount assets | Carrying amount liabilities | P&L effect (hedge ineffectiveness) |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Interest rate swaps the end of 2025 | | | | |
| Cibor | 75 | | | |
| Euribor | 75 | | | |
| Total 2025 | 150 | 45 | 75 | (0) |
| Total 2024 | 118 | 100 | 76 | (1) |
| Swaps: Carrying amount by time-to-maturity | | | | |
| | | 2025 | 2024 | |
| Up to 1 year | | 1 | - | |
| Over 1 year and up to 5 years | | 0 | 3 | |
| Over 5 years | | 1 | (0) | |
| Total | | 2 | 2 | |

NOTES

DKK million

Nycredit Bank Group

49. CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

| | Financial items at amortised cost 2025 | Financial items at fair value 2025 | Financial items at amortised cost 2024 | Financial items at fair value 2024 |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Assets | | | | |
| Receivables from credit institutions and central banks | 39,109 | - | 32,831 | - |
| Loans and advances etc | 167,480 | - | 147,305 | - |
| Bonds and equities | - | 32,655 | - | 44,308 |
| Positive market value of derivatives | - | 4,409 | - | 6,196 |
| Interest receivable etc | 347 | 1,139 | 207 | 948 |
| Total | 206,935 | 38,203 | 180,342 | 51,452 |
| Liabilities and equity | | | | |
| Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 33,907 | - | 40,183 | - |
| Deposits and other payables | 147,424 | - | 124,921 | - |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | 5,876 | - | 13,759 | - |
| Other non-derivative financial liabilities at fair value | - | 9,774 | - | 9,407 |
| Negative market value of derivatives | - | 4,514 | - | 5,040 |
| Interest etc payable | 115 | 966 | 216 | 567 |
| Total | 187,323 | 15,254 | 179,079 | 15,014 |

NOTES

Nykredit Bank Group

50. OTHER INFORMATION

EVENTS SINCE THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

No events have occurred in the period up to the presentation of the Annual Report for 2025 which materially affect Nykredit Bank's financial position on the balance sheet date.

After the balance sheet date, a merger plan relating to the merger between Nykredit Bank A/S and the wholly owned subsidiary Nykredit Leasing A/S was approved. The merger will be finally adopted on 23 February, with Nykredit Bank A/S as the continuing company.

In addition, the approval process relating to the merger between Nykredit Bank A/S and Spar Nord Bank A/S has been initiated. The merger will be finally adopted on 2 April with Nykredit Bank A/S as the continuing company. According to our accounting policies, intercompany mergers are carried out using the uniting-of-interests method and with accounting effect from 1 January 2026.

These events have no impact on the assessment of the Annual Report for 2025.

NOTES

Nykredit Bank Group

51. FINANCIAL RATIOS, DEFINITIONS

FINANCIAL RATIOS

Return on equity before tax, %

Return on equity after tax, %

Income/cost ratio

Interest rate exposure, %

Foreign exchange position, %

Foreign exchange exposure, %

Loans and advances/equity (loan gearing)

Growth in loans and advances for the year, %

Loans and advances/deposits

Loans and advances/equity

Growth in loans and advances excluding repo transactions, %

Excess coverage/statutory liquidity requirements, %

Total large exposures, %

Impairment charges for the year, %

Return on capital employed, %

FINANCIAL RATIOS – CAPITAL AND CAPITAL ADEQUACY

Total capital ratio, %

Tier 1 capital ratio, %

Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio, %

OTHER FINANCIAL RATIOS IN MANAGEMENT COMMENTARY AND IN NOTE 5

Profit (loss) for the year as % pa of average equity*

Costs as % of income

DEFINITION

The sum of profit (loss) before tax as a % of average equity

The sum of profit (loss) after tax as a % of average equity

Total income divided by total costs less tax

Interest rate exposure divided by Tier 1 capital.

Exchange rate indicator 1 at end of year divided by Tier 1 capital

Exchange rate indicator 2 divided by Tier 1 capital

The sum of loans and advances at fair value and loans and advances at amortised cost divided by equity at the end of the year

Loans and advances at the end of the year divided by loans and advances at the beginning of the year

Loans and advances plus impairment provisions divided by deposits. Loans and advances include loans and advances at fair value and loans and advances at amortised cost

Loans and advances divided by equity (end of year/period). Loans and advances include loans and advances at fair value and loans and advances at amortised cost

Growth in loans and advances from the beginning of the year to the end of the year/period (loans and advances at the beginning of the year divided by loans and advances at the end of the year/period)

Excess coverage relative to the 10% requirement of section 152 of the Danish Financial Business Act (Available excess liquidity relative to 10% of reduced payables). (Reduced payables include balance sheet total plus guarantees etc less equity less subordinated debt)

Total large exposures divided by eligible capital

Impairment charges for the year divided by loans and advances plus guarantees plus impairment provisions

Profit (loss) for the year divided by total assets

DEFINITION

Own funds divided by the risk exposure amount

Tier 1 capital divided by the risk exposure amount

Common Equity Tier 1 capital divided by the risk exposure amount

DEFINITION

Profit (loss) for the year divided by average equity

Costs divided by income

* Equity is calculated as a five-quarter average.

NOTES

DKK million

| Nykredit Bank Group | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 52. FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS | | | | | |
| Summary income statement | | | | | |
| Net interest income | 3,971 | 4,233 | 4,425 | 2,130 | 1,488 |
| Net fee income etc | 5,250 | 2,647 | 2,459 | 2,780 | 2,825 |
| Net interest and fee income | 9,221 | 6,880 | 6,884 | 4,910 | 4,313 |
| Value adjustments | 1,093 | 835 | 891 | 2,029 | 1,628 |
| Other operating income | 441 | 268 | 127 | 76 | 397 |
| Staff and administrative expenses | 5,894 | 3,498 | 3,290 | 3,052 | 2,863 |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment charges for property, plant and equipment as well as intangible assets | 45 | 41 | 41 | 39 | 34 |
| Other operating expenses | (0) | 39 | 31 | 31 | 30 |
| Impairment charges for loans, advances and receivables etc | 111 | (175) | 62 | 396 | (120) |
| Profit (loss) from investments in associates and Group enterprises | 6 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 6 |
| Profit before tax | 4,711 | 4,585 | 4,484 | 3,504 | 3,537 |
| Tax | 1,151 | 1,127 | 1,116 | 758 | 733 |
| Profit for the period | 3,560 | 3,457 | 3,367 | 2,746 | 2,804 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | |
| Other comprehensive income | - | - | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive income for the year | 3,560 | 3,457 | 3,367 | 2,746 | 2,804 |
| SUMMARY BALANCE SHEET, END OF PERIOD | 31.12.2025 | 31.12.2024 | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2022 | 31.12.2021 |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Cash balances and receivables from credit institutions and central banks | 39,109 | 32,831 | 40,276 | 39,473 | 27,134 |
| Loans, advances and other receivables at amortised cost | 167,480 | 147,305 | 128,340 | 124,705 | 125,413 |
| Bonds and equities etc | 32,655 | 44,308 | 49,499 | 57,818 | 40,029 |
| Remaining assets | 22,267 | 21,667 | 18,452 | 15,133 | 22,814 |
| Total assets | 261,510 | 246,110 | 236,568 | 237,129 | 215,390 |
| Liabilities and equity | | | | | |
| Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 33,907 | 40,183 | 44,960 | 50,660 | 52,833 |
| Deposits and other payables | 147,424 | 124,921 | 119,951 | 113,691 | 100,275 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | 5,876 | 13,759 | 8,050 | 11,670 | 4,415 |
| Other non-derivative financial liabilities at fair value | 9,774 | 9,407 | 11,033 | 12,738 | 13,613 |
| Remaining liabilities | 19,640 | 16,697 | 14,870 | 14,087 | 10,711 |
| Provisions | 935 | 891 | 896 | 764 | 687 |
| Subordinated debt | - | - | - | - | 2,000 |
| Equity | 43,954 | 40,253 | 36,808 | 33,518 | 30,856 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 261,510 | 246,110 | 236,568 | 237,129 | 215,390 |
| OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS | | | | | |
| Contingent liabilities | 28,640 | 26,738 | 23,020 | 28,704 | 28,225 |
| Other commitments | 14,477 | 11,736 | 12,955 | 11,441 | 13,847 |

The financial ratios, exclusive of "Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio, %" (see note 4), have been calculated in accordance with the Danish FSA's guidelines for reporting purposes.

NOTES

| Nykredit Bank Group | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 52. FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED) | | | | | |
| FINANCIAL RATIOS¹ | | | | | |
| Total capital ratio, % | 33.7 | 27.8 | 27.4 | 24.4 | 22.2 |
| Tier 1 capital ratio, % | 33.7 | 27.8 | 27.4 | 24.0 | 21.7 |
| Return on equity before tax, % | 10.8 | 11.9 | 12.8 | 10.9 | 12.4 |
| Return on equity after tax, % | 8.2 | 9.0 | 9.6 | 8.5 | 9.8 |
| Income/cost ratio | 1.78 | 2.35 | 2.31 | 2.00 | 2.26 |
| Interest rate exposure, % | 0.31 | 0.32 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.20 |
| Foreign exchange position, % | 0.7 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 0.8 |
| Foreign exchange exposure, % | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans and advances/deposits | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| Loans and advances/equity (loan gearing) | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.1 |
| Growth in loans and advances for the period, excluding repo transactions, % | 3.1 | 9.4 | 8.8 | 16.4 | 4.7 |
| Liquidity Coverage Ratio, % ² | 223.0 | 229.0 | 191.0 | 205.0 | 213.0 |
| Large exposures, % ² | 114.1 | 120.6 | 108.4 | 115.9 | 132.9 |
| Impairment charges for the year, % | 0.1 | (0.1) | 0.0 | 0.3 | (0.1) |
| Return on capital employed, % | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Average number of staff, full-time equivalent | 1,171 | 1,029 | 1,022 | 1,021 | 974 |

¹ Financial ratios are based on the Danish FSA's definitions and guidelines. Definitions appear from note 51 in the Annual Report.

² The benchmark "Large exposures" was changed in 2018 and now shows the 20 largest exposures relative to Common Equity Tier 1 capital.

NOTES

DKK million

| Nykredit Bank A/S | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 52. FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED) | | | | | |
| Summary income statement | | | | | |
| Net interest income | 3,805 | 4,018 | 4,196 | 1,958 | 1,319 |
| Net fee income etc | 3,702 | 1,215 | 1,263 | 1,626 | 1,770 |
| Net interest and fee income | 7,507 | 5,233 | 5,459 | 3,583 | 3,089 |
| Value adjustments | 1,090 | 834 | 889 | 2,039 | 1,613 |
| Other operating income | 451 | 279 | 121 | 54 | 372 |
| Staff and administrative expenses | 5,252 | 2,875 | 2,728 | 2,534 | 2,360 |
| Other operating expenses | 1 | 31 | 30 | 30 | 29 |
| Impairment charges for loans, advances and receivables etc | 113 | (228) | 52 | 370 | (131) |
| Profit (loss) from investments in associates and Group enterprises | 545 | 578 | 546 | 514 | 526 |
| Profit before tax | 4,227 | 4,247 | 4,205 | 3,255 | 3,342 |
| Tax | 881 | 901 | 903 | 569 | 584 |
| Profit for the period | 3,346 | 3,346 | 3,303 | 2,686 | 2,759 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | | |
| Other comprehensive income | - | - | - | - | - |
| Comprehensive income for the year | 3,346 | 3,346 | 2,686 | 2,759 | 1,610 |
| SUMMARY BALANCE SHEET, END OF PERIOD | 31.12.2025 | 31.12.2024 | 31.12.2023 | 31.12.2022 | 31.12.2021 |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Cash balances and receivables from credit institutions and central banks | 39,038 | 32,768 | 40,238 | 39,287 | 26,912 |
| Loans, advances and other receivables at amortised cost | 163,443 | 143,315 | 124,387 | 120,905 | 123,816 |
| Bonds and equities etc | 31,879 | 43,498 | 48,633 | 56,874 | 38,572 |
| Investments in associates and Group enterprises | 2,718 | 2,708 | 2,637 | 2,733 | 2,949 |
| Remaining assets | 21,907 | 21,327 | 18,135 | 14,809 | 22,464 |
| Total assets | 258,984 | 243,616 | 234,031 | 234,608 | 214,714 |
| Liabilities and equity | | | | | |
| Payables to credit institutions and central banks | 33,907 | 40,183 | 44,960 | 50,660 | 52,833 |
| Deposits and other payables | 148,186 | 125,596 | 120,530 | 114,236 | 100,498 |
| Bonds in issue at amortised cost | 3,751 | 11,634 | 5,925 | 9,545 | 4,415 |
| Other non-derivative financial liabilities at fair value | 9,777 | 9,410 | 11,036 | 12,744 | 13,617 |
| Remaining liabilities | 19,111 | 16,132 | 14,266 | 13,499 | 10,138 |
| Provisions | 593 | 572 | 618 | 520 | 469 |
| Subordinated debt | - | - | - | - | 2,000 |
| Equity | 43,659 | 40,089 | 36,696 | 33,404 | 30,743 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 258,984 | 243,616 | 234,031 | 234,608 | 214,714 |
| OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS | | | | | |
| Contingent liabilities | 28,633 | 26,731 | 23,020 | 28,703 | 28,225 |
| Other commitments | 13,448 | 10,879 | 12,445 | 11,030 | 13,642 |

NOTES

| Nykredit Bank A/S | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 52. FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED) | | | | | |
| Financial ratios¹ | | | | | |
| Total capital ratio, % | 34.7 | 26.7 | 26.3 | 23.4 | 22.2 |
| Tier 1 capital ratio, % | 34.7 | 26.7 | 26.3 | 23.0 | 21.7 |
| Return on equity before tax, % | 10.1 | 11.1 | 12.0 | 10.2 | 11.8 |
| Return on equity after tax, % | 8.0 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 8.4 | 9.7 |
| Income/cost ratio | 1.79 | 2.59 | 2.50 | 2.11 | 2.48 |
| Interest rate exposure, % | 0.31 | 0.32 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.20 |
| Foreign exchange position, % | 0.7 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 0.8 |
| Foreign exchange exposure, % | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Loans and advances/deposits | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| Loans and advances/equity (loan gearing) | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| Growth in loans and advances for the period, excluding repo transactions, % | 9.6 | 9.8 | 9.0 | 13.7 | 4.6 |
| Liquidity Coverage Ratio, % ² | 223.0 | 229.0 | 191.0 | 205.0 | 213.0 |
| Large exposures, % ² | 114.1 | 120.6 | 108.3 | 115.7 | 132.3 |
| Impairment charges for the year, % | 0.1 | (0.1) | 0.0 | 0.2 | (0.1) |
| Return on capital employed, % | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| Average number of staff, full-time equivalent | 928 | 767 | 754 | 756 | 705 |

¹ Financial ratios are based on the Danish FSA's definitions and guidelines. Definitions appear from note 51 in the Annual Report.

² The benchmark "Large exposures" was changed in 2018 and now shows the 20 largest exposures relative to Common Equity Tier 1 capital.

NOTES

DKK million

Nykredit Bank Group

53. GROUP STRUCTURE

Name and registered office

| | Owner-ship interest as %, 31 December 2025 | Profit for 2025 | Equity 31 December 2025 | Number of staff in 2025 | Profit for 2024 | Equity 31 December 2024 | Number of staff in 2024 |
|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Nykredit Bank A/S (Parent), Copenhagen, a) | - | 3,346 | 43,659 | 928 | 3,346 | 40,089 | 767 |
| Nykredit Portefølje Administration A/S, Copenhagen, b) | 100 | 104 | 811 | 113 | 154 | 857 | 122 |
| Nykredit Leasing A/S, Copenhagen, c) | 100 | 106 | 1,435 | 57 | 75 | 1,328 | 61 |
| Sparinvest Holdings SE, Luxembourg, d) | 60 | 437 | 107 | 1 | 312 | 143 | 1 |

Geographical distribution of activities

Denmark: Names and activities appear from the Group structure above

Luxembourg: Names and activities appear from the Group structure above

¹ For companies preparing financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act, revenue is defined as interest, fee and commission income and other operating income.0

- a) Bank
- b) Investment management company
- c) Leasing business
- d) Holding company, no independent activities

| Name and registered office | Ownership interest as %, 31 December 2025 | Revenue 2024 | Profit (loss) for 2024 | Assets, 31 December 2024 | Liabilities, 31 December 2024 | Equity, 31 December 2024 | Nykredit's share of profit for the year 2024 | Nykredit's share of equity value, 31 December 2024 | Profit (loss) for 2023 | Equity, 31 December 2023 |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Associates | | | | | | | | | | |
| Core Property Management P/S, Copenhagen, a) | 20 | 139 | 28 | 56 | 6 | 50 | 6 | 10 | 31 | 44 |
| &money ApS, Copenhagen b) | 25 | - | (4) | 23 | 12 | 11 | (1) | 3 | (18) | 15 |

- a) Property company
- b) Fintech company

Nykredit Bank A/S is wholly owned by Nykredit Realkredit A/S and consolidated with Nykredit A/S for accounting purposes, which is consolidated with Forenet Kredit for accounting purposes.

The financial statements of Forenet Kredit (in Danish) and Nykredit A/S are available from:

Nykredit Realkredit A/S
Sundkrogsgade 25
DK-2150 Nordhavn

Management Commentary (continued)

Nykredit Bank Group

Financial calendar for 2026

| | |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4 February | Publication of Annual Reports 2025 and announcements of Financial Statements of the Nykredit Realkredit Group, Totalkredit A/S (in Danish only), the Nykredit Bank Group and Spar Nord Bank. |
| 23 February | Annual General Meeting of Nykredit Bank A/S, Sundkrogsgade 25, 2150 Nordhavn. |
| 7 May | Publication of Q1 Interim Reports 2026 of the Nykredit Realkredit Group. |
| 12 August | Publication of H1 Interim Reports 2026 of the Nykredit Realkredit Group, Totalkredit A/S (in Danish only) and the Nykredit Bank Group. |
| 4 November | Publication of Q1-Q3 Interim Report 2026 of the Nykredit Realkredit Group. |

Management Commentary (continued)

Nykredit Bank Group

Directorships and executive positions

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board form the Nykredit Bank Group's Management.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors meets monthly except in July. Weekly board meetings are held when required for approval of exposures.

The members of Nykredit Bank's Board of Directors appointed by the General Meeting are elected for a term of one year.

The latest ordinary election took place on 20 March 2025. Re-election is not subject to any restrictions.

Staff-elected members of the Board of Directors are elected for a term of four years.

Below, an account is given of the individual member's position, age, gender and years of service on the Board of Directors as well as directorships and executive positions in other Danish and foreign companies as well as major organisational responsibilities.

Michael Rasmussen Chair

Group Chief Executive, Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Date of birth: 13 November 1964
Gender: Male
Joined the Board on 1 April 2014

Managing Director of:
Nykredit A/S
Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Chair of the board of directors of:
Spar Nord Bank A/S*

Totalkredit A/S
Finans Danmark
Impact Fund Denmark
Sparinvest Holdings SE
Sund og Bælt Holding A/S

Member of the board of directors of:
FR I af 16. september 2015 A/S

Member of Investor Board of:
Danish SDG Investment Fund (Verdensmålsfonden)

Anders Jensen Deputy Chair

Group Managing Director, Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Date of birth: 20 January 1965
Gender: Male
Joined the Board on 1 October 2014

Managing Director of:
Nykredit A/S
Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Deputy chair of the board of directors of:
Spar Nord Bank A/S*
Bokis A/S*

Member of the board of directors of:
Bokis A/S**
Foreningen Dansk Skoleskak
Grænsefonden
Niels Brock Copenhagen Business College
Totalkredit A/S

Tonny Thierry Andersen

Group Managing Director, Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Date of birth: 30 September 1964
Gender: Male
Joined the Board on 3 June 2019

Managing Director of:
Nykredit A/S
Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Chair of the board of directors of:
Nykredit Mægler*

Member of the board of directors of:
Spar Nord Bank A/S*

Advisory Board – CIP*

Kathrin Helene Hattens *** Chief Specialist

Date of birth: 8 September 1975
Gender: Female
Joined the Board on 23 March 2023

Member of the board of directors of:
Nykredit A/S
Nykredit Realkredit A/S

David Hellemann

Group Managing Director, Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Date of birth: 5 December 1970
Gender: Male
Joined the Board on 1 September 2016

Managing Director of:
Nykredit A/S
Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Chair of the board of directors of:
BEC Financial Technologies AMBA
Kirstinehøj 17 A/S
Svanemølleholmen Invest A/S

Deputy chair of the board of directors of:
JN Data A/S**

Landsdækkende Banker*
Totalkredit A/S

Member of the board of directors of:
Spar Nord Bank A/S*

Copenhagen Business School Handels-
højskolen
Landsdækkende Banker**

Susanne Møller Nielsen ***
Senior Supporter

Date of birth: 21 May 1962
Gender: Female

Joined the Board on 25 September 2019

Pernille Sindby

Group Managing Director, Nykredit
Realkredit A/S

Date of birth: 20 October 1971
Gender: Female

Joined the Board on 21 March 2024

Managing Director of:
Nykredit A/S
Nykredit Realkredit A/S

Member of the board of directors of:
Sparinvest Holding SE

Spar Nord Bank A/S*
Totalkredit A/S

Nærpension forsikringsformidling A/S**

* Joined in 2025

** Left in 2025

*** Staff-elected member

Executive Board

Below, an account is given of the individual Executive Board member's position, age, years of service on the Board and other executive positions, including in other companies as permitted by the Board of Director pursuant to section 80 of the Danish Financial Business Act.

Carsten Levring Jakobsen*
Managing Director

Date of birth: 31 January 1970
Gender: Male
Joined the Executive Board on 24 June 2025

Deputy Chair of:

Aktieselskabet Skelagervej 15*

Managing Director of:

Spar Nord Bank

Søren Kviesgaard
Managing Director

Date of birth: 12 April 1973
Gender: Male
Joined the Executive Board on 14 November 2023

Directors of:

Aktieselskabet Skelagervej 15*

Managing Director of:

Spar Nord Bank A/S*

Chief Executive Officer of:
SKI3836 Holding ApS

Martin Kudsk Rasmussen*
Managing Director

Date of birth: 24 October 1978

Gender: Male

Joined the Executive Board on 24 June 2025

Managing director of:

Nykredit A/S*

Nykredit Realkredit A/S*

Spar Nord Bank A/S

Chair of the board of directors of:

Nykredit Leasing A/S*

Aktieselskabet Skelagervej 15*

Member of the board of director of:

SNB IV Komplementar ApS

Vækst-Invest Nordjylland A/S

Dan Sørensen
Managing Director

Date of birth: 15 December 1967

Gender: Male

Joined the Executive Board on 1 December 2015

Chair of the board of directors of:
Nykredit Portefølje Administration A/S
Værdipapirfonden NPA**

Directors of:

Aktieselskabet Skelagervej 15*

Managing director of:

Spar Nord Bank A/S*

Deputy chair of the board of directors of:
Danish Finance Institute (DFI)

Member of the board of directors of:
Realkreditrådet**

Member of General Assembly of the European Association of Co-operative Banks (EACB) Executive Committee